## HIGHLAND REGIONAL COUNCIL

Es Carrier S
/2xxx/

## FIELD MONUMENTS

				a market State of		
					1 SITE CODE	2 S W O O 2
ARCHAE	OLOGICAL SITES AND	MONUMEN'	TS_RECORD		H N G 9	2 S W 0 0 2
						0 8 5 CE
			PARISH		6 SITE NAME	<del></del>
	SKYE & LOCHALSH		KINTAIL		D I A R M A I	D S  G R A V E
AREA STATU	S 8 SITE STATUS		9 REGIONAL STATUS		10 GENERIC TYPE	
					BURIAL (VIKING GRAVE?)	
CONCORDAN	Ī .		13 DIMENSIONS		7	
s NG 92 SW 2 STANDING STRUCTURE				•	14 PERIOD/DATE	HE CAYNO HETHOS
MR						15 DATING METHOD
RELATIONSH	IP OF ELEMENTS	17 CONDITIO	DN ON		LM (NOR)	
			INCOMPLETE			
					19 THREAT AND DATE	
			_			
LAND USE	AGE DAGGETTE DAGGET	D 4 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	21 GE	OLOGY		
ENCLO ENCLO	SED PASTURE = ROUGH	PASTURE	45 VE	GETATION		
2 SOILS			23 4 5	SEINION		
HYDRÓLÓGÝ/	DRAINAGE	25 RELIEF			26 ASPECT	27 ALTITUDE
			VALLEY FLOOR		SW	0 = 8m  OD
	28 EXCAVATION (EXCAVATOR: DATE	EXTENT: QUALITY)				· ·
	ľ					•
· · ·						
						•
			. <i>!</i>			
	29BIBLIOGRAPHY (AUTHOR: DATE: TITLE: JOURNAL OR PUBLISHER: VOLUME: DETAIL)					
	1. ORDNANCE SURVEY:1904:6" MAP					
	2. BOGLE,L:1895:PROC.SOC.ANT.SCOT:29:p189 + plan					
	3. MACROW, B: 1948: KINTAIL SCRAPBOOK: : : : p47					
	4. MacCulloch, G: 1911: :THE RELIGION OF THE ANCIENT CELTS: :p150					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	30GROUND PLAN NO.			31 GROUND PHOTO NO.		
	32 SLIDES NO.			33HR, AP, NÖ.		
	SESLIDES NO.			Son, ar. no.		
	34 NMR. AP. NO.			350THER AP. NO. : SOURCE		
	36 ARCHIVE AND LOCATION					
	37 GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY			38 SAMPLES		
	39PALYNOLOGY			40NUMERICAL DATES: RANGE: LAB NO.		
	SPREINOEGGI			TORUMENICAL DATE	:3. RANGE: LAB NO.	
<b>.</b> •	41 SMALL FINDS					42 MUSEUM/LOCATION
	43 OTHER					
NAME & AD	DORESS OF OWNER				_	45 ATTITUDE OF OWNER
BNAME & ADI	DRESS OF TENANT				-· -·	47 ATTITUDE OF TENANT
-						
		ગ				
BACCESS &	RESTRICTIONS			<del></del>		
ONAME & AD	DORESS OF FINDER/RECORDER: DATE				ICADECADAES NAVE	ET PUEPV. BASE
CHAME OF AU	TOTAL OF FINDER/ NECONDER : DATE				50RECORDER: DATE MC: 24.10.1985	MHO SILLIPSS

"See continuation card for text and plan."

52 TEXT

6. \* "Otherwise known as 'Uaigh Diarmaid'."

By far the most passionate and tragic story of the saga is that of Diarmaid and Grainne, to whom Fionn was betrothed. Grainne put geasa upon Diarmaid to elope with her, and these he could not break. They fled, and for many days were pursued by Fionn, who at last overtook them, but was forced by the Fians to pardon the beloved hero. Meanwhile Fionn waited for his revenge. Knowing that it was one of Diarmaid's geasa never to hunt a wild boar, he invited him to the chase of the boar of Gulban. Diarmaid slew it, and Fionn then bade him measure its length with his foot. A bristle pierced his heel, and he fell down in agony, beseeching Fionn to bring him water in his band, for if he did this he would heal him. In spite of repeated appeals, Fionn, after bringing the water, let it drip from his hands. Diarmaid's brave soul passed away, and on Fionn's character this dire blot was fixed for ever.

(4)

The word Diarmaid, associated with the Dunan or little Dun, also occurs in Uaigh Diarmaid, or Diarmaid's grave (fig. 12), which lies in a field close by. Twenty large rough stones, of an average length of 2 feet each, extend to the length of 27 feet in a double parallel row, while the measurement across from the outer edge of the stones is 8 feet. Five of the stones have been removed or have sunk out of sight. ing lifteen are embedded on a level with the grass, which might argue for a great antiquity. The tradition of the natives affirms that Diarmaid and his wife are both buried here,—the Diarmaid being the hero celebrated in the Fingalian ballads.

(2)

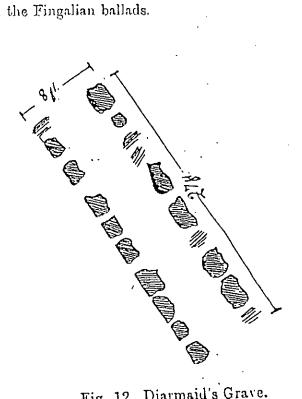


Fig. 12. Diarmaid's Grave.

(RG 9399 2085) Diarmaid's Tomb

(1)

'Uaigh Diarmaid' or 'Diarmaid's Grave' - formerly 20 stones forming two parallel rows 27' long and 8' broad overall. Five of the stones have been removed, or have sunk out of site. The remaining 15 average 2' in length and lie flush with the surface of the ground. (2)

The site was excavated but nothing was found except one clay pot. It was later thought the excavations were not deep enough. (a) (Info:Dr.F.Macrae, Ratagan)

Tradition says that Diarmid, Fingal's nephew, and Grainne, Fingal's wife, are buried here. (3)

Generally as described by Bogle. Only 13 of the stones, either level with, or protruding from, the turf, can be seen. Possibly a Viking grave.

'Diarmid' is the locally accepted spelling of this name.

(OSFI:RL:22.9.1966)

'Diarmid's Grave': a setting of stones, up and down a slight W-facing slope.

This is similar to the alleged Viking graves on the Lile of Canna. (See HNG 20 NW-001). (OSFI:AA:13.6.1974)