EST 2004
HIGHLAND
ARCHAEOLOGY SERVICES
Bringing the Past and Future Together

Evelix Quarry Extension

Watching Brief



Interim Report

Burnfield, 7 Kinbeachie, Culbokie, Ross-shire, IV7 8LS
Tel: 01349 888182 Mobile: 07715 817552 Email: info@hi-arch.co.uk Web: www.hi-arch.co.uk
Registered in Scotland no. 262144 VAT No. GB 838 7358 80

Evelix Quarry Extension
Watching Brief

Report No.	EQE25-011
Site Code	EQE25
Client	G.F. Job Ltd
Planning Ref	25/03073/FUL
OS Grid Ref	NH 76854 89569
Date/ revision	15/05/2026
Author	Tom Davis
Approved by	Lachlan McKeggie

Summary

An archaeological evaluation was commissioned by G F Job Ltd to inform a planning application in advance of an extension to Evelix Quarry, Dornoch. Fieldwork was undertaken between 20th January and 25th February 2026 and encompassed only 18% of the site a its northern extent. The work took place in a variety of weather conditions, varying from overcast and rainy to cold and sunny. This interim report sets out the results of this initial phase of the watching brief.

During the watching brief 57 archaeological features and one stone structure were recorded. These were concentrated in three distinct zones, including a group of 29 pits and postholes (Zone 1), 26 pits and postholes (Zone 2), and two connected pits and a posthole (Zone 3). Zones 1-2 are considered to represent the possible remains of roundhouses. The excavation of a sunken, sub oval stone-lined structure in Zone 2 is considered the most significant and unusual of the excavated features. This was characterised by a slabbed stone floor flanked by large foundation boulders and blocks which was overlain by several regular horizontal stone courses and steep entrance steps. The bonding of the lower levels of this structure with a viscous, clay-like mortar likely points to its function for holding liquid, and its use as a ritualised well has been suggested. Within the structure's internal area were a series of infilled deposits, the basal material being used to lay out an adult human burial. No grave goods were found, though the presence of a large quantity of animal bone in the deposit overlying the skeleton, itself capped by a layer of otherwise sterile charcoal-rich material, may point to the structure's ceremonial decommissioning. The apparent blocking of the stepped staircase into the structure appears to bear this theory out.

The structures and features within Zones 1-2 are thought to be of an Iron Age date due to the recovery of broadly dateable material culture, including a shale bangle fragment and a broken steatite bowl. All features were characterised and recorded with the detailed findings presented here. It is felt that additional post-excavation analysis of the human skeleton, material culture, soil samples and ecofacts will add to our understanding of these features and, therefore, a range of further post-excavation analysis work is recommended.

Contents

SUMMARY 2
CONTENTS 3
ILLUSTRATIONS 3
TABLES 5
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS 5
GLOSSARY 5
LOCATION 6
LEGISLATION AND POLICY 6
INTRODUCTION 7
DESK BASED ASSESSMENT 7
GEOLOGY 7
HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT RECORD 8
HISTORIC MAPS 11
OS NAME BOOK 12
STATISTICAL ACCOUNTS 12
LIDAR 13
PREVIOUS ARCHAEOLOGICAL WORK 13
DISCUSSION & CONCLUSION 14
THE FIELDWORK 15
Aims and Objectives 15
Methodology 15
DESCRIPTION OF RECORDED ARCHAEOLOGY 17
ZONE 1 19
ZONE 2 23
ZONE 3 40
SUMMARY OF FINDS 41
DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS 45
RECOMMENDATIONS 46
ARCHIVE 47
REFERENCES 47
Guidance 47
Grey Literature & Publications 47
Historic Mapping 48
Web Sources 48
Statistical Accounts 48
APPENDICES 49
Appendix A: Tables 49
Appendix B: Photographic Record 58
Appendix C: Registers 64
Appendix D: Camera Point Figure 102
Appendix E: Section Drawings 103

Illustrations

Figure 1: Site location and approximate boundary of the development area 6
Figure 2: View looking northwest showing the variety of gravel, sand and silt deposits visible within an excavated section of Evelix Quarry. Photo- 9877 8
Figure 3: DBA points within or close to survey area 10
Figure 4: Extract from 1st edition OS 6 inch map surveyed 1874 11
Figure 5: Extract from 2nd edition OS 25 inch surveyed 1904 12

Figure 6: Previous Archaeological Work in vicinity of the development area. 13
Figure 7: Map showing watched areas and archaeological features 16
Figure 8: View of the recorded archaeology within assigned zones 17
Figure 9: Map showing watched areas and archaeological features with 1m LIDAR DTM and contours. 18
Figure 10: Southwest facing section of Feature 1, showing shell midden deposit (1306) overlying (1305) and stone dump layer (1304). 1m scale. Photo- 1394. 19
Figure 11: Plan of excavated features in Zone 1. 20
Figure 12: West facing sections of posthole Features 14 (left) and 15 (right). 1x 1m scale. Photo-9447. 21
Figure 13: Southeast facing sections of posthole Features 25 (left) and 26 (right). 1x 1m scale. Photo- 9457. 22
Figure 14: West facing section of posthole Features 29 (left) and 28 (right) including evidence of a post pipe [1366] within Feature 28. 1x 0.4m scale. Photo- 9464. 22
Figure 15: Overview of archaeological remains in Zone 2. 23
Figure 16: View looking west showing the construction cut [1442]. 2x 1m scales. Photo-9896. 24
Figure 17: Plan drawing of the Stone Lined Structure with coloured components. 25
Figure 18: East facing profile of the Stone Lined Structure following its half sectioning at its central area. 26
Figure 19: Photograph of the structure half sectioned at its centre. 2x 1m scales. Photo- 9850. 26
Figure 20: View of the exposed floor stones and outlying walling looking northwest. 2x 1m scales. Photo- 9834. 27
Figure 21: 3D Scanned views of each elevation within the Stone Lined Structure 28
Figure 22: View looking west within the structure. 1x 1m scale. Photo- 9840. 29
Figure 23: View looking north within the structure. 1x 1m scale. Photo- 9809. 29
Figure 24: View looking northeast showing the stone steps once fully exposed. 1x 1m scale. Photo-9836. 30
Figure 25: View looking east showing the packing stones placed between the pit's cut and internal stone lining. 1x 0.4m scale. Photo- 9864. 31
Figure 26: Vertical photograph of SK1 within the feature. 2x 1m scales. Photo- DIJ449. 32
Figure 27: Three-dimensional scan cutout looking north showing SK1 lying on its side. 33
Figure 28: Annotated mid-excavation photograph looking northeast showing Quad B in the Stone Lined Structure. 1x 0.4m & 1x 1m scales. Photo- 9652. 33
Figure 29: West and North facing sections of deposits in Quad A within the Stone Lined Structure. 34
Figure 30: View of deposit (1413) underlying a large stone slab looking northeast. 1x 0.3m & 1x 0.4m scales. Photo- 9614. 35
Figure 31: View looking northeast showing the blocked-up entrance steps during excavation. 1x 1m scale. Photo- 9675. 36
Figure 32: East and south facing sections of deposits in Quad C of the Stone Lined Structure. 37
Figure 33: Pre excavation plan view of Feature 41 looking west. 0.4m scale & 1m scale. Photo-9502. 38
Figure 34: Overview of archaeological remains in Zone 2. 39
Figure 35: View looking northwest showing Pits [1408] on upper right and Pit [1410] on lower left within Feature 58 once exposed. 2x 1m scales. Photo- 9596. 40
Figure 36: Frontal (A) and sectional (B) view of broken knocking or grinding stone Find No. 2. .. 41
Figure 37: Fragment of a shale bangle, Find No. 1. 42
Figure 38: Frontal (A) and sectional (B) view of knocking or grinding stone Find No. 18. 43
Figure 39: Fragmented slag, Find No. 11. 43
Figure 40: Steatite bowl, Find No. 13. 44
Figure 41: Yellow clay-like lump, Find No. 9. 44
Figure 42: A selection of animal bones recovered in deposit (1401), Find No. 8. 45
Figure 43: Camera Points within the development boundary. 102

Tables

Table 1: DBA Points 49
Table 2: Previous Archaeological Works 56
Table 3:Photographic Record 58
Table 4: Context Register 64
Table 5: Feature Register 89
Table 6: Structure Register 91
Table 7: Sample Register 92
Table 8: Finds Register 96
Table 9: Drawing Register 97
Table 10: Feature Depth & Width Register 101

Acknowledgements

This document was written by Tom Davis and edited by Lachlan McKeggie. The project was commissioned and funded by G F Job Ltd. Fieldwork was directed by Tom Davis with the assistance of Lachlan Mackeggie and Karen Kennedy. Background mapping has been reproduced by permission of the Ordnance Survey under Licence 100043217. Historic mapping is courtesy of the National Library of Scotland.

AI Artificial Intelligence software: Please note that this document is the intellectual property of Highland Archaeology Services and the author. It is not to be used as a template for or input data for AI software of any kind and to do so breaches UK copyright law. No part of this document has been written by AI.

Glossary

- BGS - British Geological Survey
- DBA – Desk Based Assessment
- DES – Discovery and Excavation Scotland
- CIfA – Chartered Institute for Archaeologists
- HES – Historic Environment Scotland
- HET – Historic Environment Team
- HHER – Highland Historic Environment Record
- NGR – National Grid Reference
- NLS – National Library of Scotland
- OS – Ordnance Survey
- PAW – Previous Archaeological Work

Location

The site is located at Evelix Quarry on the north side of Canmore Woods, to the west of Dornoch and east of the A9, Highland. The extension is to the west of the current quarrying area in what is currently open pasture land, with this report detailing only the results at its northern end.

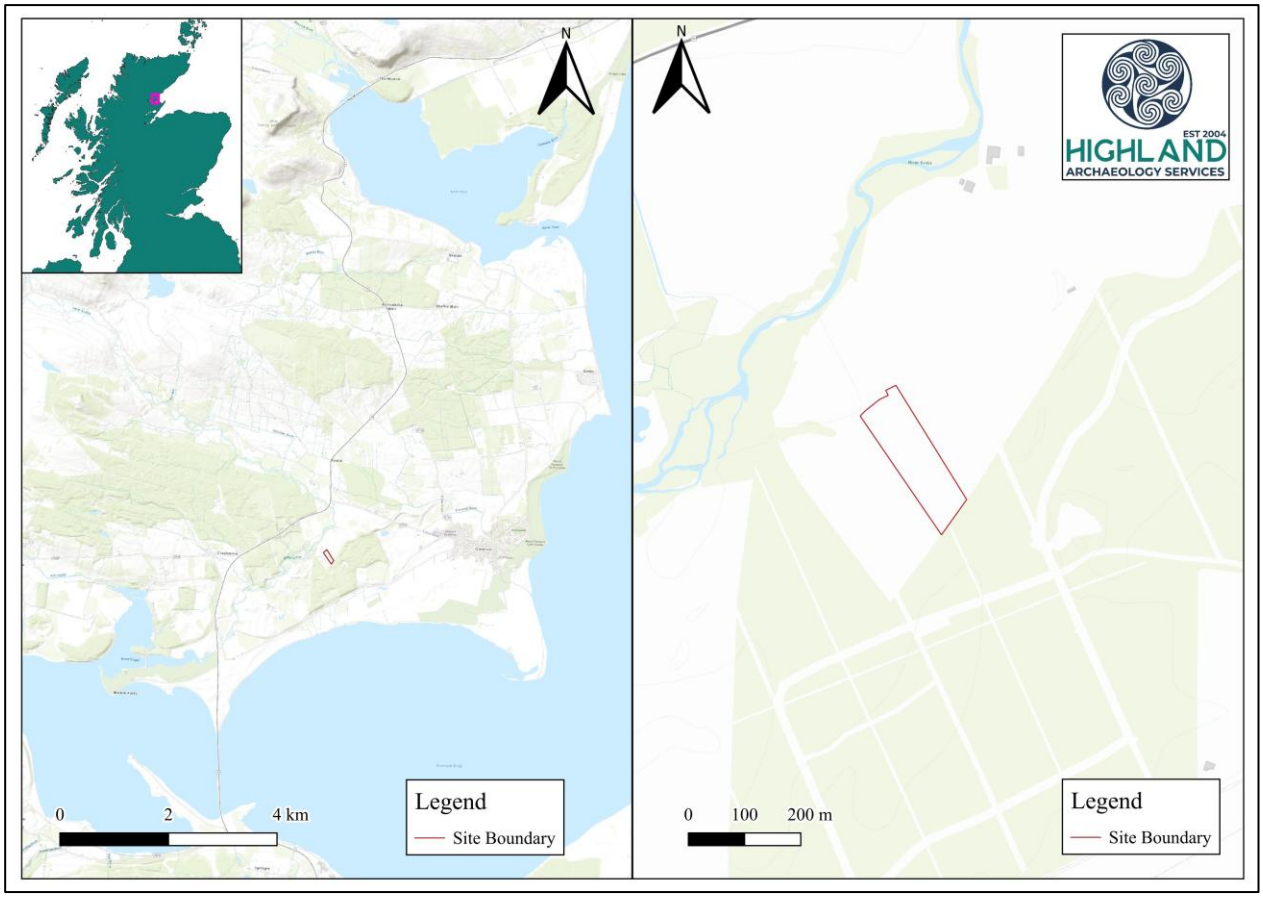


Figure 1: Site location and approximate boundary of the development area. From OS mapping, reproduced under Licence. Not to original scale.

Legislation and Policy

The common principles underlying international conventions, national legislation and local authority planning policies are that cultural heritage assets should be identified in advance of development and safeguarded where practicable; if disturbance is unavoidable appropriate recording of features and recovery of portable artefacts should take place. These have been set out in international agreements, UK and Scottish legislation, as well as national and local planning policies.[1]

Professional standards maintained throughout the present project adhered to the Codes of Conduct and Approved Practice and Standards of the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists.[2]

[1] A summary of relevant international, EU, UK and Scottish legislation and policies is available from the HAS office on request.
[2] Chartered Institute for Archaeology (CIfA) Standards and Guidelines for Archaeological Excavation.

Introduction

An archaeological Watching Brief was commissioned in order to facilitate the extension to Evelix quarry, Dornoch. The fieldwork was undertaken in accordance with an agreed WSI approved by Highland Council Historic Environment Team. This followed a previous programme of Evaluation trenching conducted between 1st and 3rd of September 2025 which failed to identify any archaeological features besides a modern water pipe trench.[3] Despite this, further archaeological works were thought prudent given the high concentration of heritage assets in the vicinity of the development area. Information relating to these assets was identified within a Desk Based Assessment (DBA) conducted prior to arrival on site as detailed below.

The excavation area was situated in pasture farmland adjacent to Evelix Quarry, formerly used for livestock grazing. Fieldwork was undertaken between 20th January and 25th February 2026 in a variety of weather conditions, varying from overcast and rainy to cold and sunny.

This project sought to identify and record archaeological remains that were present within the footprint of the development. Given the need to maintain access to gravel for the running of the quarry for a select few months, only 18% of the site was stripped at the time of writing, while the remainder is to be stripped once this area has been exhausted of quarry material. This interim report presents the data for archaeological features, deposits and finds that were recorded during this part of the works.

Desk Based Assessment

An area of roughly 1km around the proposed development site was examined in order to understand the archaeological and historical character of the surrounding and immediate area. This has included a study of the British Geology Societies (BGS) records (via Geology Viewer), Highland Historic Environment Record (HHER), the national historic record database (via Pastmap), publicly available historic mapping through the National Library of Scotland's online facility, the Ordnance Survey Namebook records and the Old and New Statistical Accounts of Scotland.

Geology

The underlying Bedrock at the quarry is Raddery Sandstone Formation. This is part of a large formation forming the coast from Golspie to Muir of Ord. The Superficial deposits consist of two bands crossing the site. On the south side Glaciofluvial Ice Contact Deposits consisting of gravel, sand and silt are recorded. The north side is recorded as Raised Marine Deposits, Devensian - again consisting of gravel, sand and silt. This site has been utilised for quarrying due to its superficial geology and the prevalence of sand and gravel in the area has made it a popular area for quarrying. The presence of upstanding glacial eskers are striking in this area and are rare in the north of Scotland. The variation in natural geology underlying the topsoil was photographed in section within the quarry, as shown in **Figure 2**.

[3] Kennedy, K. & Davis, T. (2025)



Figure 2: View looking northwest showing the variety of gravel, sand and silt deposits visible within an excavated section of Evelix Quarry. Photo- 9877.

Historic Environment Record

An investigation of available sources has been undertaken in order to establish a baseline of previously recorded archaeological sites both within and in the immediate vicinity of the development area. This has included research of the Highland Council HER and the NRHE's Pastmap facility. A full list of identified assets is presented in the appendix (**Table 1**). The most significant of these results are presented here.

Designated features
There are four designated features noted within a kilometre of the site. These consist of three Scheduled Monuments and a single category B Listed Building.

The most significant of these are the two Scheduled Monuments located a little to the south and east of the current quarry extension within Camore wood. These are Camore Wood, Settlement (**DBA 1**) and Davochfin Chambered Cairn (**DBA 2**).

The chambered cairn (**DBA 2**) is a neolithic burial site and survives as a low stony mound 17m by 14m containing slabs thought to have originally made up the chamber where the burials would have been housed. This is separated from the current quarry by both forestry plantation and the substantial natural esker or linear glacial mound.

The 'settlement' (**DBA 1**) is a much more complex arrangement of hut circles and cairns probably connected to field systems, many of which will have been disturbed by later woodland activity. While at least 18 hut circles sit within scheduled areas, many other hut circles and cairns have been recorded throughout the wood on its periphery and in the adjoining Sydera Wood (**DBA 12-19**, **DBA 21-25**, **DBA 28-29** & **DBA 32**). Although these latter sites are not scheduled, they do form part of the same prehistoric landscape, probably dating to the Bronze Age and form an important part of the heritage of the area.

The third designated asset noted within the 1km buffer is another chambered cairn to the north-west of the site at Evelix Bridge Chambered Cairn (**DBA 3**). This Orkney-Cromarty round cairn still has a large part of the passage evident in the form of an avenue of large stones along with some indication of the chamber location. This is likely to date to the Neolithic.

The final designated feature is the B Listed Evelix Old Bridge (**DBA 4**). This is a single span rubble and dressed-rubble built bridge across the river Evelix and one of the Thomas Telford bridges built around 1815 as part of a large road building program across the Highlands. The bridge is no longer in use but sits just to the east of the current bridge carrying the A9 across the same water course.

There are no Garden & Designed Landscapes, Conservation Areas, Battlefields or World Heritage Sites within or close to the 1km buffer of the quarry extension.

Undesignated
As well as Scheduled and Listed features thirty three undesignated features were noted within 1km.

As stated above sixteen of these are hut circles, possible hut circles or cairns thought to be connected to the extensive hut circle and fields systems around Camore and Sydera Woods (**DBA 12-19**, **DBA 21-25**, **DBA 28-29** & **DBA 32**). These features have been recorded and re recorded over many years and this has created a large number of records often three or four for the same hut circle on the HHER. This has made quantifying these a little challenging but the overall impression of a large and important late prehistoric settlement with field systems is clear.

In addition to the Bronze Age settlement evidence four other features of possible prehistoric date are recorded. These are an Iron Aged burial site noted on the NRHE at Dornoch Bridge Quarry (**DBA 34**) and thought to be connected to the trial trenching undertaken there in 2017 (see PAWS below). A possible ring ditch identified in an aerial image in 1977 but not noted in subsequent trial trenching (**DBA 35**). In addition, a possible ring-ditch is recorded near Cyderhall from aerial photography (**DBA 27**). A feature described as a 'possible henge' (**DBA 36**) is also recorded close to Dornoch Bridge Quarry. This possible henge is oval in shape with an outer bank and inner ditch around a flattened inner area around 13m by 8m. It was apparently excavated with a single trench by the Home Guard during WWII and the trench was de-turfed to confirm its presence in 2017 during trial trenching. Its function and date are still not clear although it may be a funerary monument.

Unusually for the Highlands two Early Medieval dated features are also recorded. One is part of metal detector finds which included a ring headed pin (**DBA 8**) and the second is the reputed burial place of Earl Sigurd or Sigurd the Powerful the infamous Viking (**DBA 33**). The burial site seems to be rather speculative and the location is now within a quarry, however a burial dated to the Early Historic period was recovered during trail trenching at Dornoch Bridge Quarry in 2017 (see PAWS below). The dates however were a little late for Sigurd

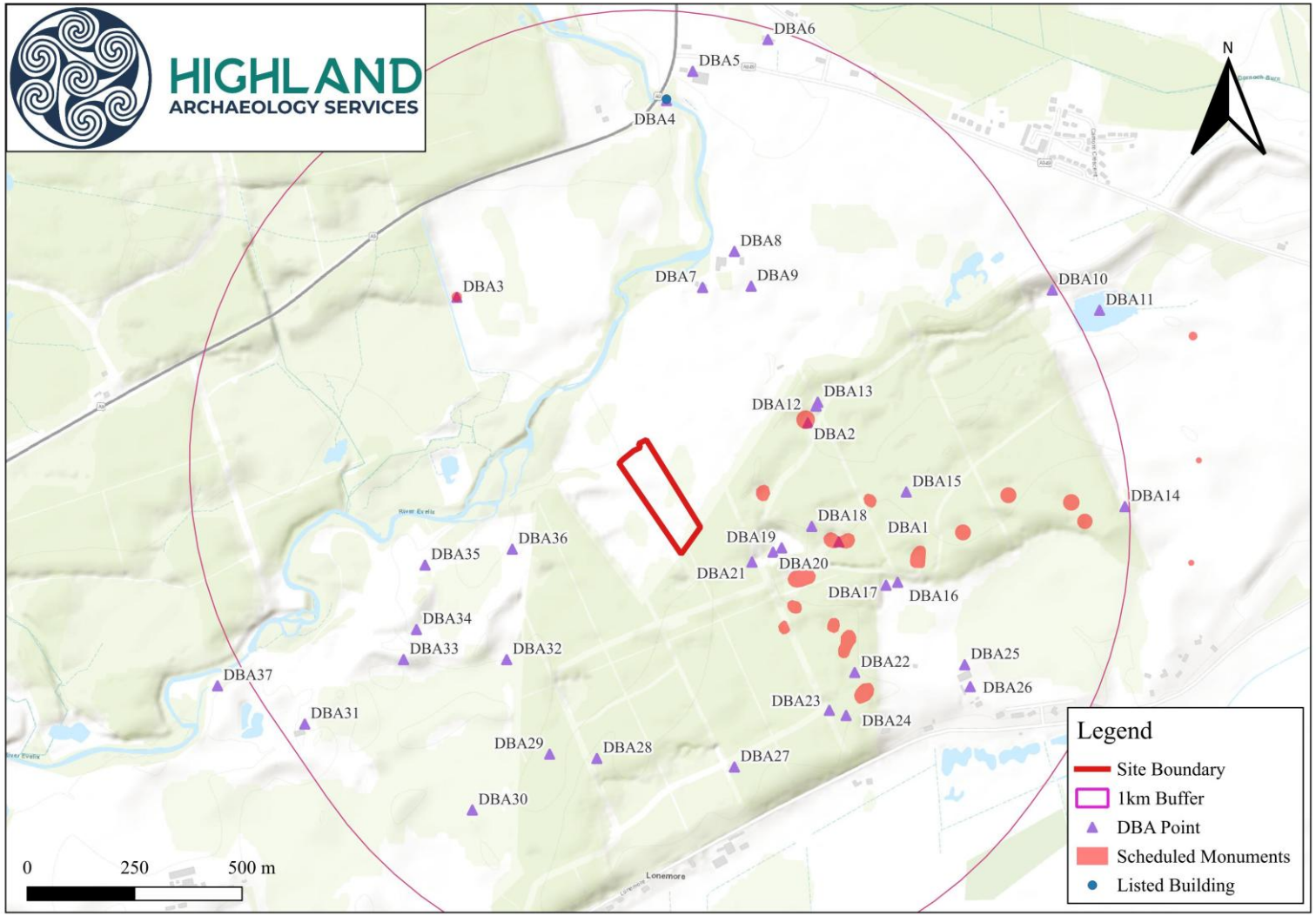


Figure 3: DBA points within or close to survey area

All the remining features noted within the rough 1km buffer were Post-medieval in date. These include some important structures including a court house near Evelix Farmhouse dating to the 1600's (**DBA 9**). This survived as footings until at least 1971 and is supposed to have had a gallows tree somewhere nearby. Along with a scattering of other farms and a mill (**DBA 37**) noted across the area an 'eviction settlement' is also recorded from what is now Dornoch Bridge Quarry (**DBA 31**). The record for this site includes a plan showing a series of sub rectangular footings, although it is not clear what date these may have been and not much further information is available. Finally, a Lochan (Loch-An-Treel), to the east of the area, is noted in the HHER as being used for Curling in the 1920's though to the 1970's (**DBA 11**).

Historic Maps

One of the earliest publicly available maps of the area is Roy's military map of Scotland, drawn around 1750.[4] This depicts the River Evelix in some detail, including the distinctive knot of islands to the west of the proposed development site. Both the river and Evelix House to the north of the site are labelled 'Evlagg.' 'Siderhall' is also depicted to the south-west of the site, with a similar layout of square, tree-lined enclosures as is depicted surrounding Evelix House. However, there are no features of note within the development area aside from some faint lines denoting agricultural fields. There is no woodland depicted at Camore, only open hillsides.

The 1st edition OS map gives much more detail. Surveyed in 1874 both the 25inch and 6 inch editions depict the site area as rough grazing land with enclosed farmland to the north and Camore wood to the south and east (see Figure 4).[5] Within Camore wood various hut circles are depicted. The 2nd edition map surveyed in 1904 shows very little change (see Figure 5).[6]

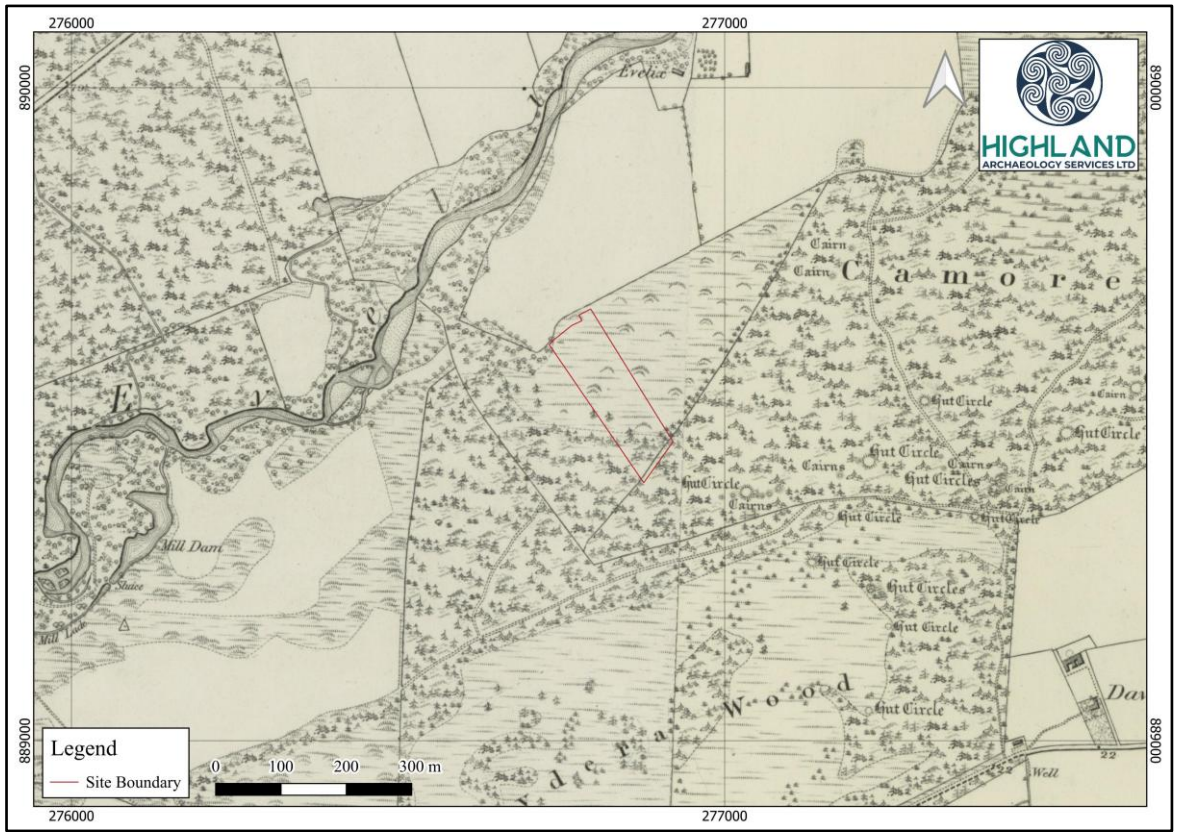


Figure 4: Extract from 1st edition OS 6 inch map surveyed 1874

[4] Roy 1747-52
[5] OS 1st ed 1874
[6] OS 2nd ed 1904

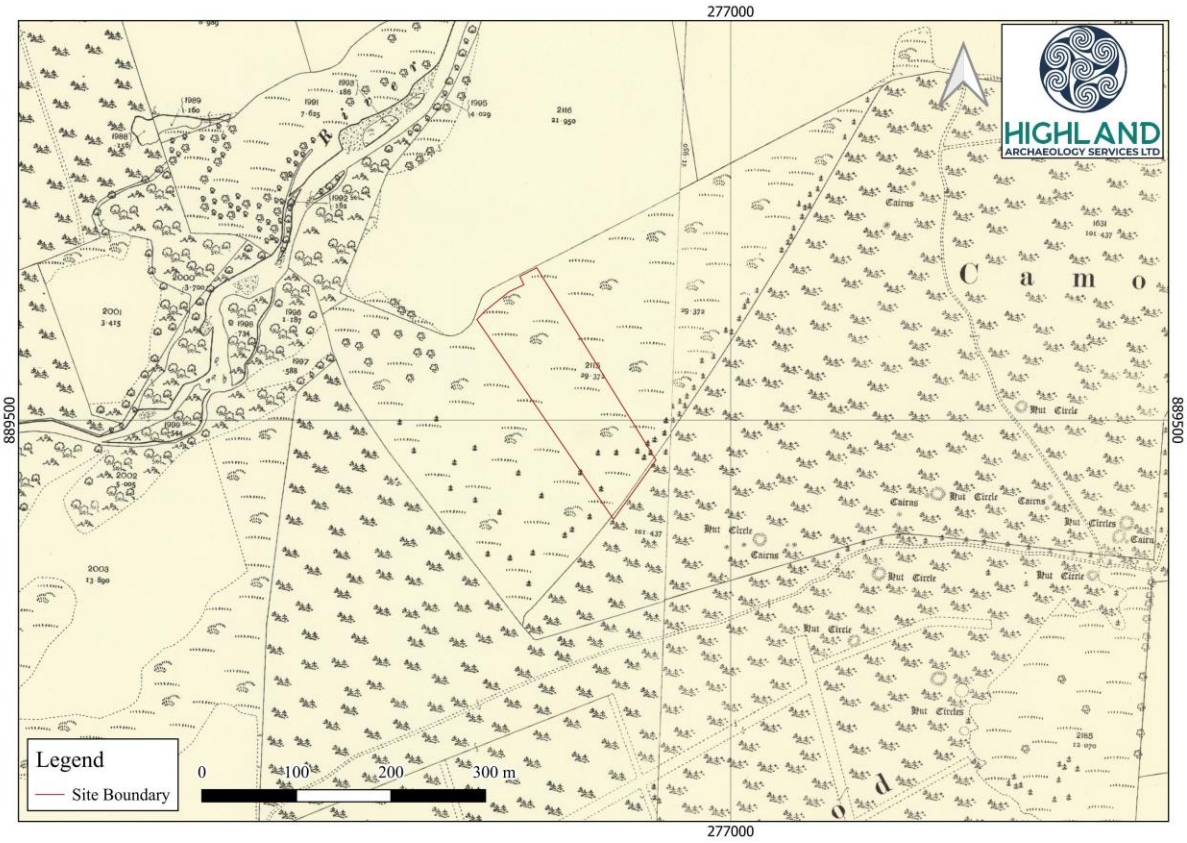


Figure 5: Extract from 2nd edition OS 25 inch surveyed 1904

OS Name book

The Ordnance Survey Name Books were created by surveyors as they mapped Britain in the 1800's. The books record the names of the settlements and natural features that they encountered, and descriptions of the places themselves. The named settlements on the 1st edition map are listed in the Sutherland county Name Book, volume 9.[7]

Evelix - 'Applies to a house which is situated about 1 ½ miles NNE of Clashmore, it is two storey high, stone and in good repair. Property of His Grace the Duke of Sutherland. The offices connected with this house are situated about ¼ of a mile north.'

'Sydera' (alternative spelling: Cyderhall) – name applies to a dwelling house and farm steading, which is situated about ½ a mile south of 'Lower Clashmore' dwelling house is two storey high, farm steading one, slated and in good repair. Property of His Grace the Duke of Sutherland.'

Statistical Accounts

The Old Statistical Account for the parish of Dornoch was written by the Rev. Mr John Bethune. He gave no details of local historical sites but did give a good account of the way in which people lived and the crops that they relied upon. He described a community of tenants surviving on the crops they were able to grow and fuel they could carry from the hills on the backs of their ponies, and that there was little wealth or manufacturing within the parish during his time of writing in the late 18th century.[8]

[7] OS1/33/9
[8] Sinclair 1793

The New Statistical Account was written by the Rev. Angus Kennedy in 1834. He described the remains of Skelbo castle and asserted that emigration from the parish was purely voluntary. He says that people generally lived in cottages rather than 'feal-houses' and that their principal food was potatoes. Evelix was described as one of the principal farms of the Sutherland Estate at 154 acres.[9]

LiDAR

This area has been subject to LiDAR survey and images are available through the NLS. While no heritage features appear to be visible within the proposed evaluation area/ quarry extension a section of eskers is clearly visible to the west.

The LiDAR data is also very useful in making apparent the many hut circles in Camore wood. These round features are clearly visible including the damaged circle at **DBA16** (**MHG48769**). A further study of this data may help clarify some of the many records for the wood. However, it was felt outwith the scope of the current study to do so.

Other features including the Davochfin Chambered Cairn **DBA 2** and the 'Possible Henge, Sydera Wood' **DBA 36** were also visible on the LiDAR images.

Previous Archaeological Work

Ten instances of previous archaeological work were noted within a kilometre of the proposed quarry extension. These are laid out in **Table 2** in the Appendix. The most relevant information is discussed here.

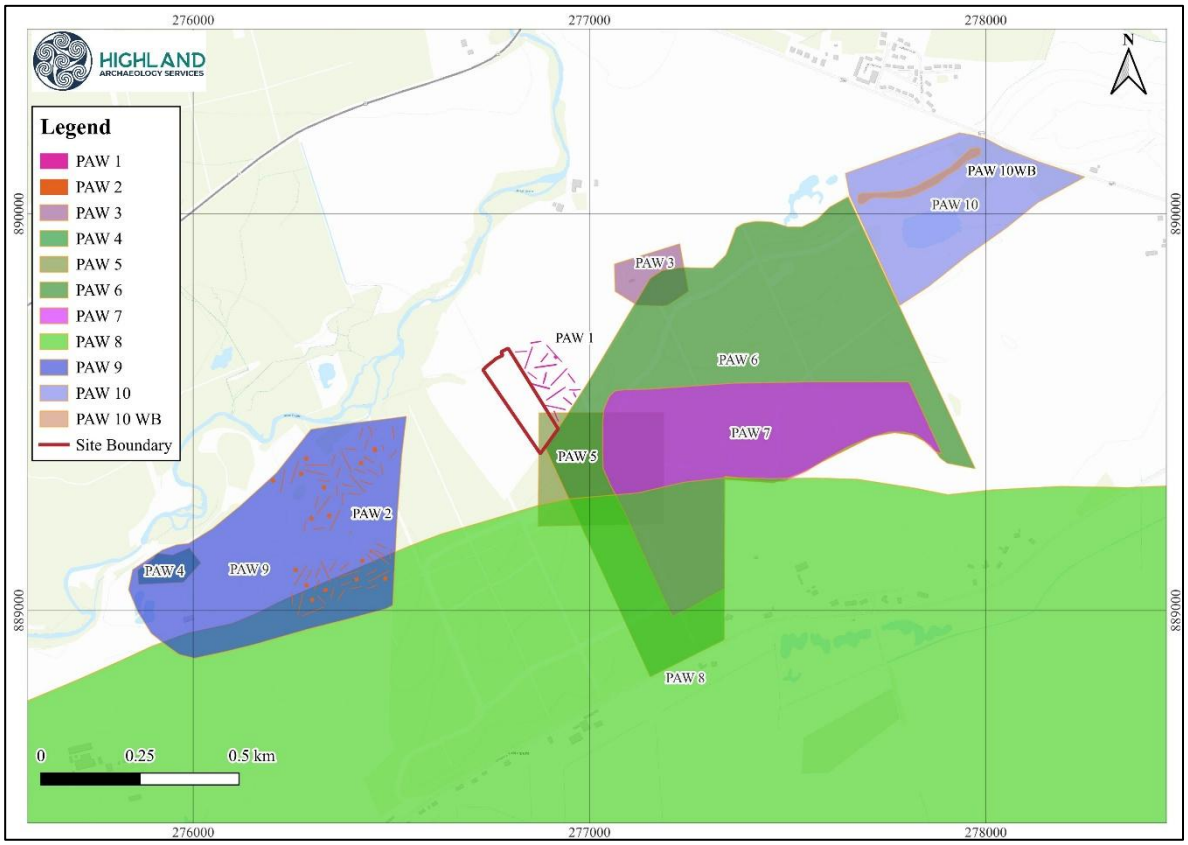


Figure 6: Previous Archaeological Work in vicinity of the development area.

[9] Gordon 1845

The closest previous work was carried out in 2020 just to the east of the current project area in a previous extension to Evelix quarry (**PAW 1**). This trial trenching comprised eighteen trenches which resulted in only six potential archaeological features being identified. These included three postholes excavated within Trench 15 at the eastern periphery of the site which, upon further expansion of the trench, were not considered to form part of a larger post-ring. The remaining three features comprised apparently isolated shallow fire pits or charred waste pits situated to the south and west of the site in proximity to Camore Wood. In contrast, trial trenching further to the west in 2017 (**PAW 2**) encountered significant archaeological remains including three human burials, two cremated and one inhumation, as well as investigations of **DBA 36**. These human remains were found to date to the Middle Iron Age as well as the Early Historic period although the dates for the Early Historic inhumation were too late to be those of Sigard the Powerful (see **DBA 33**). **PAW 2** also revealed a shell midden within a U-shaped pit measuring 1.2m wide by 0.6m deep to the southern, seaward side of the site.

Back to the east of the current quarry extension **PAW3** records a watching brief undertaken in 1998 when the first parts of Evelix quarry were being stripped. This seems to have uncovered a group of seventeen features but a lack of finds and no apparent further work means their date and function is unclear.

On the south side of the current site and apparently partly overlapping it **PAW5** is a walkover survey undertaken in 2007 ahead of a proposed amphitheatre. This recorded two new turf dykes as well as a shell midden disturbed by tree roots.

The final PAWs thought to be relevant to the current work is **PAW 7** which was undertaken in 2023 and involved the recording of all the hut circles forming Scheduled Monument **SM5898** and targeted excavations of three damaged by forestry works. The closest feature 'Site 1' was the isolated northern hut circle closest to the current site **MHG32303** (part of **DBA 1**). This was found to have multiple floor layers and produced an impressive barbed and tanged arrow head and unfinished stone spindle whorl or pendant. Dating showed a long period of activity from the Middle Bronze Age to the Middle Iron Age.

Discussion & Conclusion

The DBA of the area surrounding the proposed quarry extension highlights an extensive and rich heritage including prehistoric, early historic and post medieval features. The most significant and relevant of these are the extensive hut circle and field system found in Camore Wood with the closest known features less than 200m from the current site. These have been shown in recent excavations (in 2023) to be multi period with activity surviving from both the Bronze and Iron Age as well as containing important finds. These findings back up the site's national importance signified by its scheduled status. This rich prehistoric landscape is backed up with findings from Dornoch Bridge Quarry just over 300m to the west of the current site, where a possible funerary monument as well as Iron Age cremations were found.

In addition to these prehistoric features a rare early historic burial was also found at Dornoch Bridge Quarry close to the Iron Age remains, implying a continuation of the importance of the area into this later time. The areas historic links to the Viking Sigurd and the placename of Cyderhall a little to the west only further highlight the importance of the area at this time.

Although no medieval remains were highlighted in the DBA the town of Dornoch is situated less than 3km to the east and the area would certainly have been occupied in this period, although no dated remains have been recovered.

Finally, the post medieval activity around the site is also interesting. In particular, a little to the north of the site at Evelix House with its court and gallows tree apparently dating back to the 1600's.

The apparent anomaly here is the trial trenching undertaken in 2020 partly on the current site and up to its eastern edge, where no significant archaeological finds were encountered. This does not, however, take away the very high potential for archaeological remains in the proposed extension area but is a reminder that even in the busiest landscape some open space is possible.

The Fieldwork

Aims and Objectives

The principal aims of the fieldwork stage of the project were:

- To establish what is previously known about the site and potentially related features in the vicinity of the development.
- To evaluate the site for the proposed quarry extension in order to identify and characterise significant archaeological remains and finds that may be affected by the proposed development.
- To present and disseminate the archaeological evidence gathered during the fieldwork and the research potential that evidence has to elucidate the history of the site.

Methodology

Fieldwork was undertaken between 20th January and 25th February 2026. An experienced and qualified professional archaeologist supervised all ground works required for the stripping. Machine excavation in these areas was undertaken using a flat-bladed bucket to remove topsoil overburden down to the first archaeologically significant layer or soil change. The subsequent methodology set out in the WSI for archaeological excavation, recording and object conservation was followed throughout the project.

The area stripped was approximately 4,060m² and encompassed two bisected areas, the larger (3339m²) to facilitate the expansion of the quarry and the smaller (720m²) for the construction of a new farm track on the far western boundary of the development area. The stripped ground covers only a limited area (approximately 18%) to the north-east and north-west of the proposed extension area which as a whole, totals 19,212m². The stripped areas is marked in orange on the map below (**Figure 7**).



Figure 7: Map showing watched areas and archaeological features

Description of Recorded Archaeology

Negative features were present in two concentrated clusters to the northeast of the quarry excavation area with the addition of two isolated features to the northwest of the site. The former concentrations were defined as Zone 1, encompassing a group of 29 pits and postholes of varying sizes, and Zone 2 consisting of 26 pits and postholes scattered around a sunken stone lined structure. The latter, Zone 3, consist of a pair of connected pits and a posthole which are not thought to relate to one another and have been defined simply by their location within an extension for an access track (see **Figure 8**). These distinct zones will be discussed individually in the following text.

With reference to the elevation model provided by 1m LIDAR imagery (**Figure 9**), the archaeology within Zones 1-2 appear to have been centred on a promontory-like projection of elevated land which drops steeply at its north and eastern flank onto a lower-lying area adjacent to the River Evelix. To the south and east the ground declines slightly and was noted during the fieldwork for a greater presence of sand deposits, likely reflecting the remains of a paleochannel and/or hill washed material build-up later utilised for the construction of a modern drainage ditch. The linear striations visible across the development area within the LIDAR data reflect the ploughing of these fields, likely within recent historical timeframes.

The topsoil was consistent across the entire site, this being composed of a dark greyish brown sandy silt mixed with frequent, mixed medium to small, rounded stones. The natural subsoil consisted of an orange sand with very frequent rounded medium to large stones, though a mottled mid to dark orangey brown colouration was noted in several areas. A high concentration of very dark grey to black clusters of manganese oxide-rich deposits within irregularly shaped hollows were seen across the site, with larger examples excavated in order to fully determine their origin. These deposits are considered entirely natural, potentially reflecting the remains of former vegetation and trees throws or geological processes.

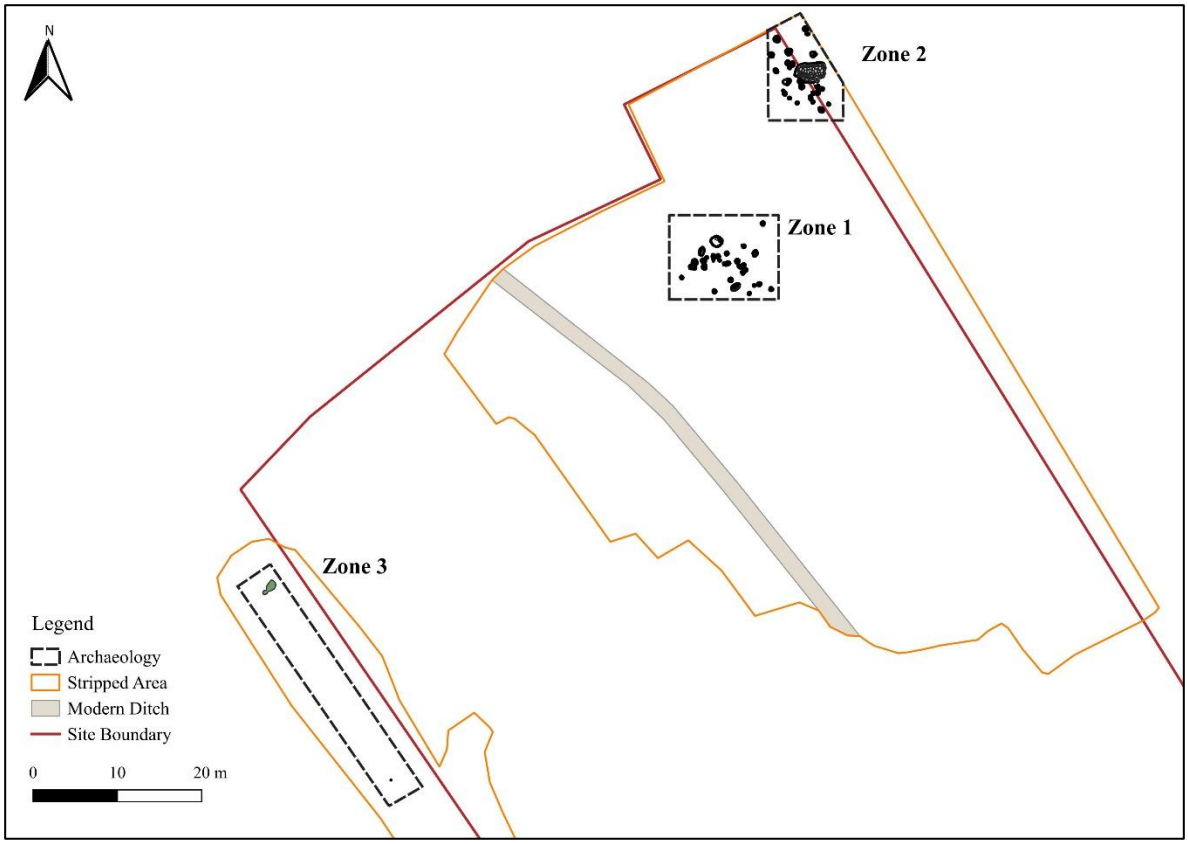


Figure 8: View of the recorded archaeology within assigned zones

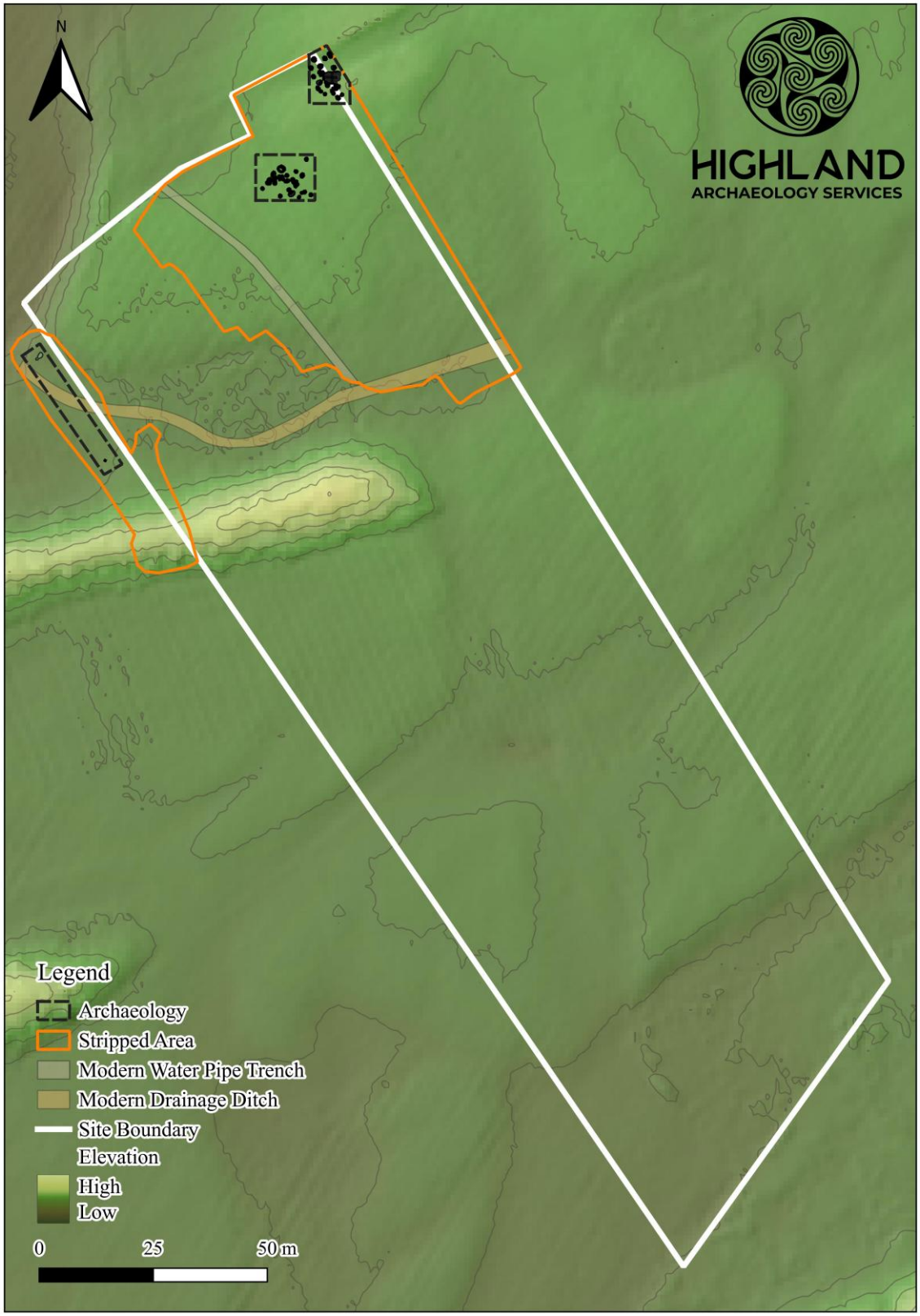


Figure 9: Map showing watched areas and archaeological features with 1m LIDAR DTM and contours.

ZONE 1

Zone 1 was characterised by a group of 29 concentrated pits and postholes forming a undecipherable pattern to the northeast of the excavated area. This was approximately 14.5m southwest of Zone 2. This zone measured roughly 11m north-south by 9m east-west. Two possible arcs of postholes are illustrated in **Figure 11**, with their spread of up to 10-11m potentially pointing to the construction of an enclosure or multiple phases of structure building and alteration. An apparent absence of features to the north of this cluster may be at least partially explained by the shallowness of the topsoil and the impact of modern ploughing.

The largest and most archaeologically significant of these features was a Pit, **Feature 1**, which measured 0.6m x 0.57m diameter by 0.82m in depth and consisted of steeply sloping sides leading to a conical, concave base (**Figure 10**). This Pit contained three fills, the lower-most **(1304)** consisting of a mid to dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common pea grit/ degraded stone inclusions and very common medium to large rounded and thin stone slabs. Within this deposit was a broken grinding or knocking stone (**Find No. 2**). Overlying this deposit was a relatively sterile mid-greyish brown friable sandy silt **(1305)** with occasional small to medium sized rounded stones and charcoal flecks. This contained a fragment of a shale bracelet (**Find No. 1**), broadly datable to the Iron Age. The uppermost deposit (**1306**) consisted of a mid-greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium sized rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks. Dominating this topmost deposit were an abundance of cockle shells. This is thought likely to be midden-related material. Once recorded all of the remaining fill was removed and, where possible, sampled (<003> & <006>) for further analysis.



Figure 10: Southwest facing section of Feature 1, showing shell midden deposit (1306) overlying (1305) and stone dump layer (1304). 1m scale. Photo- 1394.

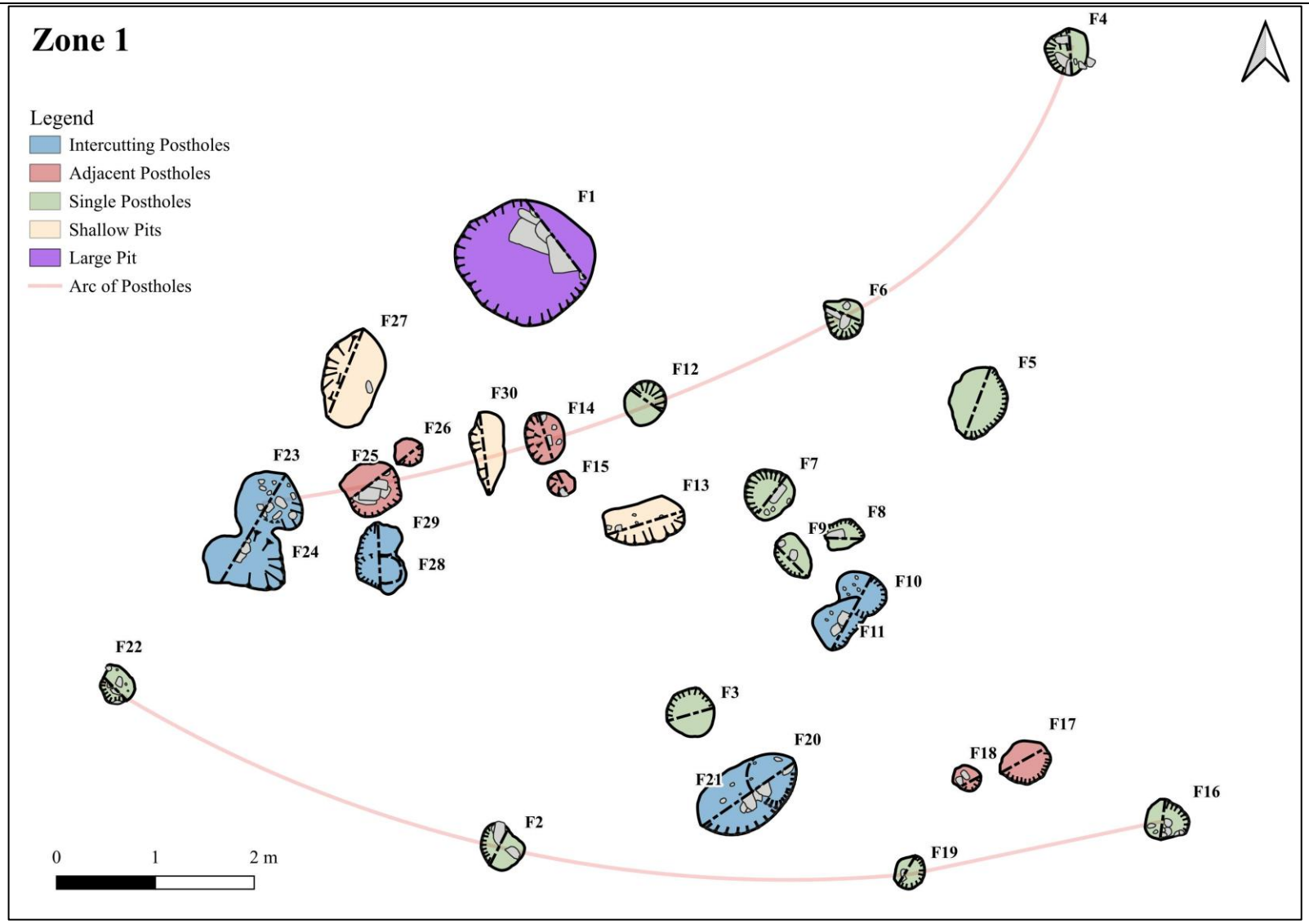


Figure 11: Plan of excavated features in Zone 1.

Of the 29 remaining cuts (among 28 features) within Zone 1, a total of 23 (79%) fell within a length in plan of between 0.3m-0.6m. These cuts were mostly of a shallow to moderate depth, with the majority of 23 (79%) spanning between 0.1-0.4m in depth, falling fairly evenly into the intervening 0.1m bands.

The majority of these cuts were considered to be postholes, a significant number of which were observed to be directly adjacent to or intercutting one another. This was typified by two near-identical sets of postholes (F14-15 and F25-26) shown in **Figure 12** and **Figure 13** excavated within a 1m distance of each other, though each oriented on a differing alignment. Each of these sets were marked by a larger and deeper posthole situated 0.06-0.12m distant from a comparatively small and shallow cut. This phenomenon, which can also be seen for posthole Features 17-18, may reflect the construction of braced or anchored structure, though their variable alignments and distribution prevents any significant insight into their function.

Four pairs of postholes showed evidence for the intercutting of one another (F10-11, F20-21, F23-24, & F28-29), with the latter being a notable example for the presence of a post pipe [1336] as shown in **Figure 14.**

Three pits or scrapes were excavated within a 4m wide area to the immediate south of Feature 1 and were each identified by a roughly elliptical shape in plan with gently sloping sides leading to a shallow base.



Figure 12: West facing sections of posthole Features 14 (left) and 15 (right). 1x 1m scale. Photo- 9447.

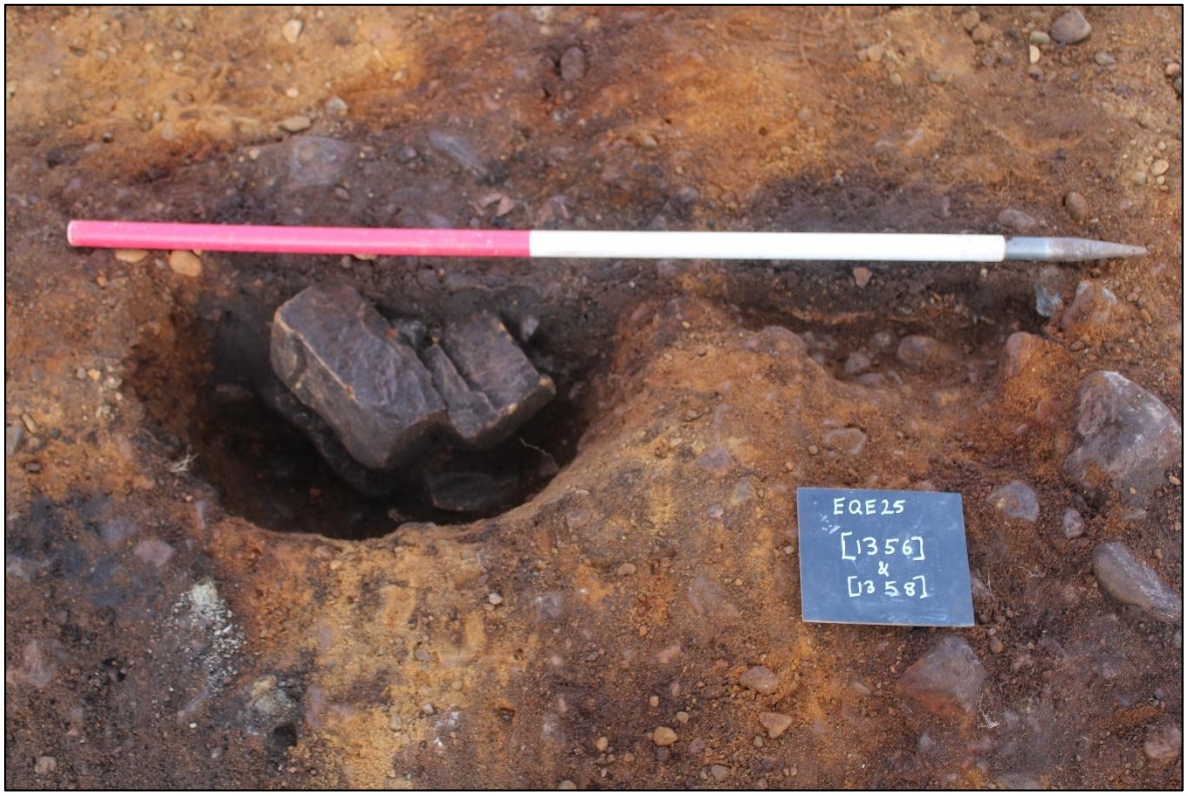


Figure 13: Southeast facing sections of posthole Features 25 (left) and 26 (right). 1x 1m scale. Photo-9457.



Figure 14: West facing section of posthole Features 29 (left) and 28 (right) including evidence of a post pipe [1366] within Feature 28. 1x 0.4m scale. Photo- 9464.

ZONE 2

Zone 2 was characterised by a group of 26 pits and postholes and a sunken stone-lined structure at the far northeast corner of the development area (see **Figure 15**). This was formerly the site of the gated entrance into the development area, with the field boundary having previously crossed directly through the centre of this zone. Given the proximity of these features to the recently quarried boundary of the adjacent development, it appears likely that further archaeological remains were destroyed, though the state of preservation of the features was generally good. The following text discusses the nature and distribution of the excavated features and deposits beginning relating to the construction and infilling of the stone lined structure and the construction of post holes and pits adjacent to it.

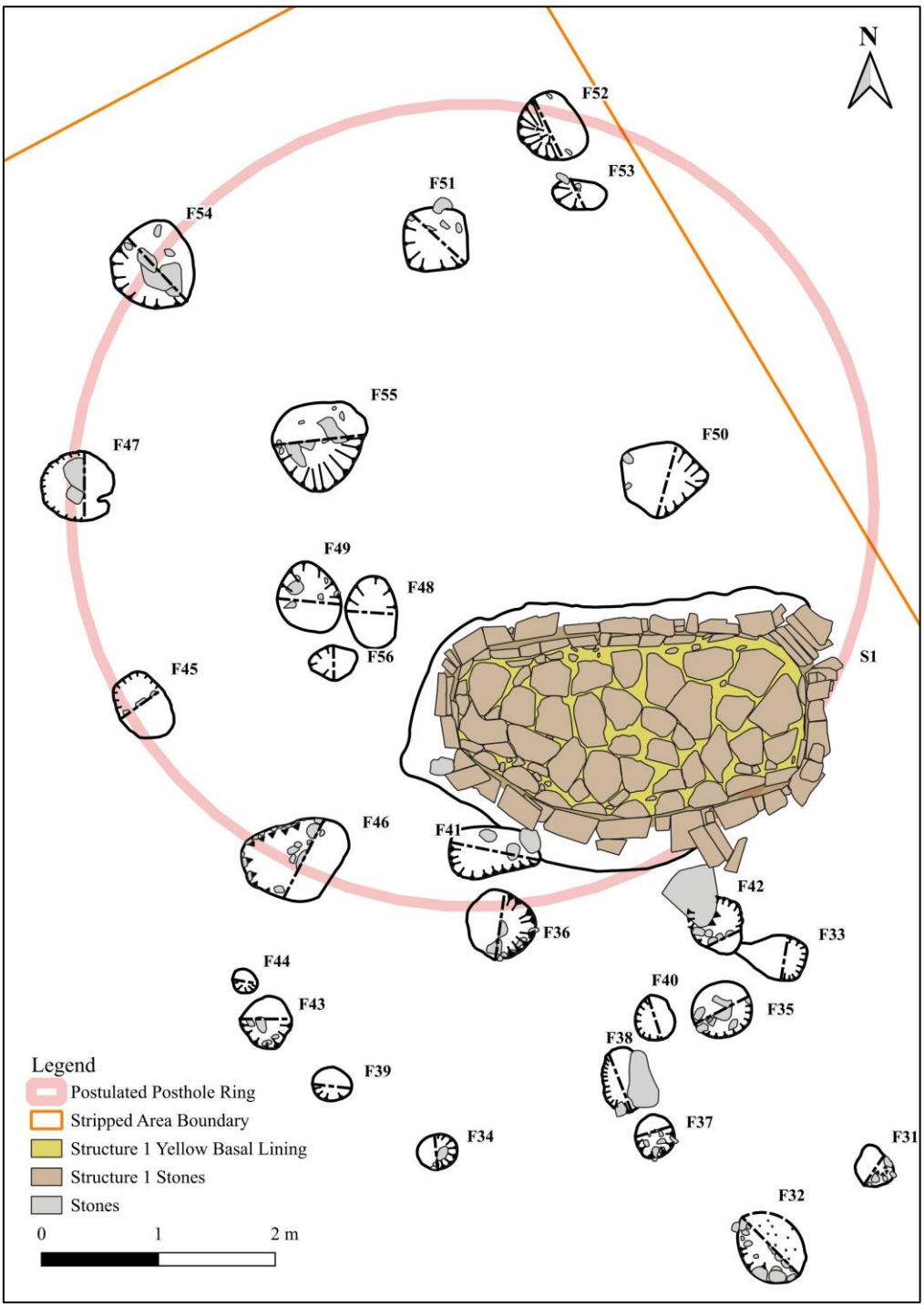


Figure 15: Overview of archaeological remains in Zone 2.

Structure 1: Construction and Fabric Details

Structure 1 consisted of a sunken Stoned Lined Feature measuring approximately 3.5m east-west by 2m north-south which was oriented on an east-west alignment. The structure was composed of a basal layer of flat stone slabs flanked by large stone blocks and boulders upon which a layer of coursed rectangular-shaped stone blocks were laid. The lower levels of these stones were invariably characterised by packed yellow clay-like bonding material, potentially acting as a sealant. The structure was built within a slightly larger sized pit measuring 3.5m east-west by 2.26m north-south (**Figure 17**). The following overview is conducted in the reverse order to which the features were excavated in order to better discuss the structure's construction and formation processes. As shown in **Figure 17**, the structure was split into four designated quadrants with the following sectioned photographs and illustrations largely referring to these.

Construction Cut

The construction cut or pit [**1442**] within which the stone structure was built was sub-oval in plan and marked by steep to vertically sloping sides, albeit with a gentler gradient on its southern boundary. The base was flat and near-rectangular shaped in plan with a slight west-east incline (see **Figure 16**).



Figure 16: View looking west showing the construction cut [1442]. 2x 1m scales. Photo-9896.

Stone Structure Construction

The half sectioning and dismantling of the structure identified a thin layer of friable mid greyish brown to orangey brown silty sand (**1447**) underlying the structure's basal floor slabs [**1446**] (see **Figure 18**). This deposit contained common rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks, though the presence of elongated root systems traceable to the surface may indicate material had been ingressed since construction. Equally, whether this material, which appeared across the whole of the cut's base, was deposited accidentally or deliberately during the construction process is difficult to interpret. However, it was observed that there was a slightly greater depth towards the lower-lying eastern end of the pit, potentially attributable to the levelling of the base for the placement of the slabs.

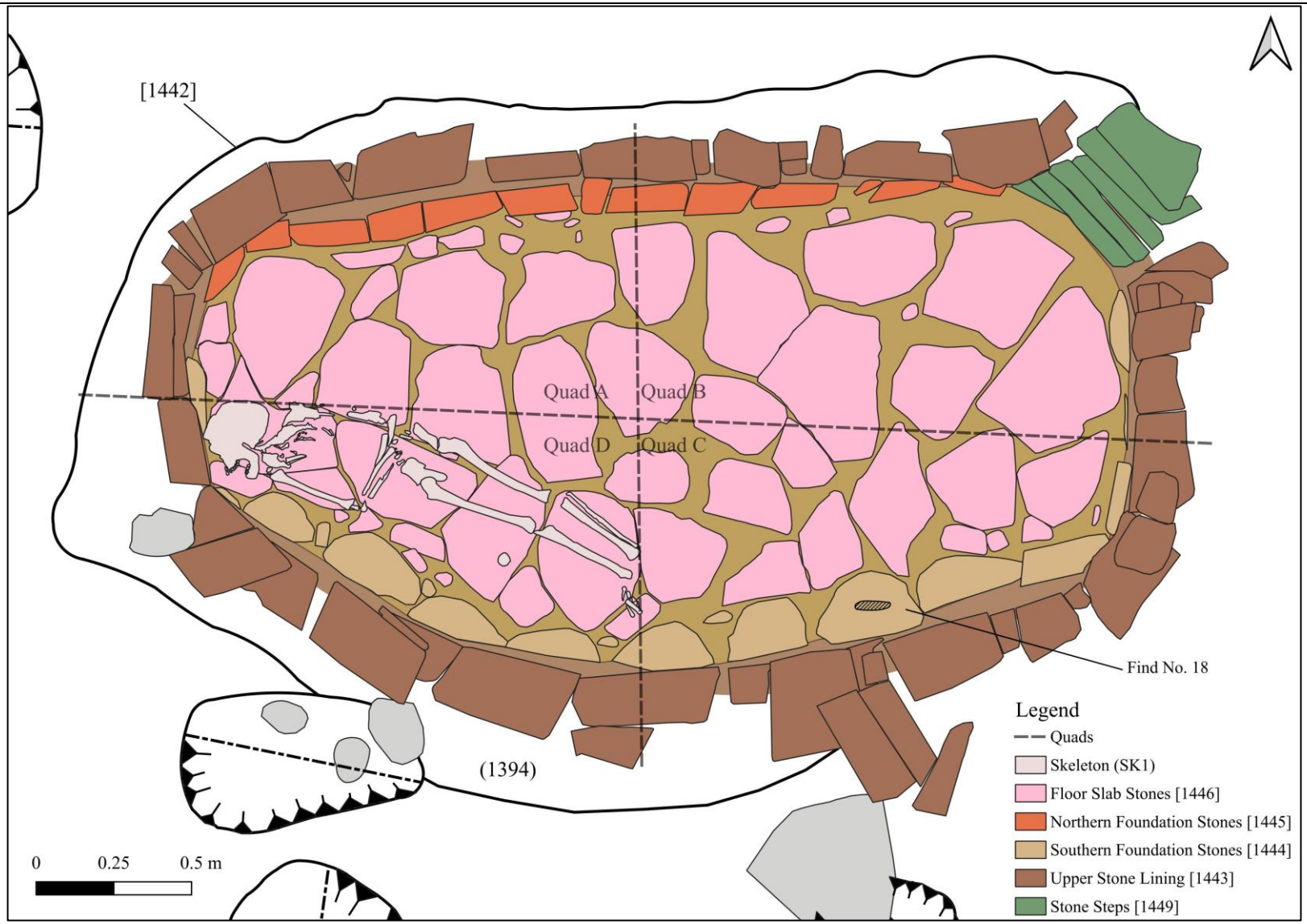


Figure 17: Plan drawing of the Stone Lined Structure with coloured components.

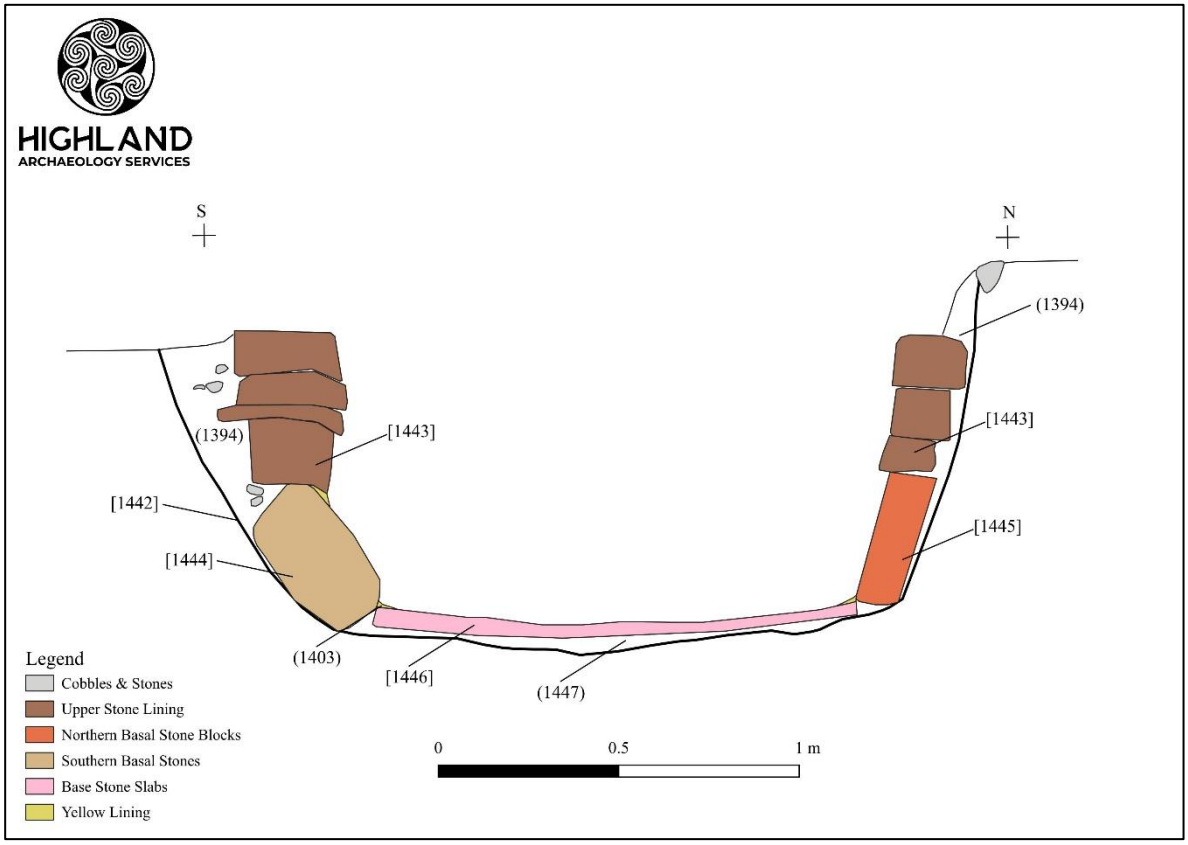


Figure 18: East facing profile of the Stone Lined Structure following its half sectioning at its central area.



Figure 19: Photograph of the structure half sectioned at its centre. 2x 1m scales. Photo- 9850.

Floor Stones

Overlying (**1447**) was a layer of stone floor slabs [**1446**] placed only within the flat internal area of the pit (see **Figure 20**). These slabs were all relatively thin in section and large in width, measuring up to 0.39m x 0.5m and packed tightly with smaller sub-angular stones and a viscous yellow daub or clay-like material (**1403**) between. These floor slabs sloped by 0.22m from the western to eastern-most end of the feature, with those placed within the centre being generally flatter than those on the outer peripheries which inclined slightly, the higher end facing the exterior.



Figure 20: View of the exposed floor stones and outlying walling looking northwest. 2x 1m scales. Photo- 9834.

Southern Basal Stone Foundation

On both sides of these floor slabs were a single row of large and thick, vertically placed boulders which acted as supporting foundations for the overlying stone-lining (see **Figure 21**). Despite their similar function the stones on both the southern and northern sides were of an entirely contrasting shape and lithological composition. Indeed, the 10 stones on the southern side [**1444**] were defined by a sub-angular to rounded shape and, excluding two outliers at the eastern and western-most ends, were composed of a very solid boulder-like stone. These were placed outwith the area in which floor slabs were laid and were near-horizontal, slightly cambered towards the base. One of these southern boulders included a grinding or knocking stone (**Find No. 18**) emplaced on the centre-west of this row with its inset cup facing outward.

Northen Basal Stone Foundation

On the opposing northern side, the basal foundation stones [**1445**] were composed of stone blocks placed near-vertically, with the larger face oriented inwards. These were considered to be of the Old Red Sandstone formation with the machine driver suggesting that a quarry situated approximately 1.1km north-northwest of the site had been utilised for a similar stone type within living memory (Pers. Comm., K. Mackay). The approximate location described matches with the position of the former Evelix Quarry (NH 7653 9073) illustrated on the 1st and 2nd Edition OS Maps at Milltown of Evelix, though only a field visit would positively confirm any similarities. Most of the basal foundation stones showed evidence for the packing of yellow daub or clay-like material between them and were occasionally inset with smaller rounded pebbles, likely sourced from the immediate area's natural subsoil.

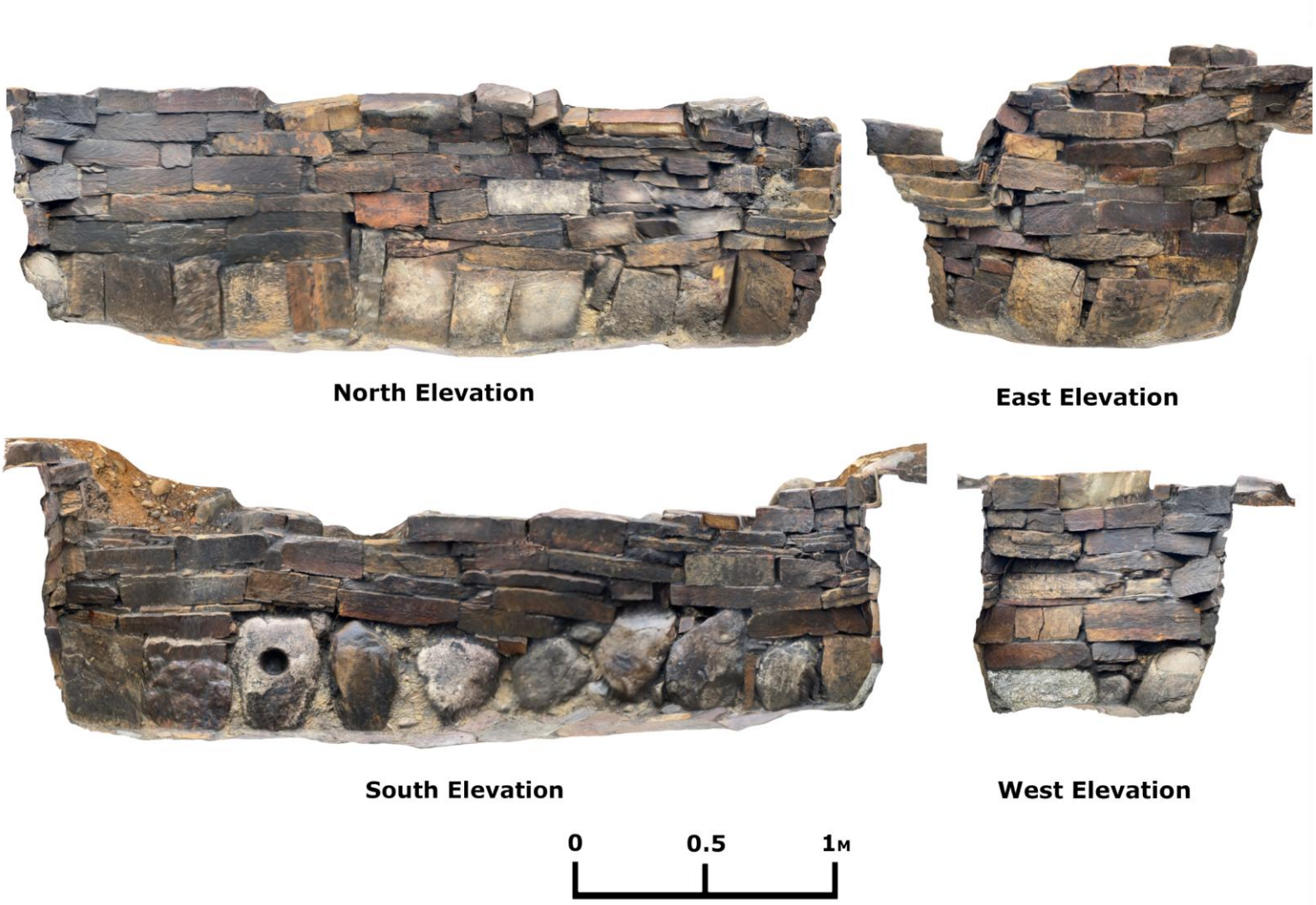


Figure 21: 3D Scanned views of each elevation within the Stone Lined Structure

Upper Stone Lining

Though constructed from the same stone type, the overlying layer [**1443**] was marked in contrast to the northern foundational stones by horizontally placed courses forming vertical walls spanning the whole exterior of the structure (see **Figure 22**). The exposure of the feature during machine excavation likely caused upper parts of the northeastern section of walling to cave inwards (see **Figure 23**). While the southern section was diminished of its upper level for the same reason. As such, the greatest height of this layer overlying the foundational stones was 0.85m at the eastern end of the structure, compared to 0.70m (west), 0.66m (north), and 0.56m (south). Only limited evidence for the presence of stone bonding with the yellow daub or clay seen elsewhere was visible on the lowest courses. This is thought to be wholly or partly attributable to its erosion or decay in proximity to the ground surface.



Figure 22: View looking west within the structure. 1x 1m scale. Photo- 9840.



Figure 23: View looking north within the structure. 1x 1m scale. Photo- 9809.

Inset Stepped Stones

At the northeastern corner a small inset flight of stone steps was identified and defined by five wide and narrow stone slabs [**1449**] with shallow spaces measuring 0.08-0.06m between each (see **Figure 24**). The uppermost stone was, as the exception, sub-angular in shape and measured approximately 0.37m in length by 0.2m in width. The remaining underlying stones were rectangular in form and measured between 0.33-0.54m in length by 0.09-0.12m in width. The lowest step was recorded as broken and slightly disjointed at its centre-point, though it is not clear whether this was deliberate or the result of accidental damage. From the mid-point of these steps, notable lumps of tightly packed yellow bonding material were observed, with particular build-up at its northwestern boundary. Underlying the basal step were range of variably sized horizontal slabs and blocks packed tightly with several small cobbles and pebbles, all of which allowed for the structure's pivot at a near right angle at this and other corners.



Figure 24: View looking northeast showing the stone steps once fully exposed. 1x 1m scale. Photo- 9836.

Exterior Pit Fill Deposits

Between the original pit cut [**1442**] and the stone blocks and slabs forming Structure 1 was a filling deposit (**1394**) composed of a brownish grey silty sand with grit, small stones and occasional charcoal flecks. This had highly diffused boundaries with an overlying and intermixed deposit (**1448**) consisting of a dark greyish brown silty sand with frequent small, rounded stones. This deposit was most visible on the north and northwest boundaries of the pit and was largely indistinguishable from the final fill (**1397**) *within* the Stone Lined Structure. The presence of rabbit bone within the upper part of this deposit would suggest its topsoil-infused composition. On the southern side of the feature a number of rounded stones and angular slabs were firmly packed between the pit cut [**1442**] and stone lining [**1443**] as shown in **Figure 25.**Within this or immediately adjacent to this context several isolated animal bones were recovered that may have been placed in the gaps between stones or gravitated there through time.



Figure 25: View looking east showing the packing stones placed between the pit's cut and internal stone lining. 1x 0.4m scale. Photo- 9864.

Structure 1 Internal Fill sequence

Basal Deposits

The interior of Structure 1 held a number of deposits associated with its infilling, these having been excavated and recorded using a quadrant system which split the structure into four areas designated A to D. The basal deposit (**1407**) immediately overlying the slabbed floor layer consisted of a mid-brownish orange sand with occasional charcoal flecks and relatively large 0.1-0.2m diameter rounded cobbles (see **Figure 29)** . This was confined to a small 0.3m wide area at the centre of the feature that was overlain by (or may have been a lense within) deposit (**1406**). This was defined by a mid to light greyish brown silty sand with very occasional small charcoal flecks and common pea gravel and rounded cobbles. Some of these cobbles appeared to be heat cracked This deposit was observed to slope from its greatest thickness of 0.1m along the northern end of the feature to terminate slightly short of the structure's southern boundary, though its boundaries were highly diffused and mostly indistinguishable from overlying layers. Overlying (**1406**) was a viscous yellow silt (**1402**) with some stones and charcoal flecks occurring in a nearly continuous layer at the northwest to north-central areas of the structure. This deposit was of the same composition as the packing material seen between the structure's stone lining and can therefore be considered to represent the slumped remains of this same material formerly attached to the walling.

Human Remains

Overlying (**1406**) and elements of (**1402**) was an adult human burial (**SK1**) laid on an east-west alignment above a slight incline of these underlying deposits at the southwestern corner of the Stone Lined Structure's internal area (see **Figure 26**). The individual's head was laid facing south with its arms crossed over one another and legs placed closed together. The left side of the body was seen to be lying on a greater thickness of fill, with a noticeably higher left leg and arm contrasting with the right arm and ribs situated on a lesser quantity of underlying material (see **Figure 27**). Both feat were elevated around 0.1m and 0.15m above the slabs with the head and shoulders on only a thin skim of (**1406**). The bone was in varying states of condition with the lower legs, feet and skull relatively robust but the ribs, pelvis and upper parts of the legs almost entirely missing or in a very fragile state.

Much of the spine was also degraded although the right arm was in a slightly better condition than the left.



Figure 26: Vertical photograph of SK1 within the feature. 2x 1m scales. Photo- DIJ449.



Figure 27: Three-dimensional scan cutout looking north showing SK1 lying on its side.

Upper Deposits

Overlying the aforementioned basal contexts was a widespread deposit, defined as (**1400)/(1401**), which was marked by a mid-greyish brown friable silty sand with common charcoal flecks and lenses and very common animal bone fragments. This fill also contained very common small to medium sized rounded cobbles, some of which appeared to be heat or fire cracked, and angular slabs alongside occasional lumps of viscous clay-like packing material. The contrast between this deposit and the underlying deposit (**1406**) was not immediately visible in any of the excavated quadrants until the northeast corner of the structure's fill was exposed, as shown in **Figure 29**. Indeed, despite its highly diffused boundaries, context (**1400)/(1401**) was observed to slope from the structure's external boundaries towards the base. This was particularly apparent on the eastern and southeastern corners of the structure, where a small 0.1m width portion of the fill was seen to extend to the highest stones within the feature. This deposit was marked in difference between overlying deposit (**1397**) by a lighter brown hue and a more friable, gravelly, and less humic texture.

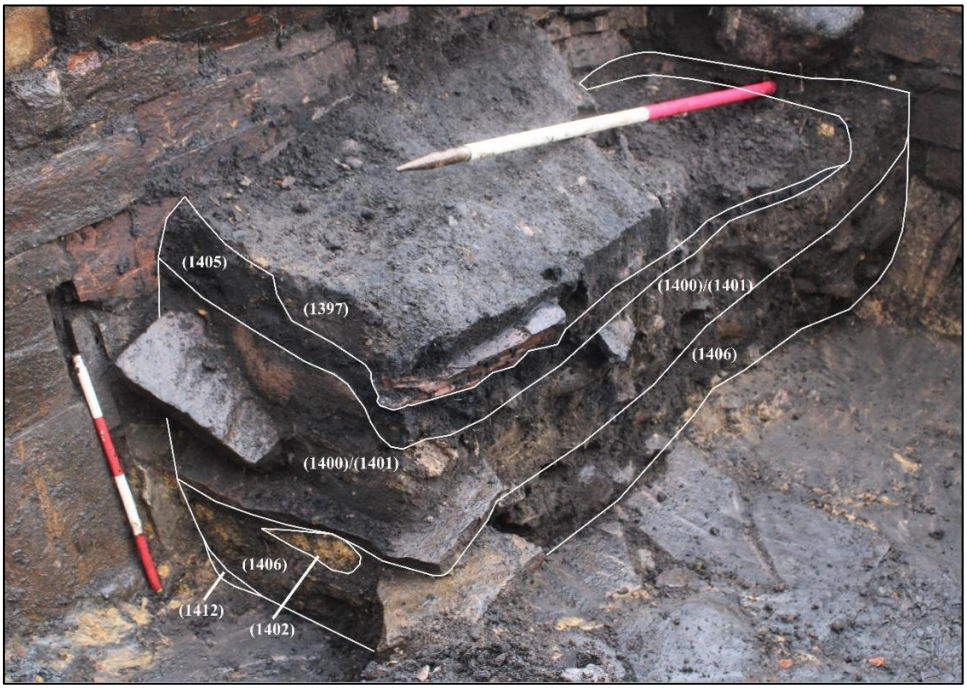


Figure 28: Annotated mid-excavation photograph looking northeast showing Quad B in the Stone Lined Structure. 1x 0.4m & 1x 1m scales. Photo- 9652.

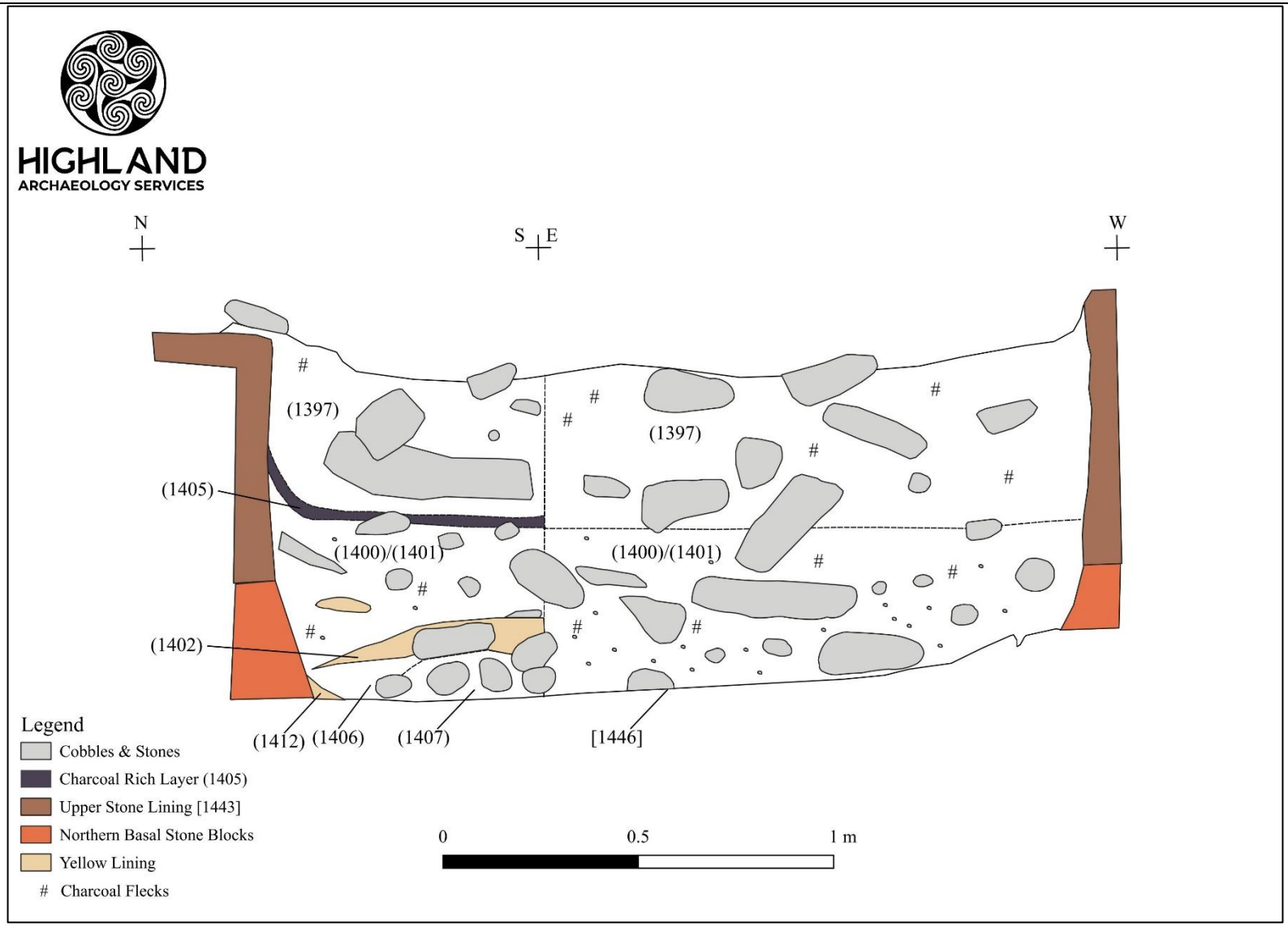


Figure 29: West and North facing sections of deposits in Quad A within the Stone Lined Structure.

Overlying (**1400**)(/**1401**) on the northeastern corner of the structure was a thin band of clearly definable charcoal rich material (**1405**), including very large burnt wood chunks. This formed a roughly concave shaped and moderately inclined slope at the Stone Lined Structure's internal edge which increased in thickness to a maximum of 0.12m at the centre-east of the structure's internal area. Despite this intense and continuous evidence for the deposition of burnt material, and in contrast to both overlying and underlying deposits, no animal bone or artefacts were found within (**1405**). This, and the spread of the material along the northern end of the structure's internal area, fits well with the likely position of a hearth within the possible structure encircling the Stone Lined Structure.

Within a confined area to the centre-east of the feature, and overlying context (**1405**), were the remains of mid greyish brown silty sand (**1413**) with common angular stones and small rounded stones. The context's occasional charcoal flecks and common flattened lumps of viscous yellow silt material were recorded immediately underlying a large stone slab. This stone was perfectly horizontal and appeared to have been deliberately placed in proximity to the staircase [**1449**] to its immediate northeast. The roughly oval shape of this deposit may point to the excavation of a cut for which it filled or may represent the deliberate backfilling of structural elements within the feature. Though of a differing composition, deposit (**1404**) consisted of a redeposited natural mid-orange sand in a gravel matrix of small, rounded stones that was excavated to the immediate south of and at a similar level to (**1413**). This deposit's lower boundaries were marked by the dark charcoal rich lenses and flecks of deposit (**1405**) which slopes slightly before terminating.



Figure 30: View of deposit (1413) underlying a large stone slab looking northeast. 1x 0.3m & 1x 0.4m scales. Photo- 9614.

Overlying (**1413**) was a continuous layer of dark greyish brown soft sandy silt (**1397**) with common small to medium sized rounded pebbles, occasional very large, rounded cobbles and occasional boulder-like stones at the structure's eastern end. Also, common tumbled fragments of slightly dressed sandstone blocks were found, these being the same as those lining the structure. Charcoal flecks and small chunks and lenses of viscous yellow silt material were also relatively common, particularly on the contact boundary with (**1405**). The occasional animal bone recovered from within this context appeared comparatively degraded and spongey when compared to underlying deposits,

likely due to greater exposure to bioturbation, burrowing, and rooting. Within or abutting this context were three larger rounded stones packed tightly into the northeastern corner (see **Figure 31**), ostensibly to block up the stepped entrance into the structure. To the immediate west of these stones, a broken steatite bowl (**Find no.13**) and metal slag (**Find no. 11**) material were recovered at relatively shallow depths.



Figure 31: View looking northeast showing the blocked-up entrance steps during excavation. 1x 1m scale. Photo- 9675.

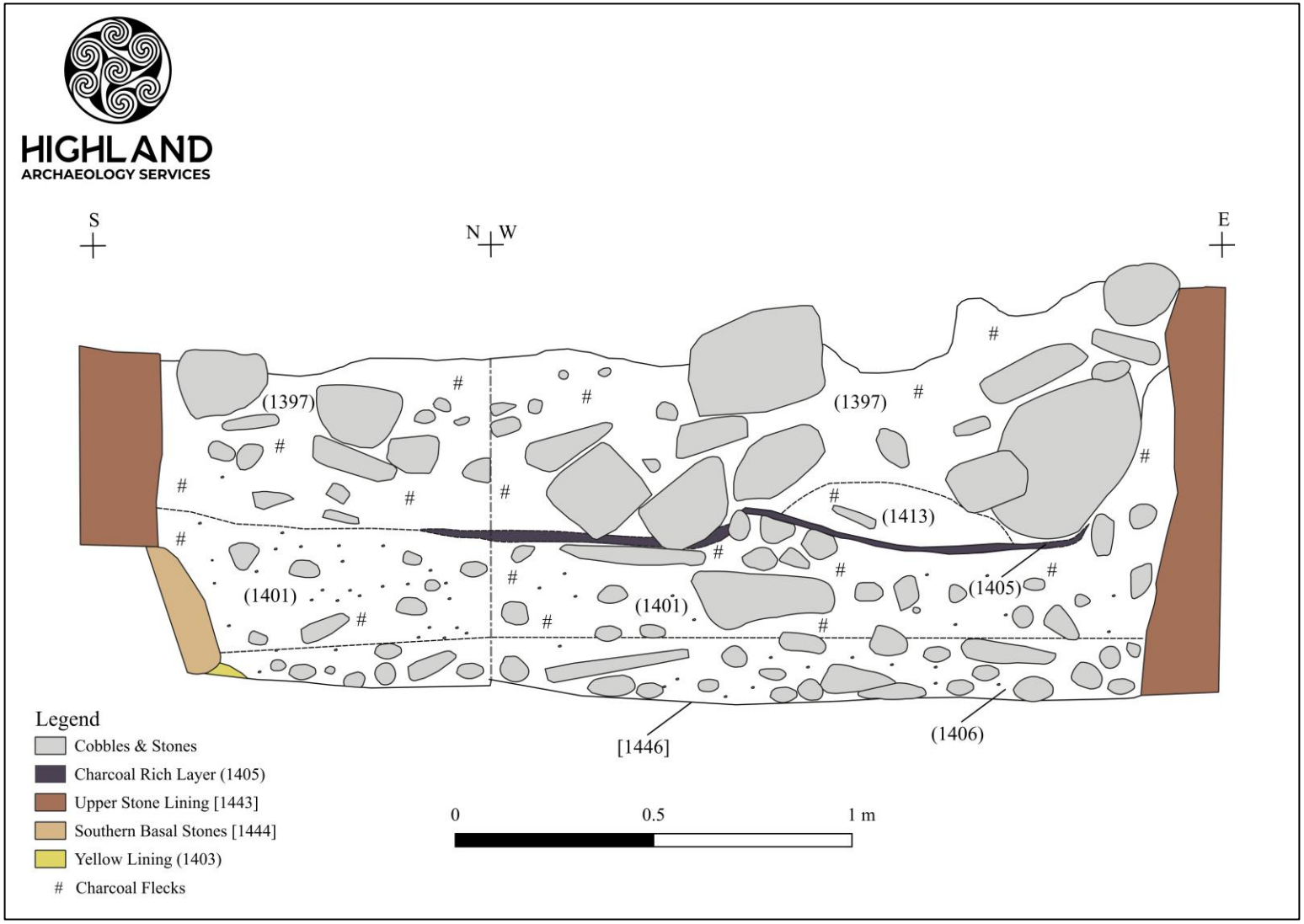


Figure 32: East and south facing sections of deposits in Quad C of the Stone Lined Structure.

Exterior Features

A total of 26 single cut and fill features were excavated within Zone 2 surrounding Structure 1. Of these, 16 were interpreted as postholes; five pits or postholes, three pits and two postholes/pits or stone throws. Considered by length in plan, 92% of these features measured between 0.3-0.8m with the majority around 0.6m. The cut with the greatest diameter was **Feature 41** consisting of an elongated, roughly elliptical to oval shaped pit measuring 0.8m in length (see **Figure 33).** This Feature was particularly notable for cutting the outer packing fill (**1394**) of the construction cut for the Stone Lined Structure, ostensibly indicating its excavation at a later date to the building of the structure. This may be further supported by the presence of a large packing stone at the base of posthole **Feature 42**, also offset slightly to the south of Structure 1, which shows close parallels to the stone used within the lining itself. This may indicate that the stone lining was pilfered for constructing adjacent structural elements of the roundhouse or indicate their construction at a contemporary date. Considered by depth, the greatest number (42%) of the cut features measured between 0.1-0.2m, while none extended beyond 0.5m. This suggests a degree of truncation in this area backed up by the lack of hearth or floor deposits.



Figure 33: Pre excavation plan view of Feature 41 looking west. 0.4m scale & 1m scale. Photo- 9502.

Considered by size and distribution, a ring of possible postholes is thought to have encircled the Stone Lined Structure, forming an arc most visible on its western extent - the eastern section having been destroyed by quarrying activity. Internally, this would place the Stone Lined Structure at the southeast corner of a possible roundhouse, with a scatter of several variably sized cuts within this area potentially reflecting the location of internal features. The shallowness of deposits within Zone 2 is thought to have led to the destruction of any hearth related cuts or material. Though the aforementioned spread of charcoal-rich material sloping from north to south within Structure 1 may point to the hearth's position at the centre of the post ring. The presence of the steps leading into the structure on its northeast corner further strengthens the assertion that activity centred to the immediate north of the feature. This said, the features may belong to entirely disparate phases of activity and, as such, radiocarbon dating is required to confirm their relationship.

A possible line of four postholes between Features 44-34 to the southwest of Zone 2 and a relatively concentrated group of cuts to the southeast may indicate the position of exterior screen or an entrance/ porch area.

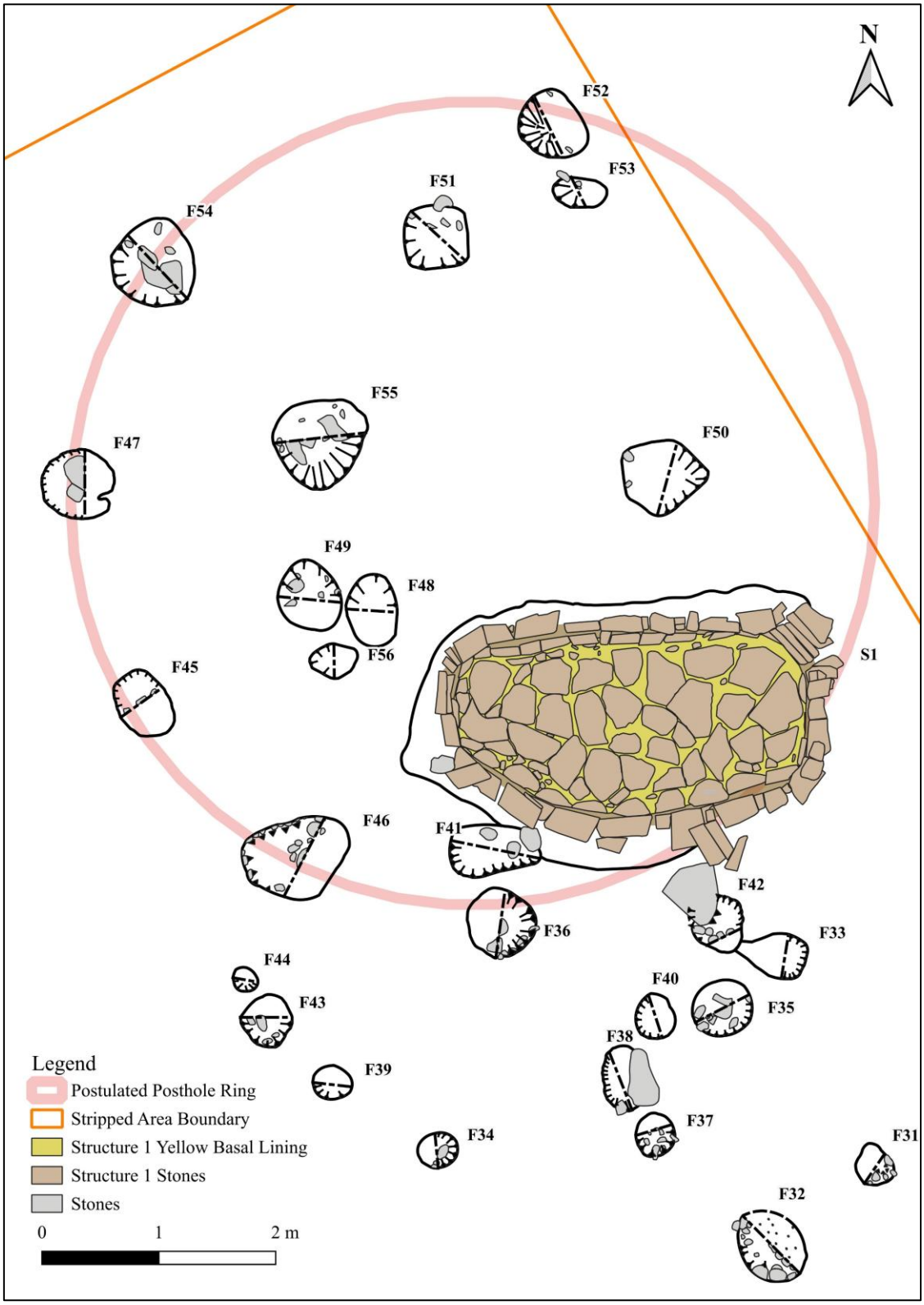


Figure 34: Overview of archaeological remains in Zone 2.

ZONE 3

Zone 3 was characterised by two isolated features consisting of a small and shallow posthole (**Feature 57**) situated at the base of the Esker (which bisects the site), and two adjacent, possibly connected pits (**Features 58**) on the sloping ground to the northwest of the site. A modern extant drainage ditch, excavated by the landowner within recent memory, passed through the excavated area and was identified in parallel with a significant buildup of hill-washed sand at the base of this slope. **Feature 58** was dominated by frequent large animal, likely bovine bones (see **Figure 35**), though was not excavated as further machine disturbance was not foreseen for the construction of a track within this area. The animal bone is considered to be relatively modern given its good condition and the feature was subsequently re-covered to avoid further damage.



Figure 35: View looking northwest showing Pits [1408] on upper right and Pit [1410] on lower left within Feature 58 once exposed. 2x 1m scales. Photo- 9596.

Summary of Finds

Eighteen individual find numbers were assigned during this phase of the watching brief, the majority of which were composed of animal bone, though also included notable material culture of probable Iron Age date including a shale bangle, steatite bowl, and two grinding or knocking stones.

A shale bangle fragment (**Find No. 1**) was recovered from the middle fill (**1305**) within the large pit [**1303**], Feature 1. This is likely to be of a Iron Age date, with similar examples having been recovered from High Pasture Cave.[10] The bangle is 5g in weight and measures 6.3cm width x 0.5cm thick. No clear decorative features could be noted, though two isolated incised lines or scratches were observed on one side while a ridge extended across the internal face on both sides of the object.

Two grinding or knocking stones, consisting of large, rounded stones/boulders with a hollowed cup-shaped insert were found one in Zone 1 and in Zone 2. The first, (**Find No. 2**) was found broken in half within a stone dump (**1304**) at the base of the large pit [**1303**], Feature 1. The lower section of this object was not retained. A slightly larger grinding/knocking stone (**Find No. 18**) was found built into Structure 1 southern basal stone foundation within context [**1444**].

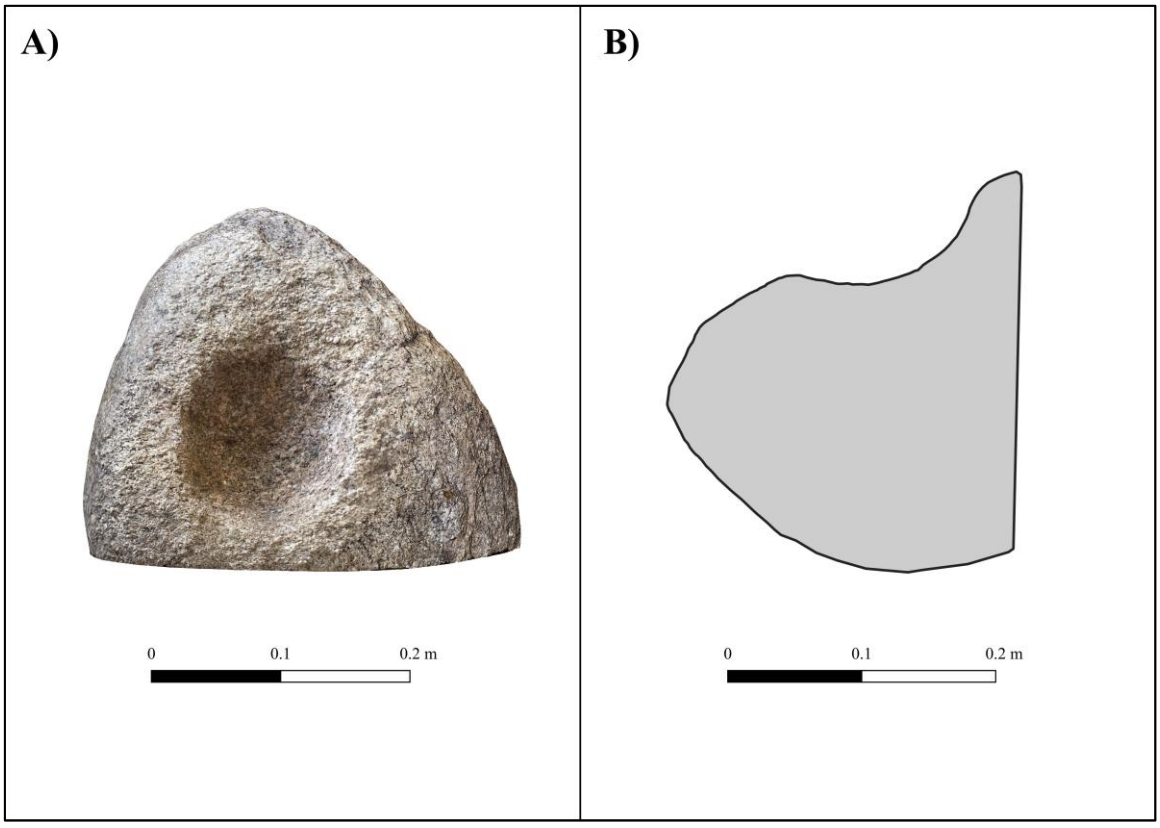


Figure 36: Frontal (A) and sectional (B) view of broken knocking or grinding stone Find No. 2.

[10] Bich & Mackenzie, 2025, p. 321-322



Figure 37: Fragment of a shale bangle, Find No. 1.

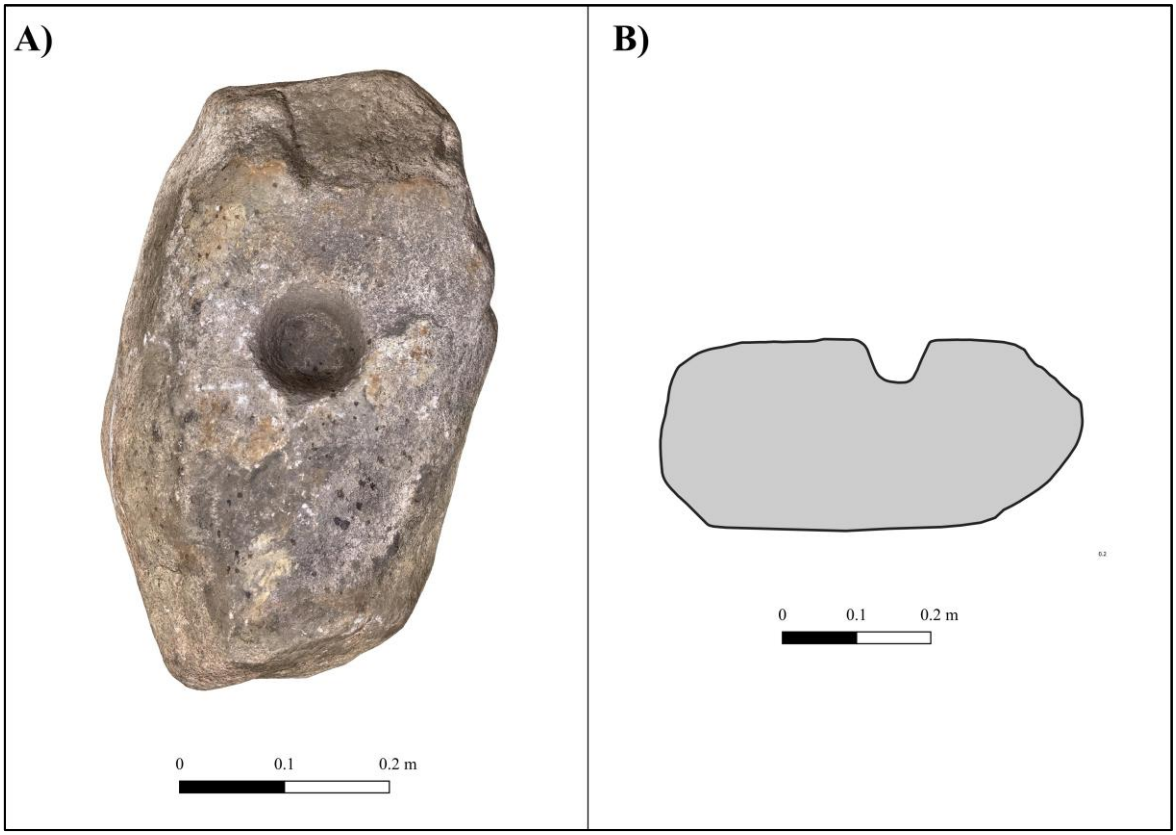


Figure 38: Frontal (A) and sectional (B) view of knocking or grinding stone Find No. 18.

An amorphous chunk of probable iron slag (**Find No. 11**) broken into two fragments was recovered at the furthest northeast corner of the Stone Lined Structure within the highest filling deposit (**1397**), and slightly below the highest stones of the surrounding stone walling.



Figure 39: Fragmented slag, Find No. 11.

A half-broken steatite stone bowl (**Find No. 13**) was recovered from Quad B within the uppermost fill (**1397**) of the Stone Lined Structure and is at present thought to be of an Iron Age date.



Figure 40: Steatite bowl, Find No. 13.

A single lump of yellow clay-like silt (**Find No. 9**) was recovered among a large quantity of animal bone in Quad B of the Stone Lined Structure.



Figure 41: Yellow clay-like lump, Find No. 9.

Thirteen individual find numbers were assigned to a significant quantity of animal bones found in a number of deposits, including (**1394**), (**1397**), (**1398**), (**1399**), (**1400**), (**1401**), (**1444**) and (**1448**), within the Stone Lined Structure. A total of over 3kg of bone was recovered. The vast majority of the bones are thought to be mammal and were in varying states of preservation. In general, the closer to the surface the bones were found the poorer their condition but nearly all show signs of abrasion or damage and there are many small fragments. This indicates that most if not all the bone was disarticulated and may have been moved around before it was deposited. A few examples appear to have been broken open, perhaps to extract marrow although no obvious knife marks were noted during excavation or cleaning. At least one example appears to be heat affected leaving a calcified, white appearance. Clearly identifiable bones include vertebra, femur fragments and teeth. It is thought likely that both cow (bovine), sheep/goat (ovicaprine) and rabbit (lepus) are represented. It is also clear that a specialist would easily draw much more information from these remains.



Figure 42: A selection of animal bones recovered in deposit (1401), Find No. 8.

Discussion and Conclusions

The first phase of watching brief at Evelix Quarry in 2026 resulted in the identification and excavation of three isolated clusters of pits and postholes, two of which are thought to represent the remains of probable Iron Age structures and/or centres of activity. These zones, situated to the northeast of the watched area, are considered highly significant due to the presence of dateable artefacts and ecofacts among stratified deposits. This was typified by a large and deep conical pit within Zone 1 containing shell midden material, a shale bangle fragment, and a broken grinding or knocking stone. However, the excavation of a sunken Stone Lined Structure containing an adult human inhumation under and overlain by several infilled deposits pushes the site to one of regional or national significance. A modern water pipe trench running north-south through the excavated area, as well as an extant, roughly east-west aligned drainage ditch are not considered archaeologically significant- both being noted during the evaluation phase.

The nature and distribution of the 29 cut features within Zone 1 are generally disorganised and poorly decipherable, representing either a partially truncated structure, boundary fence(s) and/or a disparate group of posts. Patterns can, nonetheless, be seen in the formation of three pairs of postholes characterised by a larger posthole in close proximity to a smaller one, potentially representing a form of abutment or modification. These were nonetheless at right angles to one another and did not form a cohesive whole.

By comparison, the nature and distribution of the 26 cut features within Zone 2 points to a more distinct round structure, likely representing the remains of a roundhouse. However, the absence of a clear hearth within the probable arc of postholes prevents complete certainty as to its original function. To the southeast of this possible structure's internal area was an elliptically shaped, sunken Stone Lined Structure constructed within a steeply to vertically sided, flat-based pit. This structure was formed at its base of flat floor slabs, while the lower part of the walls consisted of rounded boulders and angular blocks, these being of an entirely contrasting type between the north and south faces. These, as well as the overlying series of roughly squared sandstone blocks set in regular horizontal courses, were bonded at the base with a viscous clay-like material that may have acted to prevent collapse and/or provide a waterproof sealant. The presence of a human burial at the southwest corner of the feature, partially sitting on a layer of sloping, infilled material may indicate that the structure had gone out of use by the time it was used to lay out this individual. This may represent a ritual closing event, an assertion possibly supported by the presence of large quantities of animal bone concentrated on its southern side. A further deposit of charcoal-rich material, likely derived from a hearth, as well as the apparent blocking up of the entrance steps into the structure further supports this assertion.

As to the structure's original function, it has been suggested that the presence of packing material between the wall and base stones acted as a sealant for the retention of liquid. This may have served an entirely practical purpose as a cistern, though the excavation of a broadly similar water-bearing stone lined structure at the Cairns Broch in Orkney may point to a more ritualised function. Indeed, in this case it was noted that the feature's size was not enough to allow effective water storage, while a more ceremonial function was hinted at by the constricted entrance and steep staircase which facilitated its entry.[11] Given the combined evidence, as well as the knowledge that the River Evelix is situated in easy reach of the site, it seems possible that the original function and final use of the structure was heavily associated with a less practical purpose. Further analysis has the potential to yield significant additional information particularly on the individual.

Recommendations

Further watching brief of the remainder of the quarry extension area will take place in the near future and, as such, close attention will be made to any further archaeology's relationship with those features discussed in this report. In view of these discoveries the following recommendations are made for the post-excavation stage of the current project:

- A select number of environmental samples taken from excavated features recorded in Zones 1-2 should be processed by flotation in order to recover all bone, charred Plant remains and other cultural material that is present.
- The charred Plant remains should be assessed by a qualified palaeoenvironmental specialist and carried forward to full analysis and reporting if appropriate.
- The assemblages of human remains should be examined and reported by an appropriate specialist.
- Other cultural material including the shale bangle, knocking/grinding stones, slag and marine molluscs from the shell-midden in Zone 1 should be examined and reported by appropriate specialists

[11] UHI Cairns Website *The broch 'well'*

- Material from appropriate contexts that is suitable for radiocarbon dating should be submitted for precision AMS (Accelerator Mass Spectrometer) radiocarbon determinations.
- A final report should be prepared upon the completion of the assessment and analysis stage that details the overall results of the project and the archaeological conclusions that can be drawn from the evidence recovered during the watching brief.
- Further dissemination work including publication and presentations to the general public should be undertaken to highlight this important discovery.

All the post excavation work will be costed and agreed with the client in advance and will be set out in more detail in a post excavation research design (PERD) to be agreed with the Highland Councils Historic Environment Team before further work is undertaken.

Archive

A copy of this report will be deposited with the Highland Council for inclusion in the Historic Environment Record and with OASIS under report number **highland4-542162**. A summary report will automatically be sent to DES and the project archive will be submitted to HES following completion. The site archive comprises digital records including photographs, registers and GIS files as well as drawings. These will be processed and submitted to HES following completion of the project in accordance with their published guidance.

All recovered artefacts will be submitted to Treasure Trove to be considered for deposition within a local museum. This will be done following specialist analysis of the material culture and the production of the final report.

References

Guidance

ALGAO Scotland Before the Museum: Guidance on the transfer of Archaeological Assemblages in Scotland from Developer Funded Projects 2025 https://algao.org.uk/algao-scotland-museum

CIFA 2023 'Standards and Guidance' various documents Digital available at: https://www.archaeologists.net/codes/cifa

Highland Council 2012 '*Highland Council Standards For Archaeological Work*' [.PDF] Inverness, Highland Council. Available at: https://www.highland.gov.uk/downloads/file/1022/standards_for_archaeological_work

Scottish Strategic Archaeology Committee (SSAC) 2016 '*Scotland's Archaeology Strategy'* [.PDF] Edinburgh, SSAC. Available at: http://archaeologystrategy.scot/

Grey Literature & Publications

McKeggie, L. 2020 '*Evelix Quarry, Dornoch: Evaluation Trenching DSR*' Highland Archaeology Services, accessed: https://her.highland.gov.uk/Event/EHG5767

Robins, G. 1998, '*Evelix Farm, Dornoch: Top-soil strip on proposed site of sand & gravel quarry*' North Highland Archaeology, accessed: https://her.highland.gov.uk/Event/EHG125

Stirling, L. 2024 '*Camore Wood Settlement (SM5898) Dornoch, Archaeological Recording and Remedial Works: Final Report*' AOC Archaeology, accessed: https://her.highland.gov.uk/Event/EHG6103

Young, A., 2019 '*Dornoch Bridge Quarry, Evelix, Dornoch, Highland, Archaeological Evaluation Project Final Report*', Highland Archaeology Services, accessed: https://her.highland.gov.uk/Event/EHG5372

Birch, S.A. and Mackenzie, J.T. (2025) High Pasture Cave: ritual, memory, and identity in the Iron Age of Skye. Oxford: Oxbow Books.

Kennedy, K. and Davis, T., (2025). *Evaluation at Evelix Quarry*. Culbokie: Highland Archaeology Services. EQE25-005.

Historic Mapping

Ordnance Survey, 1874, 1st Edition 6 inch, *Sutherland, Sheet CXII & CXIII*, Surveyed 1874, Published: 1878. Accessed: https://maps.nls.uk/view/228781363 & https://maps.nls.uk/view/228781366

Ordnance Survey, 1904, 2nd edition 25 inch, *Sutherland CXII.8 & CXIII.5*, surveyed 1904, Published 1906. Accessed: https://maps.nls.uk/view/82907556 & https://maps.nls.uk/view/82907574

Roy's Military Map of Scotland, 1747-52, copyright the British Library. Accessed: https://maps.nls.uk/geo/explore/#zoom=14.4&lat=57.87132&lon=-4.07783&layers=3&b=ESRIWorld&o=100

Web Sources

British Geological Survey available at https://geologyviewer.bgs.ac.uk/

Highland Council HER: Historic Environment Record available at: https://her.highland.gov.uk/

Historic Land Use Map, Available at https://hlamap.org.uk/

LiDAR Mapping, Available at https://maps.nls.uk/geo/explore/side-by-side/#zoom=6.3&lat=57.25140&lon=-2.69615&layers=LIDAR_DTM_1m&right=ESRIWorld
National Record of the Historic Environment accessed via Pastmap at: https://pastmap.org.uk/map

OS1/33/9: Sutherland county, volume 9, parish and burgh of Dornoch. OS Name Books Accessed via: https://www.scotlandspeople.gov.uk/virtual-volumes/os-name-books-main

National Record of the Historic Environment accessed via Pastmap at: https://pastmap.org.uk/map

UHI Cairns Website The broch 'well' available at: https://archaeologyorkney.com/the-cairns/the-broch/the-well/ (visited 15/05/2026)

Statistical Accounts

Gordon, J. ed. *The New Statistical Account of Scotland / by the ministers of the respective parishes, under the superintendence of a committee of the Society for the Benefit of the Sons and Daughters of the Clergy.* Dornoch, Sutherland, Vol. 15, Edinburgh: Blackwoods and Sons, 1845, p. 1. University of Edinburgh, University of Glasgow. (1999) The Statistical Accounts of Scotland online service: https://stataccscot.edina.ac.uk:443/link/nsa-vol15-p1-parish-sutherland-dornoch

Sinclair, Sir John. The Statistical Account of Scotland, Dornoch, Sutherland, Vol. 8, Edinburgh: William Creech, 1793, p. 1. University of Edinburgh, University of Glasgow. (1999) The Statistical Accounts of Scotland online service: https://stataccscot.ed.ac.uk:443/link/osa-vol8-p1-parish-sutherland-dornoch

Appendices

Appendix A: Tables

Table 1: DBA Points

DBA No.	Name	Description	HHER ID	NRHE ID	Designation ID	Easting	Northing	Period
DBA1	Camore Wood, Settlement	21 Hut circles within Camore wood. These vary in size from 14m to 6.5m across. This covers the Scheduled hut circles other hut circles are not covered in this DBA point	MHG11794, MHG32283, MHG32284, MHG32285, MHG32286, MHG32287, MHG32290, MHG32291, MHG32292, MHG32294, MHG32295, MHG32296, MHG32297, MHG32299, MHG32300, MHG32303, MHG32309, MHG32310, MHG32311, MHG32312, MHG33451, MHG41248, MHG41845, MHG48758, MHG48761, MHG48763, MHG48765, MHG48768	275266, 275267, 275268, 275269, 275272, 275273, 275275, 275276, 275277, 275280	SM5898	277243	889424	Bronze Age

DBA No.	Name	Description	HHER ID	NRHE ID	Designation ID	Easting	Northing	Period
DBA2	Davochfin, Chambered Cairn	Remains of an Orkney-Cromarty chambered cairn 17m by 14m and up to 1.5m high. Within Camore wood. At least three slabs are visible in the cairn. This cairn is scheduled	MHG11749	14614	SM5493	277171	889701	Neolithic
DBA3	Evelix Bridge, Chambered Cairn	Orkney-Cromarty round cain with parts of passage and chamber still extant. Around 21 metres across with stone evident. Scheduled	MHG11752	14617	SM1789	276354	889993	Neolithic
DBA4	Evelix Old Bridge	Single span rubble built bridge with dressed rubble arch over River Evelix. Thought to have been constructed by Thomas Telford c.1815. Category B Listed	MHG11743	14846	LB609	276842	890451	
DBA5	Evelix Farm	Farm buildings including multi phase barn complex shown as roofed E shape on 1st edition map (1874). Additionally, two semi-detached farm houses are currently visible to the north west of the barn with a single structure shown on first edition.	MHG23793	112305	-	276903	890519	Post Medieval
DBA6	Evelix Cottage	A possible late C19 steading at Evelix. The cottage appears on both the 1st and 2nd edition OS Map which puts it at the latest possible date of 1875, although an earlier date is probable. A photographic survey was undertaken under the conditions of a planning application, in July 2007	MHG51201	-	-	277078	890593	Post Medieval

DBA No.	Name	Description	HHER ID	NRHE ID	Designation ID	Easting	Northing	Period
DBA7	Evelix House	A house apparently referenced in 'The Industrial Archaeology of Sutherland (A Scottish Highland Economy 1700-1900)' by Sinclair B Calder, 1974	MHG11741	14844	-	276926	890016	Post Medieval
DBA8	MD assemblage - Camore	13 finds from metal detecting 'near Camore wood'. Including part of a ring headed pin, highland brooches, buckles and an example of a 17th-18th century Jew's harp. Also included is a lid from a 17th century weight set made in Nuremberg. Findspot is a grid square corner.	MHG61261	-	-	277000	890100	Early Historic & Post Medieval
DBA9	Court House Nr Evelix Farmhouse	The location of a court house dating to the 1600's is recorded at this location. It was apparently later made into a barn before being demolished. It accordingly survived as ruins in 1971 when visited by the OS. A gallows tree is also noted to have been close by.	MHG11737	14840	-	277039	890019	Post Medieval
DBA10	Cnoc Chaisteal, Evelix	The reputed site of a watch tower from 1570 on a high peace of ground with good views. Despite the story no good evidence for the structure is noted apart from a flattened peace of ground reported in 1955 and not apparently visible in 1971.	MHG11736	14839	-	277740	890010	Post Medieval
DBA11	Curling Pond - Loch-An-Treel	Records including photographs exist in Historylinks Museum, Dornoch of this Lochen being used for curling in 1920s, 1930s and 1970s.	MHG61288	-	-	277850	889963	Post Medieval
DBA12	Cairn, Camore Wood	The site of one of many cairns in Camore woods this example is not designated	MHG11793,	14624	-	277190	889740	Bronze Age?

DBA No.	Name	Description	HHER ID	NRHE ID	Designation ID	Easting	Northing	Period
DBA13	Hut Circle, Camore Wood	A hut circle part of MH11794 is also recorded at this location this is the most northerly of this group and somewhat isolated from the rest.	MH11794	-	-	277194	889749	Bronze Age
DBA14	Hut Circle, Camore Wood	A hut circle within the MH11794 main area is also recorded separately at this location. It appears to have been recorded by plan table survey by the Dornoch heritage Society in 1994 and the plan is available on the HER	MHG33450	-	-	277909	889506	Bronze Age
DBA15	Hut Circle, Camore Wood	This hut circle was recorded here during survey work in this area of Dornoch parish in 1993 within the MH11794 main area. It apparently measures 7m in diameter and is located on the S slope of the hillside. There is an E entrance and the interior had two trees which have blown over, revealing a lot of water-rounded stones, forming part of the structure. This circle is not designated.	MHG48759, MHG32298	275271	-	277400	889540	Bronze Age
DBA16	Hut Circle, Camore Wood	The remains of the south wall of a hut circle apparently located right on the edge of the wood and reported as damaged by a ditch and dear fence within the MH11794 main area. This was apparently first described by the RCAHMS in 1911 and visited in 1993 by S J T Robertson. This is undesignated.	MHG48769, MHG32308	275281	-	277380	889330	Bronze Age
DBA17	Hut Circle, Close to Camore Wood	A hut circle forming part of the MH11794 group is recorded at this location however it appears to be in open ploughed field and nothing is visible in the LiDAR images. This is undesignated	MH11794	-	-	277353	889323	Bronze Age

DBA No.	Name	Description	HHER ID	NRHE ID	Designation ID	Easting	Northing	Period
DBA18	Hut Circle, Camore Wood	An undesignated hut circle is recorded at this location by the Dornoch Heritage Society (Site K 15). They record it as c14m in diameter with a wall spread to 2m. The entrance is apparently in the ENE and a lynchet (bank) supposedly curves to W from NW arc of the hut.	MHG32302	-	-	277180	889460	Bronze Age
DBA19	Cairn, Camore Woods	A cairn is marked at this location on the 1st edition OS map. Now the site of a quarry (DBA 20)	MHG32301	-	-	277110	889410	Bronze Age?
DBA20	Quarry, Camore Wood	Site of apparently disused quarry	MHG52768	-	-	277090	889400	Post Medieval
DBA21	Hut Circle and cairn, Camore Wood	Apparent site of undesignated Hut circle and cairn damaged by quarry. Recorded by Dornoch Heritage Society as Site M 18. Noted as c9.5m N-S with wall spread to c4m. There was apparently evidence of an entrance in W but this was damaged along with the destruction of the E arc of the hut.	MHG11794, MHG32304, MHG41870, MHG48762	275274	-	277041	889377	Bronze Age
DBA22	Hut Circle, Camore Wood	An undesignated hut circle is recorded at this location, within the MHG11794 area. recorded by the Dornoch Heritage Soc as site V 27. the circle was set into W slope and c8m diameter. The wall spread is recorded as c2m with no entrance visible. It was attached to NNE circular hollow c4m diameter and bounded by traces of stone wall which extends from S side of the hut	MHG32295	-	-	277280	889120	Bronze Age

DBA No.	Name	Description	HHER ID	NRHE ID	Designation ID	Easting	Northing	Period
DBA23	Hut Circle, Camore Wood	An undesignated hut circle within MHG11794 area and recorded separately as part of that record. It was also recorded by the Dornoch Heritage Society as site U 26. It is apparently c10m in diameter with wall spread to c3m. The W quadrant is recorded as destroyed.	MHG32288, MHG48767, MHG11794	275279	-	277221	889032	Bronze Age
DBA24	Hut Circle, Camore Wood	An undesignated hut circle within MHG11794 area and recorded separately as part of that record. Also recorded by Dornoch Heritage Society as site Y 30. Noted as c10m in diameter with wall spread up to c 2.5m. No entrance was visible.	MHG32289, MHG11794	-	-	277260	889020	Bronze Age
DBA25	Hut Circle, Camore Wood/ Davochfin Farm	The record for an undesignated isolated hut circle is noted as part of the MHG11794 group outwith the Camore wood at Davochfin Farm. This is a record apparently created based on the first edition map where a round feature is noted agenised the north wall of the E shaped barn at the farm.	MHG11794	-	-	277536	889138	Bronze Age
DBA26	Davochfin Farm	A farm with house and large barn depicted on the first edition map surveyed 1874. No details are given on the record	MHG19608, MHG23864	112310	-	277549	889087	Post Medieval
DBA27	Possible Ring-ditch, Cyderhall	A possible cropmark feature from aerial photo supplied by Jim Bone.	MHG29478	-	-	277000	888900	Prehistoric?
DBA28	Hut Circle, Sydera Wood	A possible hut circle recorded in 1993 in Sydera Wood	MHG48771	275283	-	276680	888920	Prehistoric?
DBA29	Hut Circle, Sydera Wood	A possible hut circle recorded by Dornoch Heritage Society as Site 39 in Sydera Wood	MHG32281	-	-	276570	888930	Bronze Age?

DBA No.	Name	Description	HHER ID	NRHE ID	Designation ID	Easting	Northing	Period
DBA30	Cyderhall Farm, Field System	No description available	MHG14303	-	-	276390	888800	?
DBA31	Settlement Cyderhall Farm	Record includes a plan by the Dornoch Heritage Society from 1989 showing what appear to be footings of four or five sub rectangular structures in an area that is now a quarry. Plan describes this as an 'Eviction Settlement'	MHG14302	-	-	276000	889000	Post Medieval
DBA32	Hut Circle, Sydera Wood	An undesignated hut circle is recorded in 1993 a little beyond the west side of Sydera Wood. It is described as mainly destroyed but with an entrance on the north side.	MHG48770, MHG32280	275282	-	276470	889150	Bronze Age
DBA33	Cyderhall Burial	The reputed burial site of Eral Sigurd or Sigurd the Powerful d.875AD on a natural mound or twin toped hillock. The area is now a quarry and no further evidence is presented.	MHG12994	14640	-	276230	889150	Early Historic?
DBA34	Dornoch Bridge Quarry	This location is recorded as a funerary site on the national record with an Iron Age designation. It is likely linked to trial trenching from a little to the north east were Iron Aged cremations were found (see PAWS).		358245	-	276260	889220	Iron Age
DBA35	Ring Ditch, River Evelix	This is a record created based on an aerial photograph taken in 1977 by RCAHMS. The area has since been trial trenched (see PAWS)	MHG11828	14627	-	276280	889370	?

DBA No.	Name	Description	HHER ID	NRHE ID	Designation ID	Easting	Northing	Period
DBA36	Possible Henge, Sydera Wood	A 13m by 8m ditched enclosure just clipped on its west side by the modern field / ploughing. This was recorded by the Dornoch Heritage Society in 1992 and at this time a trench cut by the Home Gurd during WWII was also recorded. This trench was de turfed in 2017 but no further work was undertaken (See PAWS). Its date and function are unknown.	MHG11795	14626	-	276483	889407	?
DBA37	Sydera Mill	A corn mill building connected to a long mill race and dam running off the river Evelix are shown on the first edition map with the ruins of the building still shown on modern mapping.	MHG32282	-	-	275797	889089	Post Medieval

Table 2: Previous Archaeological Works

PAW No.	Name	Description	HER No.	NRHE ID
PAW 1	Evelix TT 2020	Trial trenching was undertaken in 2020 for an extension of Evelix quarry. Eighteen trenches were opened but no features thought to be significant were recorded.	EHG5767	369796
PAW 2	Dornoch Bridge Quarry TT Extension Phase 5-9	Trial trenching undertaken in 2017 for extension to Dornoch Bridge Quarry Phase 5 to 9. Included de turfing of old trench over DBA 36 recorded as a 'possible henge' but interpreted as a possible funerary monument by the modern excavator. This Trial Trenching also recorded two cremations and a poorly preserved inhumation together with a shell midden and a group of post pads possibly belonging to a timber structure. The cremations were dated to c 400 to c 200 cal BC, or the middle Iron Age while the inhumation was dated to 998-1155 cal AD. This is particularly interesting in connection to the reputed site of Sigurd the Powerful burial so close by but are too late for the man himself.	EHG5372	358245
PAW 3	Evelix Farm, Dornoch WB	A watching brief carried out at the far east end of Evelix Quarry site in 1998. This revealed seventeen features but no finds were recovered or any pattern noted to imply a structure. Although samples are recorded as being taken no further information is available.	EHG125	140907
PAW 4	Cyderhall, Dornoch TT	A walkover and limited trial trenching were undertaken in 1998 for the extension of a gravel extraction pit now forming a small part of Dornoch Bridge Quarry. The four trenches opened were found to be clear of archaeological features.	EHG353	-

PAW No.	Name	Description	HER No.	NRHE ID
PAW 5	DBA and walkover survey - Camore Wood	"A desk Based Assessment and Walkover Survey were undertaken in 2007 very close to the current site within Camore Wood ahead of the proposed development of an open air amphitheatre with associated infrastructure. It recorded previously identified hut circles as well as two new turf dykes and a shell midden. Turf Dyke 1 NC 7680 8925 to NC 7745 8935, Turf Dyke 2: NC 7695 8923 to 7725 8935 and midden at: NC 7696 8928. It is not clear that the survey extended beyond the woodland on to the current site.	EHG1558	-
PAW 6	Camore and Sidera Wood, Prehistoric Dornoch	This area denotes a survey undertaken by Prehistoric Dornoch volunteers within the wood looking at the hut circle and associated features. These are laid out in the text of a talk delivered in November 1993. The talk was illustrated although the slides are not available on the HHER. This appears however to be confined to the woodland and the huts recorded in other records in the HHER.	EHG703	-
PAW 7	Walkover and measured surveys - Camore Wood, Dornoch	A survey and remedial works were undertaken in 2023 following damage to scheduled hut circle in Camore Woods. This included a survey of all parts of SM5898, followed by trenching across three of the damaged hut circles. The most extensive trenching was on 'Site 1' MHG32303 the Scheduled Hut Circle closest to the current site. This revealed floor layers as well as finds including a barbed and tanged arrow head and unfinished stone spindle whorl or pendant. Radio Carbon dates indicate both Middle Bronze Age and Middle Iron Age activity.	EHG6102 EHG6103	-
PAW 8	East Sutherland Coastal Zone Assessment Survey	A rapid coastal zone assessment survey was conducted in 2010 covering a stretch of cost from Bonar Bridge to Helmsdale. Although many features were identified the survey elements were all close to the shoreline and thus over a kilometre from the current site.	EHG3315	-
PAW 9	DBA and walkover survey - Dornoch Bridge Proposed Quarry Extension Phase 5-9	A walkover survey was undertaken in 2017 ahead of trial trenching for the extension of Dornoch Bridge Quarry (See PAW 2). DBA 36 was noted but crop marks were noted as not visible.	EHG5373	-
PAW 10	Walkover and Watching Bried land east of Camore Wood	A DBA Walkover Survey was undertaken in 2011 and noted the footings of a possible rectangular structure, a possible borrow pit and a sawmill noted on the 1st edition map. A watching brief was undertaken for a track across the area in 2012. This was designed to avoid identified features and no Archaeological features or deposits were encountered during this fieldwork.	EHG4427 EHG3655	-

Appendix B: Photographic Record

Table 3:Photographic Record

Photo No.	Camera Point	Facing	Description
3171	CP1	NE	General view of site pre excavation
3172	CP2	NW	General view of site pre excavation
3173-3175	CP3	SW-NW	General view of site pre excavation
3176		NW	Post ex Tr. 4
3177		SE	Post ex Tr. 4
3178		NW	Post ex Tr. 5
3179		SE	Post ex Tr. 5
3180		SE	Post ex Tr. 1a
3181		NW	Post ex Tr. 1a
3182		NE	Post ex Tr. 3a
3183		SW	Post ex Tr. 3a
3184		NE	Post ex Tr. 3b
3185		SW	Post ex Tr. 3b
3186		SE	Post ex Tr. 1b
3187		NW	Post ex Tr. 1b
02/09/2025			
3188-9		N, NW	General shot of site
3190		E	Post ex of Tr. 2
3191		W	Post ex of Tr. 2
3192		S	Post ex of Tr. 6
3193		N	Post ex of Tr. 6
3194		NE	Post ex of Tr. 7
3195		SW	Post ex of Tr. 7
3196		SW	Post ex of Tr. 8
3197		NE	Post ex of Tr. 8
3198		NE	Post ex of Tr. 9
3199		SW	Post ex of Tr. 9
3200		S	Post ex of Tr. 10
3201		N	Post ex of Tr. 10
03/09/2025			
3202	CP4	W	Photo of trench section in Tr. 11
3203		N	Post ex of Tr. 11
3204		S	Post ex of Tr. 11
3205		NW	Post ex. of Tr 12
3206		SE	Post ex. of Tr 12
3207		SW	Post ex of Tr. 13
3208		NE	Post ex of Tr. 13
	20/01/2026		
9386	CP5	S	General shot of site
9387	CP6	SE	General shot of site after stripping
9388	CP7	SE	General shot of site after stripping

9389-9391		Multiple	Mid excavation photograph of pit [1303]
9392-9396		Multiple	Post excavation photograph of pit [1303]
9397		SE	Pre excavation photograph of posthole [1307]
9398-9		Se	post ex of posthole [1307]
9400-02		SE	pre and post ex ox [1309]
9403		E	pre ex possible pit top fill 1313 (natural)
9404		E	Pre ex possible pit top fill 1314
9405-09		Multiple	obliques of pit [1303] and probable postholes
Drone photos			23/01/26 photos x5 with tape. Pole at 1-2m, frame at 4-5m, and final pole at 9-10m. GPS points taken at 0m and 10m.
9410-11		E	Post ex showing posthole (1314) [1315]
9412		NW	post ex of pit [1316]
9413		N	Pre ex possible post hole showing top fill (1318)
9414-15		N	Post ex pit [1319] with fill (1318)
9416		E	Pre ex [1320]
9417		W	Pre ex features [1322], [1324], [1326]
9418-19		E	post ex [1320]
9420		SE	post ex [1322]
9421-22		NE	Post ex [1324]
9423-24		nw	post ex sec [1326], [1328]
9425		plan	post ex plan [1326], [1328]
9436-27		SW, SE	general shots
26/01/2026			
9428		NE	Pre ex 1330-1335
9429, 9430		W, NW	SE arc of postholes around [1336]
9431-2		S	Post ex [1330]
9433-34		W	post ex [1336]
9435-7		NW	pre and post ex [1339]
9438-9		NW	Post ex section of [1332] pit
9440-41		NW	post ex Posthole [1341]
9442-3		NW	post ex Posthole [1343]
9444	CP8	SE	New striped area along fence line 26/01/26 with feature in foreground
9445	CP9	NW	New striped area along fence line 26/01/26 with modern drain in foreground
9446		NW	pre ex put [1345]
9447		E	Post ex section showing [1334] & [1335]
9448-50		NW	post ex pit [1345]
drone 26th Jan 2026			Tape running north south metre sticks at 8-9m and 3-4m. frame 6 to 7m flags in
9451		N	pre ex [1354]
9452-54		NE	pre ex [1352]
9455		NW	post ex [1354]
9456		NW	pre ex [1356] and [1358]

9457-8		NW	post ex [1356] and [1358]
9459		SE	Pre ex possible feature [1362]
9460		W	Pre ex [1364]
9461		N	View showing [1364] in relation to other features
9462		SE	Post ex possible feature [1362]
9463-4		E	Post ex [1364] [1365] & [1366]
9465-67		E	Post ex [1370]
Drone shots 28.01.2026			tape through features all post-ex. Frame on north side 1-2m. Range pole 8-9m and frame south side 11-12m. these of big pit area
Drone shots 28.01.2026			tape 0 and 10m GPS spotted. frames at 2-3m and 9-10m. sunken Stone Lined Structure.
9468		w	linear striations on stone at E end of oval Stone Lined Structure
9469-72		nw	pre and post ex photos of possible shallow posthole [1372]
9473-76		ne	pre and post ex photos of pit or stone throw [1374]
9477-81		W, NW	pre and post ex photos of [1376]
9482		W	Pre ex feature [1378]
9483		NW	pre ex plan shot of [1380]
9484		W	Post ex [1378]
9485-6		NW	post ex [1380]
9487		SW	Pre ex [1382]
9488-9		NW	Post ex [1382]
9490-92		NW	pre and post ex [1384]
9493		E	pre ex [1386]
9494-5		N	Pre ex [1388]
9496-7		E	Post ex [1386]
9498		N	Post ex [1388]
9499-9501		E	pre and post ex [1390]
9502		W	Pre ex of [1392] showing it cutting (1394) fill around outside of stone structure
9503-07		S	pre and post ex [1395]
9508-09		N	post ex [1392]
9510-12		E	pre ex Stone Lined Structure
9513-14		S	pre ex Stone Lined Structure
9515		W	pre ex Stone Lined Structure
9516-19		N	pre ex Stone Lined Structure
9520		E	Mid ex of Stone Lined Structure quad A showing (1397) removed onto rubble
9521		N	Mid ex of Stone Lined Structure quad A showing (1397) removed onto rubble
9522-3		N	mid ex quad C Stone Lined Structure
9254-55		E	mid ex quad C Stone Lined Structure at SE corner, showing depict (1398) and bone find 5
9256		N	mid ex quad C Stone Lined Structure at NW corner, showing deposit (1397) and bone find 4
9527-30			Find6 jaw in situ quad A

9231		N	mid ex quad C Stone Lined Structure showing diffused boundary between (1397) and (1398)
9232-3		NE	in situ deer antler in deposit (1398)
9234-5		E	mid ex sondage in quad C Stone Lined Structure showing diffused boundary between (1397) and (1398) showing the latter sloping down from corners.
9236-7		W, N	1401 YELOW showing
9538		E	1402 YELOW showing
9559-40		N	1403 YELOW showing
9541		W	1404 YELOW showing
9542-46		E	View of W facing section of half section/mid excavation in quad C with grinding stone in stone lining with view of yellow basal layer (1403).
9547-9		W, NW	view of E facing section in quad C
9550		N	S facing section of quad C
9551-52		E-Ne	Mid ex view of redeposited natural deposit (1404)
9553-54	CP10	N, Ne	post ex stripped area on esker downslope
9555-56	CP10	S, Se	post ex stripped area on esker downslope
9557-66		N, NW, W	Post ex of quad C S facing and E facing sections
9567-73		E, SE	Mid ex view of basal deposits (1402) and (1407) in Quad A
9574-88		E, SE	post ex view of quad A
9589-91	Cp11	SW, W	post ex stripped area at far W corner of site boundary, including pits [1408] and [1410] with bone material.
9592	CP12	N	as above
9593	CP13	S	as above but showing modern drainage ditch dug by farmer 12 years ago
9594-5	CP14	SW	post ex stripped area at far W corner of site boundary, including pits [1408] and [1410] with bone material.
9596-98		NW	pre ex of pits [1408] and [1410]
9599-9607		multiple	post ex Stone Lined Structure
9608-09		E	W facing section of Quad A corner, mid ex.
9610-11		N	Mid ex of S facing section of quad C
9612-16		W, NW	Mid ex of sondage in NW corner of Quad B with E facing section showing large stone and boundaries of sloping deposit (1401) around outer edge and elements of (1405)
9617-18		N	Mid ex of sondage in NW corner of Quad B
9619-27		W	Mid ex showing human remains
9628-29		N	Mid ex showing deposit 1413 beneath stone slab in quad b
9630--40		multiple	working shots of site
9641-43		W	SK1 partly exposed 11/2/26
9644=45		N	Post ex of section 1415
9646		N	plan of 1414
9647--52		N, NE	mid ex of deposits in quad b and corner of quad A
9653-55		S	post ex of 1416
9656-63		N	Post ex of burnt wood of sample 43 of context (1405)
9664-69			burnt wood

9670-71		N	cow jaw in (1401) quad b
9672-74		W	sk1 west half exposed
9675		NE	east corner of quad b of large boulders
9676-78		NE	east corner of quad b of stepped area
9679-80		W,	Sk1 mid ex
9681-83		vert	sk1 mid ex
9684-85		SSE	Post ex of posthole [1418]
9686-7		SE	Post ex of posthole [1420]
9688		SSE	Post ex of posthole [1418]
9689		S	pre ex posthole[1422]
9690-91		E	W facing section of pothole [1422]
9692-94		W	SK1 showing phalanges in situ
9695-97		S	
9698-9751		var	SK1 before lifting
13/02/2026			
9752-53	CP15	nw	general view of stripped area for access track
9754-55	cp16	NE, N	general view of stripped area for access track
9756-58			Sk1 showing frag C 6 lower right leg as revealed
9759-62			SK1 showing frag C7 probable animal bone noted just under frag C6
9763-64			SK1 showing possible knee cap CP9
9765-69			SK1 frags B2 and B3 pelvis sockets
9770-73			sk1 showing arm bones, left arm under right
9774-76			sk1 unknown bone by left shoulder
9777-79			sk1 ribs on left side
9780-82			sk1 shoulder area showing spine and other ribs with yellow under unknown bone
9783-85			skull exposed
19/02/2026			
9786		W	E facing section of pit [1428]
9787		SSW	Plan of pit [1428]
9788		W	E facing section of pit [1428]
9789		SSW	Plan of pit [1428]
9790		NNE	SSW facing section of [1430]
9791		WNW	Plan of pit [1430]
9792		NE	Pre ex [1432] & [1434]
9793		NE	post ex [1432] & [1434]
9794-5		NNE	SSW facing section of [1436]
9796		NW	Plan of pit [1436]
9797		N	Pre ex [1438]
9798-99		N	Post ex [1438]
9800		E	Post ex of W facing section of 1440
9801		N	Plan of 1440
9802-12		VAR	Post ex of inside stone feature
9813-22		VAR	Pre ex with planning frames
9823-40		VAR	Pre ex without frames

9841-57		NW, N,	Post of Stone Lined Structure showing section through walls and beneath floor
9858-73		SW, W	mid ex SW corner of Stone Lined Structure and in situ bone find 17
9874		NNW	Post ex of SSE facing section of [1450] possible posthole
9875		NW	Plan of [1450]
9876		NW	view of quarry geology
9877-89			excavated stones from Stone Lined Structure
9890-9902			post ex of Stone Lined Structure with stones removed

Appendix C: Registers

Table 4: Context Register

Context No.	Trench	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Stratigraphic relationship (before/after)	Cut	Method of Excavation	Conditions	Description (include before/after/matrix, colour, texture, inclusions, disturbance, shape, sides, base, clarity)	Interpretation
101	1	60	2	0.25		Deposit	machine	dry	Dark greyish brown sandy silt topsoil mixed with frequent medium to small mixed stones.	Topsoil
102	1		2		before topsoil	Deposit	machine	dry	Orange sandy silt with very frequent rounded medium to large stones.	Natural
301	3	60	2			Deposit	machine	dry	Mid greyish brown sandy silt topsoil mixed with common medium to small stones.	Topsoil
302	3		2	0.3	before topsoil	Deposit	machine	dry	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with very frequent rounded small to medium stones. Mottled mid orangey brown colouration in confined areas.	Natural
401	4	60	3			Deposit	machine	dry	Mid greyish brown sandy silt topsoil mixed with common medium to small, rounded stones.	Topsoil

402	4			0.25	before topsoil	Deposit	machine	dry	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with very frequent rounded small to medium stones. Mottled mid to dark orangey brown colouration in confined areas. A small patch, approx. 0.75m x0.5m, of pale yellowish brown sand was identified to the NW end of the trench, though appeared ephemeral and non-archaeological upon investigation with similar confined deposits noted nearby- potential geological anomalies. At far NW end of trench a noticeable patch of coarse light to mid brownish yellow sand was identified spanning 2m x 5. Aligns with a dip in the field. Modern Cruikshanks bottle and animal bones (probable rabbit) found in it while excavating, suggesting it is made ground of modern date.	Natural
501	5	60	2	0.3		Deposit	machine	dry	Mid greyish brown sandy silt topsoil mixed with common medium to small, rounded stones.	Topsoil
502	5				before topsoil	Deposit	machine	dry	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with very frequent rounded small to medium stones. Mottled mid to dark orangey brown colouration/staining in confined areas. Several linear NW-SE aligned plough scars. 1 possible feature examined but not found to be archaeological.	Natural

201	2	60	2	0.25		Deposit	machine	dry	Same as 101	Topsoil
202	2	60	2		Before topsoil	Deposit	machine	dry	Same as 102 although brighter orange in eastern end and some grey rooty patches and some plough scores	Natural
601	6	60	2	0.3		Deposit	machine	Dry and Sunny	Same as 101	Topsoil
602	6	60	2		Before topsoil	Deposit	machine	Dry and Sunny	Same as 102	Natural
701	7	60	2	0.25		Deposit	machine	dry	Same as 101	Topsoil
702	7	60	2		Before topsoil	Deposit	machine	dry	Same as 102	Natural
801	8	60	2	0.25		Deposit	machine	Dry and Sunny	Same as 101	Topsoil
802	8	60	2		Before topsoil	Deposit	machine	Dry and Sunny	Same as 102 although with patches of pale yellowish brown sand in mid to southern Section.	Natural
901	9	60	2	0.25		Deposit	machine	Dry and Sunny	Same as 101	Topsoil
902	9	60	2		before topsoil	Deposit	machine	Dry and Sunny	Same as 102 with lense of pale greyish brown silty sand with frequent small, rounded stones at centre of trench.	Subsoil
1001	10	60	2	0.2		Deposit	machine	Dry and Sunny	Same as 101. Truncated by modern extant ditch and made up ground at S End of trench with plastic visible throughout.	Topsoil
1002	10	60	2		before topsoil	Deposit	machine	Dry and Sunny	Same as 102	Subsoil

1101	11		2	0.45	after topsoil	Deposit	machine	Dry and Cloudy	Redeposited pale yellowish brown silty sand with very frequent small to medium sized rounded stones.	Redeposited subsoil dumped on natural bank, likely during the digging of an extant modern drainage ditch to the immediate west of the trench.
1102	11	60	2	0.2		Deposit	machine	Dry and Cloudy	Same as 101	Topsoil
1103	11	60	2		before topsoil	Deposit	machine	Dry and Cloudy	Same as 102 although interspersed with patches of light whiteish grey silty sand. Linear ditch visible at S end of trench Cut for modern plastic water pipe.	Subsoil
1201	12	34	2	0.25		Deposit	machine	Dry and Cloudy	Same as 101	Topsoil
1202	12	34	2		before topsoil	Deposit	machine	Dry and Cloudy	Same as 102	Subsoil
1301	13		2	0.35		Deposit	machine	Dry and Overcast	Same as 101	Topsoil
1302	13				Before topsoil	Deposit	machine	Dry and Overcast	Same as 102 with some sandy and gravelly silt	Subsoil
1303		0.6	0.57	0.82	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Steeply sloping sides leading to a conical, concave base and roughly oval in Plan. Contained three Fills, (1304), (1305), (1306) including cockle shell midden material, a grinding stone and a shale bracelet fragment.	Pit

1304		0.6	0.57	0.38	After [1303], Before (1305)	Fill	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Mid to dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common pea grit/ degraded stone inclusions and very common medium to large rounded and flat sheet stones. Voids visible between and beneath stones. Occasional charcoal flecks. Contained grinding stone, find no. 2.	Basal Fill of Pit [1303]
1305		0.6	0.57	0.17	After (1304), Before (1306)	Fill	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional small to medium sized rounded stones. Occasional charcoal flecks. Contained shale bracelet, small find no. 1.	Middle fil of Pit [1303]
1306		0.6	0.57	0.42	After (1305), Before (1301)	Fill	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium sized rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks. Very common cockle shell midden dump material, particularly in the lower area of the Fill.	Upper Fill of Pit [1303]
1307		0.46	0.42	0.37	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Roughly oval in Plan with steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base.	Posthole
1308		0.46	0.42	0.37	After [1306]	Fill	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Mid to dark greyish brown silt with common small to medium rounded stones.	Fill of Posthole [1307]
1309		0.5	0.5	0.23	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Moderately sloping sides concave base, oval in Plan.	Posthole
1310		0.5	0.43	0.09	After [1302]	Fill	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional charcoal flecks.	Basal Fill of Pit [1309]

1311		-	0.2	0.04	After (1310)	Fill	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Mid yellowish brown silty sand with common charcoal flecks.	Middle fil of Pit [1309]
1312		0.5	0.5	0.12	After (1311)	Fill	Hand	Dry and Overcast	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional charcoal flecks.	Upper Fill of Pit [1309]
1313		-	-	-	-	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Very dark brown silty sand stone rich fill may be natural	Natural. Not recorded further.
1314		0.45	0.4	0.4	After [1315]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Loose, dark greyish brown silty sand with small and medium (20cm by 10cm) rounded stones.	Fill of Posthole [1315]
1315		0.45	0.4	0.4	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Steep to straight, rough-sided cut with concave base.	Posthole
1316		0.57	0.76	0.31	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Pit. moderately sloping sides, concave base, oval in plan.	Pit
1317		0.57	0.76	0.31	After [1316]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dim	dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. No charcoal.	Fill of Pit [1316]
1318		0.4	0.4	0.4	After [1319]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Dark greyish brown silty sand with many rounded stones. No charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1319]
1319		0.4	0.4	0.4	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Steep sided ruff cut into natural with flat to slightly concave base	Posthole
1320		0.48	0.51	0.3	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Steeply sloping, concave base, oval plan	Posthole
1321		0.48	0.51	0.3	After [1320]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. no charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1320]
1322		0.3	0.39	0.28	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Steeply sloping sides, concave base, oval Plan	Posthole
1323		0.3	0.39	0.28	After [1322]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium	Fill of Posthole [1322]

									rounded stones. common small rootlets. No charcoal.	
1324		0.31	0.41	0.22	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Dim	moderately sloping sides, concave base, oval Plan	Posthole
1325		0.31	0.41	0.22	After [1324]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dim	dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. No charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1324]
1326		0.52	0.25	0.28	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Steeply sloping sides, concave base, oval plan. Truncated by [1328].	Pit or Posthole
1327		0.52	0.25	0.28	After [1326]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dim	mid orangey brown slightly silty sand in a gravel matrix of small to med rounded stones. No charcoal.	Fill of Pit or Posthole [1326]
1328		0.42	0.67	0.21	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Moderately sloping sides, concave base, oval plan	Pit or Posthole
1329		0.42	0.67	0.21	After [1328]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dim	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. no charcoal.	Fill of Pit or Posthole [1328]
1330		0.5	0.4	0.36	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steep sided cut into natural with concave base close to large Pit	Cut of Posthole
1331		0.5	0.4	0.2	After (1338)	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Top Fill of [1330] dark greyish brown silty sand with small, rounded stones and some charcoal flecks.	Top Fill of Posthole [1330]
1332		0.82	0.4	0.08	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Shallow scoop cut into natural	Cut of shallow Pit
1333		0.82	0.4	0.08	After [1332]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark brownish grey sandy silt with few small, rounded stones and charcoal flecks.	Fill of shallow Pit [1332]

1334		0.45	0.45	0.3	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steep sided cut into natural with slightly concave base. Filled by (1347).	Posthole
1335		0.25	0.25	0.09	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Small, shallow cut into natural with flat base. Filled by (1348).	Posthole
1336		0.42	0.42	0.19	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steeply sloping sides, concave base, oval plan.	Posthole, forming arc at E of main cluster
1337		0.42	0.42	0.19	After [1337]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. Common small rootlets. No charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1336]
1338		0.5	0.4	0.16	After [1330]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Lower Fill of cut [1330] orangey brown gritty sand with little silt. No charcoal.	Lower Fill of Posthole [1330]
1339		0.43	0.5	0.31	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steeply sloping sides, concave base, oval plan.	Posthole, forming arc at E of main cluster
1340		0.43	0.5	0.31	After [1339]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones including evidence for post packing around circumference with larger rounded stones up to 0.2 x 0.1m, common small rootlets, no charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1339]
1341		0.32	0.27	0.12	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Moderately sloping sides, concave base, oval Plan	Posthole, forming arc at E of main cluster next to [1339]
1342		0.32	0.27	0.12	After [1341]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. No charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1341]

1343		0.3	0.31	0.15	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Moderately sloping NE side steep SW side, concave base, oval Plan. truncated or truncates an amorphous parch od dark grey to black manganese, possibly rooting to SE.	Posthole, forming arc at E of main cluster next to [1341]
1344		0.3	0.31	0.15	After [1343]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. no charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1343]
1345		0.55	0.49	0.33	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steeply sloping sides, concave base, oval Plan. Cutting natural and (1351).	Pit or Posthole
1346		0.55	0.29	0.1	After [1345]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	mid orangey brown friable slightly silty sand in a gravelly matrix with common small, rounded pebbles and stones, no charcoal.	Basal Fill of Pit or Posthole [1345]
1347		0.45	0.45	0.3	After [1334]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark brownish grey silty sand with rounded stones. No charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1334]
1348		0.25	0.25	0.09	After [1335]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark brownish grey silty sand with rounded stones.	Fill of Pit [1335]
1349		0.55	0.49	0.24	After (1346)	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. Some occasional charcoal flecks.	Upper Fill of [1345]
1350		0.62	0.24	0.51	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Moderately sloping sides, concave base, oval Plan	Pit or Posthole
1351		0.62	0.24	0.51	After [1350]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones, increasingly gravelly and stoney at base of Fill.	Fill of Pit or Posthole. [1350]

									common small rootlets. Occasional charcoal flecks.	
1352		0.33	0.32	0.11	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	moderately sloping sides, concave shallow base, oval Plan	Posthole
1353		0.33	0.32	0.11	After [1352]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. occasional small rootlets. no charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1352]
1354		0.65	0.65	0.26	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Wider cut through natural, including (1360) narrowing towards the base with flat bottom.	Possible Posthole
1355		0.65	0.65	0.2	After (1361)	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark brownish grey soft sandy silt with few rounded stones and some charcoal flecks	Top fill of possible Posthole
1356		0.54	0.5	0.25	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steeply sloping sides, concave base, oval plan.	Posthole adjacent to [1358]
1357		0.54	0.5	0.25	After [1356]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded and angular slab stones. stones dominating in centre measuring up to 0.2mx 0.1m. Occasional small rootlets. No charcoal flecks.	Fill of possible Posthole [1356]
1358		0.28	0.34	0.05	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Moderately sloping sides, concave shallow base, oval Plan.	Posthole adjacent to [1356]
1359		0.28	0.34	0.05	After [1358]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded and flat slab-like stones.	Fill of Posthole [1356]

									occasional small rootlets. No charcoal flecks.	
1360		0.82	0.72	0.32	After (1302)	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark brown sandy matrix around dense packing of small, rounded stones Filling irregular Pit to SW of [1354].	Thought to be natural in field.
1361		0.35	0.35	0.06	After [1354]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark brownish orange gritty silt Fill at base of [1354] containing some rounded stones	Base fill of possible Posthole [1354]
1362		0.9	0.6	0.2	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Rough shallow oval Cut into natural with concave base and gently sloping sides	Possible Pit or Natural Hollow
1363		0.9	0.6	0.2	After [1362]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mixed greyish brown and yellow silty sand with rounded local stones.	Fill of possible Pit or Natural Hollow [1362].
1364		0.44	0.38	0.11	After (1365)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Gently sloping sides, concave shallow base, oval Plan	Posthole
1365		0.5	0.35	0.16	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Moderately sloping sides, concave shallow base, oval plan.	Posthole
1366		0.38	0.17	0.17	After (1369)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steeply sloping concave undulating base	post pipe Cut
1367		0.44	0.38	0.11	After [1364]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. Occasional small rootlets and occasional charcoal flecks.	Fill of Posthole [1364]
1368		0.38	0.17	0.17	After [1366]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. Occasional small rootlets. occasional charcoal flecks	Fill of post pipe [1366]

1369		0.5	0.35	0.16	After [1365]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mid orangey brown friable sandy silt with common small, rounded stones.	Fill of Posthole [1365]
1370		0.45	0.3	0.15	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Shallow, scoopy cut into natural.	Possible shallow small Pit
1371		0.45	0.3	0.15	After [1370]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark brownish grey soft silty sand fill with rounded stones.	Topsoil-like fill of possible Pit [1370]
1372		0.38	0.35	0.11	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Sunny	Very gently sloping sides leading to an undulating roughly concave base. very shallow and ephemeral with possible evidence for stone packing at peripheries.	Possible Posthole
1373		0.38	0.35	0.11	After [1372]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Sunny	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. occasional small rootlets. no charcoal flecks.	Fill of possible Posthole [1372]
1374		0.72	0.54	0.26	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Sunny	Moderately sloping sides rough concave base roughly oval in plan with some disturbance on NE comer.	Pit or Stone Throw
1375		0.72	0.54	0.26	After [1375]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Sunny	Dark greyish brown slightly silty sand in a gravelly matrix of small to medium sized rounded stones and pebbles. no charcoal.	Fill of Pit or Stone Throw [1374]
1376		0.58	0.31	0.16	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steeply sloping sides, concave base, oval to elliptical shape in plan.	Pit or Posthole
1377		0.58	0.31	0.16	After [1376]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones and pebble and . occasional small rootlets. No charcoal flecks.	Fill of Pit or Posthole [1376]

1378		0.4	0.3	0.45	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold with Sunny Spells	Steep sided cut through natural with concave base.	Cut of Posthole
1379		0.4	0.3	0.45	After [1379]	Fill	Hand	Cold with Sunny Spells	Dark brownish grey soft fill of [1378] with charcoal flecks and rounded stones.	Fill of Posthole [1378]
1380		0.56	0.48	0.36	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Vertically sloping sides, concave base, oval shape in Plan.	Pit or Posthole
1381		0.48	0.56	0.36	After [1380]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark greyish brown mostly firm sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones and pebbles. Also frequent roughly flat probable packing stones up to 0.22m x 0.2m diameter, this measured one packed against edge. Occasional small rootlets and occasional charcoal flecks/lenses.	Fill of Pit or Posthole [1380]
1382		0.6	0.6	0.35	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steep sided cut into natural with wide, slightly concave base	Probable Posthole
1383		0.6	0.6	0.35	After [1382]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Soft dark greyish brown sandy silt with many fist sized rounded stones.	Fill of probable Posthole [1382]
1384		0.37	0.28	0.13	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Moderately sloping sides, concave shallow base, oval Plan.	Posthole
1385		0.37	0.28	0.13	After [1385]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	mid greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones and pebbles. occasional small rootlets. No charcoal flecks.	Fill of Posthole [1384]
1386		0.6	0.37	0.13	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Gently sloping sides, concave undulating stoney base, oval Plan	Pit or large Posthole

1387		0.6	0.37	0.13	After [1386]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mid to dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones and pebbles. occasional small rootlets. occasional charcoal flecks. 0.46 x 0.24m diameter flat stone laid on top of Fill on W side.	Fill of Pit or large Posthole [1386]
1388		0.3	0.3	0.12	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold with Sunny Spells	Shallow steep sided cut with flat base.	Cut of possible Posthole
1389		0.3	0.3	0.12	After [1389]	Fill	Hand	Cold with Sunny Spells	Soft dark greyish-brown sandy silt with fist sized rounded stones including two white quartz pebbles. No charcoal flecks.	Fill of possible Posthole [1388].
1390		0.4	0.33	0.11	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold with Sunny Spells	Gently sloping sides, concave shallow base, oval plan.	Posthole
1391		0.4	0.33	0.11	After [1390]	Fill	Hand	Cold with Sunny Spells	dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones and pebbles. occasional small rootlets. No charcoal flecks.	Fill of Posthole [1390]
1392		0.8	0.45	0.3	After (1394)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Steep sided sloping base. Immediately south of Stone Lined Structure and cutting outer packing fill (1394).	Pit or Posthole cut into edge of large feature
1393		0.8	0.45	0.3	After [1393]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark brownish grey silty sand with grit and rounded stones. No charcoal flecks.	Fill of Pit or Posthole [1392]

1394		2.2 (SE-NW)	0.21	0.7	After [1442]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Brownish grey silty sand with grit, small stones and charcoal flecks. Filing cut for large sunken stone lined structure outside stones. Evidence of vertically placed post packing on SW corner with some loose small bones found closest to the stone lining.	Visible in this hue but slowly transitions to a darker colour moving around to the north. Considered same as deposit (1448).
1395		0.53	0.5	0.34	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Sunny	Steeply sloping sides, near flat to slightly concave base, oval in Plan. Large flat slab 0.46 x 0.53m diameter is adjacent to Pit with its fill (1396) overlying this slab. Suggests Stone Lined Structure pre-dates Pit.	Pit or large Posthole
1396		0.53	0.5	0.34	After [1395]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Sunny	Mid greyish brown friable silty sand with very common small to medium, rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks.	Fill of Pit or large Posthole [1395]
1397		3.02	1.57	0.43	After (1401)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Dark greyish brown soft sandy silt with common small to medium sized rounded pebbles (0.02m to 0.07m diameter), occasional very large, rounded cobbles (including an example at the western end of the deposit's exposed surface measuring 0.3x0.25m), and a very large boulder at eastern end (0.6m length x0.24m height). Also, common tumbled fragments of slightly dressed sandstone blocks, same as those lining the feature. Common charcoal flecks and small	Upper Fill of Stone Lined Structure. Assigned to deposits in Quads B-D, though seen to extend across its whole internal area.

									chunks and lenses of viscous yellow silt material, particularly visible on contact boundary with (1405). Bone appeared comparatively degraded and spongey when compared to underlying deposits, likely due to greater exposure to bioturbation, burrowing, and surface disturbance.	
1398		NR	NR	NR	Before (1397)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mid orangey to yellowish brown friable slightly silty sand with common loose tumbled stone fragments, common charcoal fragments and occasional bone fragments. Visibly sloping in with darker deposit (1397) overlying it, though poorly discernible, with highly diffused boundaries. (Thought to be the same as (1397))	Deposit within Stone Lined Structure visible at SE corner, Quad C, in proximity to bone fragments. Potential invasive infilling during or after collapse of stone structure on this corner.
1399		NR	NR	NR	Before (1397)	Deposit	Hand	Wet cold	Dark greyish brown silty sand with many stones including slabbed sandstone blocks.	Tumbled, stoney material in Quad A, Stone Lined Structure.
1400		3.02	1.57	0.39	After (1397)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mixed greyish brown silty sand with pale yellow patches, flecks and charcoal chunks and some slabs and rounded stones.	Beneath (1399) in Quad A Stone Lined Structure. Same as (1401), likely includes elements of (1406).

1401		3.02	1.57	0.81	After (1405)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mid greyish brown friable silty sand with common charcoal flecks and lenses and very common bone fragments. Very common small to medium sized rounded cobbles and angular slabs, with rounded cobbles increasing in quantity towards the base. Highly diffused boundaries with (1397) and (1398), though marked in difference between overlying deposit (1397) by a lighter brown hue and a more friable, gravelly, and less humic texture. Occasional lumps of viscous clay-like material, same as (1402) and (1403). Small width of 0.1m at outer edges, where it can be seen to slope steeply from the top of the Stone Lined Structure's upper stone level to the base, forming a roughly concave, pooled deposit.	Deposit first identified in Quad C of Stone Lined Structure, though seen to extend across its whole internal area.
1402			0.6	0.08	Before (1400)/(1401), After (1406) and (1407)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Yellow, viscous silt with some stones and charcoal flecks occurring in nearly continuous layer in Quad A around 6 courses /0.82m below highest stones in quad A. Slightly less in west end. Below (1400)	Possible sealing layer, close to base of stone lined structure in Quad A.
1403			0.11	0.03	After [1446], Before (1401)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Thick, viscous yellow silt with occasional charcoal flecks.	Possible sealing layer, with material firmly packed above and between

										basal slabs within Stone Lined Structure in Quad C.
1404		0.5	0.5	0.12	Underlying (1397), Before (1401)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mid orange sand in a gravel matrix of small, rounded stones. Lower boundaries marked by presence of dark charcoal rich lenses and flecks, thought to relate to the upper boundary of deposit (1405).	Redeposited natural within a 0.5x 0.5m area at the central to centre-east of Quad C. Previously attributed to invasive/slumped deposit (1398).
1405		1.5 (E-W)	0.86 (N-S)	0.12	underlying (1404) overlying (1401)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Thin band of charcoal rich material, including large burnt wood chunks, in Quad B-C with moderately clear boundaries. Forms a concave, moderately inclined slope at Stone Lined Structure's internal edge and increases in thickness to a maximum of 0.12m, pooling slightly at the centre-east of the structure's internal area. Poorly visible in Quads A and D, within the south and west of structure's internal area. Evidence of mouse burrowing through and underlying the deposit in Quad B.	Charcoal rich deposit within Stone Lined Structure.
1406		3.02	1.57	0.1	After (1402)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mid to light greyish brown friable to grainy slightly silty sand with very occasional small charcoal flecks and common small pea	Basal deposit in Quad A, though thought to extend across internal

									gravel and rounded stones. Diffused boundaries. Most notable at E end of Quad A. Decreases in depth to south, visibly underlying SK1.	area of Stone Lined Structure . Poorly distinguishable from overlying deposit (1400)/(1401).
1407			0.3	0.10	After (1402)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mid brownish orange sand, with occasional charcoal that may be mixed from overlying deposits due to diffused and soft boundary. Interspersed among 0.1m to 0.2m diameter rounded cobbles, suggesting infilling of natural deposits.	Thin band of sand in basal deposits of Quad A, Stone Lined Structure. Visible only in a tight, right-angled corner at E end of Quad. Possible lense within (1406)?
1408					-	Cut	Not excavated . Exposed by Machine.	Cold and Overcast	Oval in Plan.	Pit. Larger, eastern Pit of two adjacent Pits at far NW corner of site. Not drawn.
1409					After [1408]	Fill	Not excavated . Exposed by Machine.	Cold and Overcast	Mid orangey brown slightly silty sand with common rounded pebbles and occasional charcoal flecks. Contained very common animal, likely bovine bones.	Fill of Pit [1408]
1410					-	Cut	Not excavated . Exposed by Machine.	Cold and Overcast	Oval in Plan.	Pit. Smaller, western Pit of two adjacent Pits at far NW corner

										of site. Not drawn.
1411					After [1410]	Fill	Not excavated . Exposed by Machine.	Cold and Overcast	Mid orangey brown slightly silty sand with common rounded pebbles and occasional charcoal flecks. Contained very common animal, likely bovine bones.	Fill of Pit [1410]
1412			0.08	0.05		Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Thick, viscous yellow silt with occasional charcoal flecks in quad A.	Possible sealing layer, with material firmly packed above and between basal slabs within Stone Lined Structure. Same as (1403).
1413		0.75m		0.10m	After (1305)	Deposit	Hand	Cold and Overcast	Mid greyish brown silty sand with common angular stones and small rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks and common flattened lumps of viscous yellow silt seen underlying large flat stone. Highly diffused boundaries with lower charcoal layer (1405).	Uncertain deposit, potentially reflecting a backfill event underlying large stone slab. SE corner of Quad B.
1414		0.33	0.33	0.27	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Cold and Rainy	Circular in plan with steeply sloping sides leading to a near flat base.	Posthole
1415		0.33	0.33	0.27	After [1414]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Rainy	Moderately loose, mid brown charcoal rich sandy silt with lots of stones of various sizes. Somewhat rooty.	Fill of Posthole [1414]
1416		0.2	0.16	0.09	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	cold and windy	Roughly oval in plan with sloping sides onto a near-flat base.	Posthole

1417		0.2	0.16	0.09	After [1416]	Fill	Hand	Cold and Rainy	Mid brown silty gravelly soil with frequent small, rounded stones. No charcoal flecks.	Fill of Posthole [1416]
1418		0.6	0.44	0.34	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Oval in plan with steeply sloping sides leading to a roughly concave, stone-filled base.	Posthole
1419		0.6	0.44	0.34	After [1418]	Fill	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Friable mid greyish brown silty sand with common rounded stones and common small rootlets. No charcoal flecks.	Fill of Posthole [1418]
1420		0.78	0.7	0.49	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Oval shaped in Plan. with steep sides onto a gently curving base.	Posthole
1421		0.78	0.7	0.49	After [1420]	Fill	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Mid brownish grey silty sand with frequent rounded stones. Very rooty and no charcoal flecks.	Fill of Posthole [1420]
1422		0.62	0.56	0.4	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Oval in Plan, vertically to steeply sloping sides, concave base. Some evidence for slight truncation on SW corner.	Posthole
1423		0.62	0.56	0.4	After [1423]	Fill	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Mid orangey brown friable silty sand with very common small to medium sized rounded pebbles and cobbles, several appearing to have been packed tightly around the edges. Very common rootlets, no charcoal.	Fill of Posthole [1422]
1424		0.64	0.54	0.15	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Roughly circular in plan with gently sloping sides onto a concave base.	Possible Posthole
1425		0.64	0.54	0.15	After [1424]	Fill	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Mid brownish grey silty sand with frequent small, rounded stones. No charcoal.	Fill of possible Posthole [1424]
1426		0.58	0.49	0.15	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Roughly circular in Plan. Curved edges onto a flattish base	Possible Posthole

1427		0.58	0.49	0.15	After [1426]	Fill	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Mid brown sandy silt with frequent small stones and no charcoal flecks.	Fill of possible Posthole [1426]
1428		0.78	0.45	0.12	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Oval in plan with steeply sloping sides on N and W and more gently sloping to the S. A near-flat base.	Possible Posthole
1429		0.78	0.45	0.12	After [1428]	Fill	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Mid reddish brown sandy silt with flecks of charcoal and possible tiny fragments of burnt bone and occasional small, rounded stone.	Fill of possible Posthole [1428]
1430		0.62	0.53	0.21	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Roughly circular in Plan with gently sloping sides onto a concave base.	Possible Pit
1431		0.62	0.53	0.21	After [1430]	Fill	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Mid greyish brown sandy silt with frequent stones of various sizes. No charcoal flecks.	Fill of possible Pit [1430]
1432		0.5	0.5	0.25	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Round cut into natural with steep sloping sides and concave base.	Possible Posthole
1433		0.5	0.5	0.25	After [1432]	Fill	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Greyish brown course sand with some silt, rounded stones and some charcoal flecks.	Fill of possible Posthole [1432]
1434		0.4	0.4	0.1	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Very shallow cut into natural with gently sloping sides and a slightly concave base. Immediately south of [1432].	Possible Pit
1435		0.4	0.4	0.1	After [1433]	Fill	Hand	Sunny and Cold	Dark greyish brown silty sand with rounded stones and some charcoal pieces.	Fill of possible Pit [1434].
1436		0.73	0.72	0.29	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Dry	Circular in Plan with steeply sloping sides leading to a concave base	Possible Pit
1437		0.73	0.72	0.29	After [1436]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Dry	Mid brown sandy silt with common rounded large and	Fill of possible Pit [1436].

									medium sized stones. No charcoal flecks.	
1438		0.75	0.7	0.32	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Cold	Rounded Cut into natural with steep sloping sides ad flat base. Filled by (1439).	Cut of possible Posthole
1439		0.75	0.7	0.32	After [1438]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Cold	Dark greyish brown sandy silt with rounded stones including larger stones and charcoal flecks. Filling Cut [1438].	Fill of possible Posthole with possible packing
1440		0.41	0.39	0.15	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Cold	Oval-shaped in plan with sloping sides leading to a concave base.	Possible Posthole or Stone Throw
1441		0.41	0.39	0.15	After [1440]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Cold	Mid greyish brown sandy silt with occasional small, rounded stones.	Fill of Possible Posthole or Stone Throw [1440].
1442		3.55 (E-W)	2.26 (N-S)	1.07	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Breezy	Cut surrounding Stone Lined Structure.	Cut surrounding Stone Lined Structure. Filled by (1394).
1443		3.31	1.57	0.9 (highest at E end of Stone Lined Structure)	After [1444] and [1445]	Structure	Hand	Overcast and Breezy	Rectangular worked stones of various sizes with rounded stones infilling gaps. measuring between 55cm x 16cm x10cm, 35cm x17cm x 6cm, 47cm x 23cm x 9cm, 24cm x 21cm x 13cm, 32cm x 16cm x 10cm.	Uppermost layer of coursed sandstone blocks of Stone Lined Structure.
1444		3.05	0.28	0.4	After [1442]	Structure	Hand	Overcast and Breezy	Large, tightly packed rounded boulders forming foundation on south side of Stone Lined Structure. One of the boulders has a circular indentation associated with hammering or grinding. Gaps between boulders plugged with yellow viscous material and	Southern foundation of Stone Lined Structure.

									interspersed with small, rounded pebbles and cobbles.	
1445		2.55	0.14	0.37	After [1442]	Structure	Hand	Overcast and Breezy	Large, tightly packed rectangular sandstone blocks forming foundation of Stone Lined Structure. Gaps between blocks plugged with yellow viscous material and interspersed with small, rounded pebbles and cobbles and occasional cut sections of sandstone blocks.	Northern foundation of Stone Lined Structure.
1446		2.98	1.36	0.05	After [1442]	Structure	Hand	Overcast and Breezy	Large flat stones with some pieces of yellow clay bonding stones forming floor of structure. Does not extend beneath large basal stones and boulders (1444)-(1445) of Stone Lined Structure.	Floor of Stone Lined Structure.
1447		2.98	1.36	0.05	After [1442], Before (1446)	Deposit	Hand	Overcast and Breezy	Friable, mid greyish brown to orangey brown silty sand with common rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks.	Beneath structural floor layer (1446) of Stone Lined Structure.
1448		3.6 (NE-SW)	0.09	1.07	After [1442]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Breezy	Dark greyish brown silty sand with frequent small, rounded stones.	Fill external to north and west of Stone Lined Structure
1449		0.42 (NE-SW)	0.41 (NW-SE)	0.53m (measured horizontally from upper to lower-	After [1445]	Structure	Hand	Overcast and Dry	Long, very shallow rectangular slabs which forming steps into Stone Lined Structure. Top step measured 33cm x 12cm., and inset 8cm deep. Step 2 - 50cm x 9cm, 8cm deep. Step 3 -54cm x 9.5cm, 5cm deep. Step 4 -53cm x 9cm,	Stone steps at eastern end of Stone Lined Structure.

				most stones)					6cm deep and broken in half, possibly deliberately.	
1450		0.3	0.27	0.13	After (1302)	Cut	Hand	Overcast and Spitting Rain	Roughly circular in Plan with gently sloping sides.	Possible Posthole
1451		0.3	0.27	0.13	After [1450]	Fill	Hand	Overcast and Spitting Rain	Grey silty sand with rare flecks of charcoal. Creamy coloured sand to the western edge.	Fill of possible Posthole
1452		0.83	0.68	0.32	Before (1360)	Cut	Hand	-	Sub oval in plan with moderately sloping sides leading to a roughly concave base. Filled by (1360).	Possible Natural Hollow, Pit or large Posthole. Thought to be a natural hollow in the field, though may be a possible pit or large posthole adjacent to posthole [1354] due to a more regular shape seen in drone imagery.

Table 5: Feature Register

Feature	Type	Cuts/Fills	Description
1	Pit	1303/1304/1305/1306	A very large and very deep pit [1303] which contained three fills, the lower-most (1304) having very common medium to large rounded and flat sheet stones and occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <001>. The middle fill (1305) <002> and uppermost (1306) fill <003>, <006> contained occasional charcoal flecks and the latter was dominated by abundant cockle shells.
2	Posthole	1307/1308	Moderately sized and deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
3	Posthole	1309/1310/1311/1312	Moderately sized and moderately deep posthole containing three fills, each with occasional charcoal flecks including (1310) sampled as <005>.
4	Posthole	1314/1315	Moderately sized and deep posthole containing a single fill with few charcoal flecks sampled as <006>.
5	Posthole	1316/1317	Larger sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks sampled as <007>.
6	Posthole	1318/1319	Moderately sized and deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
7	Posthole	1320/1321	Moderately sized and deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
8	Posthole	1322/1323	Moderately sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
9	Posthole	1324/1325	Moderately sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
10	Posthole	1326/1327	Larger sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks. Truncated by [1328], Feature 11.
11	Posthole	1328/1329	Larger sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks. Truncates [1326], Feature 10.
12	Posthole	1330/1331/1338	Moderately sized and moderately deep posthole containing two fills, the upper fill (1331) containing some charcoal flecks, sampled as <008>, and the lower (1338) no charcoal flecks.
13	Pit	1332/1333	Long and shallow pit containing a single fill with few charcoal flecks, sampled as <010>.
14	Posthole	1334/1347	Larger sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
15	Posthole	1335/1348	Small sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
16	Posthole	1336/1337	Moderately sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
17	Posthole	1339/1340	Larger sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks, sampled as <009>.
18	Posthole	1341/1342	Small sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
19	Posthole	1343/1344	Small sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
20	Pit or Posthole	1345/1346/1349	Larger sized and moderately deep posthole containing two fills, the upper (1349) containing some charcoal flecks and the lower (1346) containing no charcoal flecks, sampled as <012>.
21	Pit or Posthole	1350/1351	Larger sized and deep pit or posthole containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <011>.
22	Posthole	1352/1353	Moderately sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks
23	Possible Posthole	1354/1355/1361	Larger sized and shallow possible posthole containing a two fills, the upper (1355) with some charcoal flecks, sampled as <013>, and the lower (1361) containing none.
24	Pit or Natural Hollow	1360/1452	Larger sized and moderately deep pit, large posthole or natural hollow [1452] containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.

Feature	Type	Cuts/Fills	Description
25	Posthole	1356/1357	Moderately sized and moderately deep posthole [1356] containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
26	Posthole	1358/1359	Small sized and very shallow posthole [1358] containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
27	Possible Pit or Natural Hollow	1362/1363	Larger sized and shallow pit or natural hollow containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
28	Posthole& Post Pipe	1365/1369/1366/ 1368/	Moderately sized and shallow posthole [1365] containing a single fill (1369) with no charcoal flecks. Moderately sized and shallow post pipe [1366] containing a single fill (1368) with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <015>.
29	Posthole	1364/1367	Moderately sized and shallow posthole [1364] containing a single fill (1367) with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <014>.
30	Possible Pit or Adjacent Postholes	1370/1371	Larger sized and shallow pit or truncated adjacent postholes containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
31	Possible Posthole	1372/1373	Small and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
32	Pit or Stone Throw	1374/1375	Larger sized and moderately deep pit or stone throw containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
33	Pit or Posthole	1376/1377	Larger sized and moderately deep pit or posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
34	Posthole	1378/1379	Moderately sized and deep posthole containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <016>.
35	Pit or Posthole	1380/1381	Larger sized and moderately deep pit or posthole containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <017>.
36	Pit or Posthole	1382/1383	Larger sized and moderately deep pit or posthole containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks.
37	Posthole	1384/1385	Moderately sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
38	Pit or Posthole	1386/1387	Larger sized and shallow pit or posthole containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <019>.
39	Posthole	1388/1389	Moderately sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks, sampled as <018>.
40	Posthole	1390/1391	Moderately sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
41	Pit or Posthole	1392/1393	Larger sized and moderately deep pit or posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks, sampled as <020>.
42	Posthole	1395/1396	Larger sized and moderately deep pit or posthole containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <021>.
43	Posthole	1414/1415	Moderately sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with common charcoal flecks, sampled as <042>.
44	Posthole	1416/1417	Moderately sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks, sampled as <044>.
45	Posthole	1418/1419	Larger sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
46	Posthole	1420/1421	Larger sized and deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
47	Posthole	1422/1423	Larger sized and deep posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
48	Possible Posthole	1424/1425	Larger sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.

Feature	Type	Cuts/Fills	Description
49	Possible Posthole	1426/1427	Larger sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
50	Possible Posthole	1428/1429	Larger sized and shallow possible posthole containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <049>.
51	Possible Pit	1430/1431	Larger sized and moderately deep possible pit containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
52	Possible Posthole	1432/1433	Larger sized and moderately deep posthole containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <050>.
53	Possible Pit	1434/1435	Larger sized and moderately deep possible pit containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <051>.
54	Possible Pit	1436/1437	Larger sized and moderately deep possible pit containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
55	Posthole	1438/1439	Larger sized and moderately deep possible pit containing a single fill with occasional charcoal flecks, sampled as <052>.
56	Posthole or Stone Throw	1440/1441	Larger sized and shallow possible posthole or stone throw containing a single fill with no charcoal flecks.
57	Posthole	1450/1451	Moderately sized and shallow posthole containing a single fill with rare charcoal flecks, sampled as <057>.
58	Pit	1408/1409 1410/1411	Two adjacent pits dominated by animal bone. Exposed but not excavated.

Dimensions
Larger sized=0.4 and over
Moderately sized=0.2-0.4m
Small sized=0-0.2m

Depth
Deep= 0.4m and over
Moderately Deep= 0.2m-0.4m
Shallow=0-0.2m

Table 6: Structure Register

Structure No.	Description	Contexts	Interpretation
1	Elliptically shaped structure (in plan), constructed within a steeply to vertically sided and flat-based pit. **Masonry & Materials:** **Lining**: Built with roughly squared sandstone blocks, set in regular horizontal courses above an inwardly cambering foundation layer of tightly packed large boulders (on south side) and sandstone blocks (on north side). **Bonding**: Stones were either dry-stone (unmortared) or bonded with a viscous yellow (possibly daub or lime) mortar to prevent collapse and/or provide a waterproof sealant. **Base**: The base was elliptically-shaped and composed of angular sandstone slabs with a slight slope moving from west to east.	**Construction Phase:** **Pit Cut** [**1442**] filled external to stone lining by (**1394**), sampled as <054>,and (**1448**) sampled as <056>, and (**1447**) underlying stone slabs, sampled as <055> and <059>. **Structure Components:** Stone slabs at base [**1446**], southern foundation boulders [**1444**], northern foundation stone blocks [**1445**], uppermost layer of coursed sandstone blocks [**1443**], stepped stone slabs [**1449**], yellow viscous packing material between stones (**1402**) in Quad A, (**1403**) in Quad C, and (**1412**) at the base between stone slabs sampled as <058>. **Infilling Phase** Bottom to Top: (**1407**) Sampled as <037>, (**1406**) Sampled as <035>, <036>, <048> (**1402**) Sampled as <032>, <038> SK1 Skull Cavity. Sampled as <047>.	Possible water storage pit/cistern (1), souterrain (2), tanning pit (3)

Structure No.	Description	Contexts	Interpretation
		(**1401**) Sampled as <030>, <031>, <033>, <040>, <041>, <042>, <046>, <053>. (**1400**) Sampled as <023>, <029>. (**1404**) Sampled as <034>. (**1405**) Sampled as <039>, <045>. (**1413**) Sampled as <043>. (**1398**) Sampled as <024>, <028>. (**1397**) Sampled as <022>, <025>, <026>, <027>.	

Table 7: Sample Register

Sample No.	Context	Description	Number of bags/tubs	Volume (l)
1	1304	Basal fill of Pit [1303]. Mid to dark greyish brown friable silt with common pea grit/ degraded stone inclusions and very common medium to large rounded and flat sheet stones. Occasional charcoal flecks. Contained grinding stone, find no. 2.	1	25
2	1305	Middle fill of Pit [1303]. Mid greyish brown friable silt with occasional small to medium sized rounded stones. Occasional charcoal flecks. Contained shale bracelet, Find No. 1.	1	25
3	1306	Upper fill of Pit [1303]. Mid greyish brown friable silt with common small to medium sized rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks. Very common cockle shell midden dump material, particularly in the lower area of the fill.	1	25
4	1306	Upper fill of Pit [1303]. Mid greyish brown friable silt with common small to medium sized rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks. Very common cockle shell midden dump material, particularly in the lower area of the fill.	1	20
5	1310	dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with occasional charcoal flecks, may contain elements of (1311).	1	20
6	1314	Dark greyish brown silty sand soil like fill of Posthole [1315]. Not much charcoal.	1	20
7	1317	dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. No charcoal.	1	20
8	1331	Dark silty sand top fill of Posthole [1330] with some charcoal flecks.	1	20
9	1340	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones including evidence for post packing around circumference with larger rounded stones up to 0.2 x 0.1m. common small rootlets. no charcoal.	1	20
10	1333	Dark greyish brown sandy silt with charcoal in shallow Pit	1	20
11	1351	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones, increasingly gravelly and stoney at base of fill. common small rootlets. occasional charcoal flecks.	1	20
12	1349	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. Some occasional charcoal flecks.	1	20
13	1355	Dark brownish grey soft sandy silt with few rounded stones and some charcoal flecks	1	20

14	1367	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. Some occasional charcoal flecks	1	20
15	1368	Dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones. common small rootlets. Some occasional charcoal flecks	1	20
16	1379	Dark brownish grey soft fill of 1378 with charcoal flecks and rounded stones	1	20
17	1381	Dark greyish brown mostly firm sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones and pebbles. Also frequent roughly flat probable packing stones up to 0.22m x 0.2m diameter, this measured one packed against edge. occasional small rootlets. occasional charcoal flecks/lenses.	1	20
18	1389	Soft dark greyish brown sandy silt with fist sized rounded stones including two white quarts pebbles filling cut [1388].	1	20
19	1387	Mid to dark greyish brown friable sandy silt with common small to medium rounded stones and pebbles. occasional small rootlets. occasional charcoal flecks. 0.46 x 0.24m diameter flat stone laid on top of fill on W side.	1	20
20	1393	Dark brownish grey silty sand with grit and rounded stones filling Posthole cut [1392]	1	20
21	1395	Mid greyish brown friable silty sand with very common small to medium, rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks.	1	20
22	1397	Dark greyish brown soft sandy silt with common small to medium sized rounded pebbles 0.02m to 0.07m diameter and occasional very large, rounded stones (including one at W end measuring 0.3x0.25m), natural boulder shaped rock at E end (0.6m length x0.24m height). Also common tumbled fragments of slightly dressed sandstone blocks, same as those lining the feature. Common charcoal flecks and small chunks. Sample from quad A	2	40
23	1400	Mixed greyish brown with pale and yellow patches, flecks and charcoal chunks and some stones both slabs and rounded stone. Beneath (1399) in quad A stone built structure	1	20
24	1398	mid orangey brown friable slightly silty sand with common loose tumbled stone fragments, occasional charcoal fragments and bone find no. 5.	1	20
25	1397	Dark greyish brown soft sandy silt with common small to medium sized rounded pebbles 0.02m to 0.07m diameter and occasional very large, rounded stones (including one at W end measuring 0.3x0.25m), natural boulder shaped rock at E end (0.6m length x0.24m height). Also, common tumbled fragments of slightly dressed sandstone blocks, same as those lining the feature. Common charcoal flecks and small chunks. Sample from quad A in proximity to bone find No. 4.	1	20
26	1397	dark greyish brown soft sandy silt with common small to medium sized rounded pebbles 0.02m to 0.07m diameter and occasional very large, rounded stones (including one at W end measuring 0.3x0.25m), natural boulder shaped rock at E end (0.6m length x0.24m height). Also, common tumbled fragments of slightly dressed sandstone blocks, same as those lining the feature. Common charcoal flecks and small chunks. Sample from quad A.	1	20

27	1397	dark greyish brown soft sandy silt with common small to medium sized rounded pebbles 0.02m to 0.07m diameter and occasional very large, rounded stones (including one at W end measuring 0.3x0.25m), natural boulder shaped rock at E end (0.6m length x0.24m height). Also, common tumbled fragments of slightly dressed sandstone blocks, same as those lining the feature. Common charcoal flecks and small chunks. Sample from quad A.	2	40
28	1398	mid orangey brown friable slightly silty sand with common loose tumbled stone fragments, common charcoal fragments and occasional bone fragments. Visibly sloping in with darker deposit (1397) overlying it though highly diffused boundaries. Increasingly gravelly texture with greater depth. sample from sondage to determine boundary of context.	1	20
29	1400	Mixed greyish brown with pale and yellow patches, flecks and charcoal chunks and some stones both slabs and rounded stone. Beneath (1399) in quad A stone built structure. taken from lower down.	1	20
30	1401	mid greyish brown friable silty sand with common charcoal flecks and lenses and common bone fragments. Very common small to medium rounded stones and angular slabs. Highly diffused boundaries with (1397) and (1398), though marked in difference between overlying deposit (1397) by a lighter brown hue and more friable texture.	1	20
31	1401	mid greyish brown friable silty sand with common charcoal flecks and lenses and common bone fragments. Very common small to medium rounded stones and angular slabs. Highly diffused boundaries with (1397) and (1398), though marked in difference between overlying deposit (1397) by a lighter brown hue and more friable texture. Taken from near base.	1	20
32	1402	Yellow silt with some stones and charcoal flecks occurring in nearly continuous layer in quad A around 6 courses /0.82m below highest stones in quad A. Slightly less in west end. Below (1400)	1	20
33	1401	Mid greyish brown friable silty sand with common charcoal flecks and lenses and common bone fragments. Very common small to medium rounded stones and angular slabs. Highly diffused boundaries with (1397) and (1398), though marked in difference between overlying deposit (1397) by a lighter brown hue and more friable texture. Taken from sloping deposit in E end of slot in quad C, charred grains visible throughout sample.	1	1 (small bag)
34	1404 & 1405	Mid orange sand in a gravel matrix of small, rounded stones. Lower boundaries marked by presence of dark, charcoal rich lenses and flecks of deposit (1405) though sampled together due to uncertainty of boundaries while excavating.	1	20
35	1406	Light greyish brown friable/ grainy slightly silty sand with very occasional small charcoal flecks and common small pea gravel and rounded stones. Diffused boundaries. Most notable at E end of Quad A.	1	20
36	1406	Light greyish brown friable/ grainy slightly silty sand with very occasional small charcoal flecks and common small pea gravel and rounded stones. Diffused boundaries. Most notable at E end of Quad A. Small secure sample taken from beneath densest cluster of overlying yellow material (1402) at east end.	1	1 (small bag

37	1407	Mid brownish orange sand, with occasional charcoal that may be mixed from overlying deposits due to diffused and soft boundary. Interspersed among 0.1m to 0.2m diameter rounded cobbles, suggesting infilling of natural deposits.	1	1 (small bag
38	1402	Yellow silt with some stones and charcoal flecks occurring in nearly continuous layer in quad A around 6 courses /0.82m below highest stones in quad A. Slightly less in west end. Below (1400)	1	1 (small bag
39	1405	Thin band of charcoal rich material in Quad C. Visibly slopes slightly from corners and increases in depth to a maximum of 0.12m at centre of the stone lined structure. Poorly visible on south and west of structure's internal area. Moderately clear boundaries.	1	10
40	1401	Sample of material cleaned from over SK1 to east of skull (quad D) to top of legs (mid Section). Bag 2 closer around remains with some flecks of bone. in bag 2 sample around bones dips into underlying lighter, gravelly deposit (1406). A further bag was noted as being taken for this sample during the post-excavation phase.	3	60
41	1401	Sample of material from around skull (Area A) SK1. both bags also contains some (1406) from lower areas to north. Bag 2 from after bones lifted.	2	40
42	1415	Moderately loose, mid brown charcoal rich sandy silt with lots of stones of various sizes. Somewhat rooty.	1	20
43	1413	Mid greyish brown silty sand with common angular stones and small rounded stones and occasional charcoal flecks and common flattened lumps of viscous yellow silt seen underlying large flat stone. Highly diffused boundaries with lower charcoal layer (1405).	1	20
44	1417	Mid brown silty gravelly soil with frequent small, rounded stones	1	1 (small bag)
45	1405	Thin band of charcoal rich material in Quad C. Visibly slopes slightly from corners and increases in depth to a maximum of 0.12m at centre of the stone lined structure. Poorly visible on south and west of structure's internal area. Moderately clear boundaries. Sample taken of very large chunk, of burnt wood, mouse burrow underlying it.	I	10
46	1401	Lower / east Section from around and above SK1 bag 2 lower down with some frags of bone as well as animal. Bag 3 from removing bones. Bag 4 final after lifting not totally down to slabs. Bag No. 2 noted to have been taken twice during post-excavation sorting.	5	100
47		sk1 skull cavity with frags of bone. In Sk1 Box with other bones.	1	1 (small bag)
48	1406	Mid-Section of SK1 following removal of bones lighter grey sandy silt with yellow silt patches and rounded stones. Directly below material from sample <40> bag 2.	1	20
49	1429	Mid reddish brown sandy silt with flecks of charcoal and possible tiny fragments of burnt bone and occasional small, rounded stone	1	20
50	1433	Greyish brown course sand with some silt, rounded stones and some charcoal flecks. Filling [1432]	1	20

51	1435	Dark greyish brown silty sand with rounded stones and some charcoal pieces. Filling [1434]	1	20
52	1439	Dark greyish brown sandy silt with rounded stones including larger stones and charcoal flecks. Filling cut [1438]	1	20
53	1401	Soil from around skull fragments containing fragments of bone. In Sk1 Box with other bones.	1	1 (small bag)
54	1394	Mid brown sandy silt with rounded stones. Filling cut [1442].	1	10
55	1447	Mid greyish brown to orangey brown silty sand which is friable with common rounded stones and occasional flecks of charcoal	1	10
56	1448	Dark greyish brown silty sand with frequent rounded small stones	1	10
57	1451	Grey silty sand with rare flecks of charcoal. creamy sand to the western edge	1	20
58	1412	Thick, viscous yellow silt with occasional charcoal flecks in Quad A of Stone Lined Structure.	1	3
59	1447	Mid greyish brown to orangey brown silty sand which is friable with common rounded stones and occasional flecks of charcoal	1	10

Table 8: Finds Register

Find No.	Context	Material	Description
1	1305	Shale	Shale bangle fragment within Pit [1303]. Weight 5g, 6.3cm width x 0.5cm thick.
2	1304	Stone	Large grinding stone found face/inset cup down in the basal fill (1304) of Pit [1303]. Similar stone size and composition to Find No. 18.
3	1397	Bone	Small bone fragment found sieving in Quad C within Stone Lined Structure, initial 0-10cm in approximate depth.
4	1397	Bone	Degraded bone fragment at NW corner of Quad C within Stone Lined Structure. Also, 1x bag collected on 10 Feb. 2026 when all fill was removed.
5	1398	Bone	Degraded bone fragment at SE corner of Quad C within Stone Lined Structure.
6	1399	Bone	Degraded animal bone including jaw with teeth Quad A of Stone Lined Structure
7	1400	Bone	Bone and animal teeth in Quad A of Stone Lined Structure
8	1401	Bone	Bone and animal teeth in Quad C of Stone Lined Structure. Deposited in 5x bags on 3 Feb. 2026. 1x bag 4 Feb. 2026. 1x bag 10 Feb. 2026. Contained some human bone attributable to SK1's feet bones, identified following excavation of Quad D- since removed from this context's bag.
9	1401	Clayey silt lump	Quad C within Stone Lined Structure. Recovered within loose, sloping material of (1401). Weight 317g, 10.2cm x 9.2cm, 4.7cm thick.
10	1397	Bone	Quad D within Stone Lined Structure.
11	1397	Iron Slag	Found at the furthest north east corner of quad C/southeast corner of quad B within Stone Lined Structure, slightly below highest stones of surrounding stone structure walling. Weight 563g, refitted dimensions 14cm x 9.2cm, 3.5cm thick.
12	1397	Bone	Quad B within Stone Lined Structure

13	1397	Stone	steatite stone bowl. Quad B within Stone Lined Structure. Weight 242g, 10.3cm length x 4.9cm width (rim to break) x 1.8cm thick.
14	1401	Bone	Quad B within Stone Lined Structure
15	1401	Bone	Quad D within Stone Lined Structure
16	1448	Bone	External NE Corner of Stone Lined Structure. Appears to be animal bone related to recent burrowing.
17	1394	Bone	Behind and within stone lining at SW corner of Stone Lined Structure.
18	1444	Stone	Large boulder removed from basal wall lining stones (1444) at the southern side of the Stone Lined Structure. Marked by an inset circular hole, potentially attributable to grinding or hammering. Similar stone size and composition to Find No. 2.

Table 9: Drawing Register

Drawing No.	Sheet number	Context No.	Plan or Section	Scale	Description
1	1	1303-1306	Section	01:10	Post excavation Section of Pit [1303]
2	1	1303-1306	Plan	01:20	Post excavation Plan of Pit [1303]
3	1	1307-8	Section	01:10	Post-Excavation sec of Posthole [1307]
4	1	1307-8	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan of Posthole [1307]
5	2	1309-12	Section	01:10	NW Facing Section of Posthole [1309]
6	2	1309-12	Plan	01:20	Plan of Posthole [1309]
7	2	1314-15	Section	01:10	West Facing Section of Posthole [1315]
8	2	1314-15	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan [1315]
9	2	1316-17	Section	01:10	Post-Excavation Section of Pit [1316]
10	2	1316-17	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan Pit [1316]
11	2	1318-19	Section	01:10	Post-Excavation south Facing Section of [1319]
12	2	1318-19	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan of [1319]
13	2	1320-21	Section	01:10	NW Facing Section of Pit or Posthole [1320]
14	2	1320-21	Plan	01:20	Plan of [1320]
15	3	1324-1325	Section	01:10	SW Facing Section Posthole [1324]
16	3	1326-29	Section	01:10	SE Facing section of Postholes [1326] and [1328]
17	3	1322-1329	Plan	01:20	Plan of Pits and postholes [1322], [1324], [1326], [1328]
18	3	1330,31,38	Section	01:10	North Facing Section Posthole [1330]
19	3	1332-33	Section	01:10	SE Facing Section Pit [1332]
20	3	1336-7	Section	01:10	E Facing Section of [1336]
21	3	1336-7	Plan	01:20	Plan of [1336]

22	3	1339-40	Section	01:10	S Facing Section of Pit or Posthole [1339]
23	3	1341-42	Section	01:10	S Facing Section of Pit or Posthole [1341]
24	3	1343-44	Section	01:10	SE Facing Section of Pit or Posthole [1343]
25	4	1339-42	Plan	01:20	Plan of Pits or Posthole [1339] and [1341]
26	4	1343-4	Plan	01:20	Plan of Pit or Posthole [1343]
27	4	1334, 1335	Section	01:10	West Facing section [1334] & [1335]
28	4	1330,1332,1334, 1335	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan [1330], [1332], [1334], [1335]
29	4	1345-46, 1349-51	Section	01:10	SE Facing Section of Pits or Posthole [1345] and [1350]
30	4	1345-46, 1349-51	Plan	01:20	Plan of Pits or Posthole [1345] and [1350]
31	5	1352-3	Section	01:10	SW Facing Section of Posthole [1352]
32	5	1352-3	Plan	01:20	Plan of [1352]
33	5	1354,55,60,61	Section	01:10	SE Facing Section of [1354]
34	5	1354,55,60	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan [1354]
35	5	1356,58	Section	01:10	SE Facing Section of [1356] and [1358]
36	5	1356,59	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan of Posthole [1356] and possible Pit base [1358]
37	5	1362,3	Section	01:10	West Facing Section [1362]
38	6	1364-69	Section	01:10	w Facing Section of postholes [1364], [1365], [1366]
39	6	1364-69	Plan	01:20	Plan of postholes [1364], [1365], [1366]
40	5	1370,71	Section	01:10	W Facing Section [1370]
41	5	1370,71	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan [1370]
42	7		Plan	01:20	Pre-Excavation Plan of Pits and postholes adjacent to Stone Lined Structure. 0-5m on tape.
43	8		Plan	01:20	Pre-Excavation Plan of Pits and postholes adjacent to Stone Lined Structure. 5-10m on tape.
44	9	1372-73	Section	01:10	SE Facing Section of possible Posthole [1372]
45	9	1374-75	Section	01:10	SW Facing Section of Pit or Stone Throw [1374]
46	9	1374-75	Plan	01:20	Plan of Pit or Stone Throw[1374]
47	9	1376-77	Section	01:10	East Facing Section of [1376]
48	9	1378-9	Section	01:10	East Facing Section of [1378]
49	10	lots	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan showing area to south of big Stone Lined Structure

50	9	1380-81	Section	01:10	SE Facing Section of Pit or Posthole [1380]
51	9	1382-83	Section	01:10	SE Facing Section of possible Posthole [1382]
52	9	1384-85	Section	01:10	SW Facing Section of Posthole [1384]
53	9	1386-7	Section	01:10	SW Facing Section Pit or Posthole [1386]
54	9	1388-9	Section	01:10	South Facing Section possible Posthole [1388]
55	9	1390-91	Section	01:10	SW Facing Section of Posthole [1390]
56	6	1392-93	Section	01:10	s Facing Section [1392]
57	6	1395-6	Section	01:10	nw Facing Section of Pit or large Posthole [1395]
58	6	1397-98, 1401,1404	Sketch Section	Sketch	Representation of deposits at mid-point of excavated area in Quad C of Stone Lined Structure.
59	10	1397, 1401, 1405	Section	01:10	E and S Facing Section of deposits in Quad C of Stone Lined Structure.
60	11	1397, 1400, 1402, 1406, 1407, 1412	Section	01:10	W and N Facing Section of deposits in Quad C of Stone Lined Structure.
61	12	multiple	Plan	01:20	Post excavation Plan of Stone Lined Structure and adjacent Pits and postholes.
62	11	multiple of quad B	Sketch Section	Sketch	Mid-Excavation Sketch of deposits in Quad B, Stone Lined Structure.
63	6	1414, 1415	Section	01:10	S Facing Section of Posthole [1414]
64	6	1414, 1415	Plan		Plan of [1414]
65	6	1416, 1417	Section	01:10	N Facing Section of [1416]
66	6	1416	Plan		Plan of [1416]
67	6	1418	Section	01:10	NE Facing Section of Posthole [1418]
68	13	1418	Plan	01:20	Plan of Posthole [1418]
69	13	1420	Section	01:10	SE Facing Section of Posthole [1421]
70	13	1420	Plan	01:20	Plan of Posthole [1421]
71	13	1422	Section	01:10	W Facing Section of Posthole [1422]
72	13	1422	Plan	01:20	Plan of Posthole [1422]
73	13	1424&1426	Section	01:10	N Facing Section of [1424] and [1426]
74	14	SK1	Plan	01:10	Pre lift Plan of SK1 with parts labelled.
75	15	1428	Section	01:10	E Facing Section of [1428]
76	15	1428	Plan	01:20	Plan of [1428]
77	15	1430	Section	01:10	SSW Facing Section of [1430]
78	15	1431	Plan	01:20	Plan of [1430]

79	15	1436	Section	01:10	SSW Facing Section of 1434
80	15	1436	Plan	01:20	Plan of 1436
81	15	1432 and 1434	Section	01;10	W Facing Section of [1432] and [1434].
82	15	1432 and 1434	Plan	01:20	Plan of [1432] and [1434]
83	15	1438 &9	Section	01:10	South Facing Section of probable Posthole
84	15	1438 &9	Plan	01:20	Post-Excavation Plan of probable Posthole
85	15	1440	Section	01:10	W Facing Section of [1440]
86	13	1441	Plan	01:20	Plan of [1441]
87	16		Sketch	Sketch	Post-Excavation Plan for levels of Stone Lined Structure.
88	17		Section	01:10	Section of Stone Lined Structure
89	17	1451	Section	01:10	Section of [1451]
90	17	1451	Plan	01:20	Plan of [1451]

Table 10: Feature Depth & Width Register

These figures for lengths and depths are collated in 10cm bands, for example spanning 0-9cm, 10-19cm etc.

Zone 2

Length in Plan	No.	Percentage		Depth	No.	Percentage
0.2	2	6.90%		0	3	10.34%
0.3	6	20.69%		0.1	8	27.59%
0.4	10	34.48%		0.2	8	27.59%
0.5	7	24.14%		0.3	7	24.14%
0.6	2	6.90%		0.4	2	6.90%
0.7	0	0.00%		0.5	1	3.45%
0.8	1	3.45%			29	1
0.9	1	3.45%				
	29	1				

Zone 3

Length in Plan	No.	Percentage		Depth	No.	Percentage
0.2	1	3.85%		0	1	3.85%
0.3	4	15.38%		0.1	11	42.31%
0.4	4	15.38%		0.2	5	19.23%
0.5	5	19.23%		0.3	6	23.08%
0.6	6	23.08%		0.4	3	11.54%
0.7	5	19.23%			26	1
0.8	1	3.85%				
	26	1				

Appendix D: Camera Point Figure

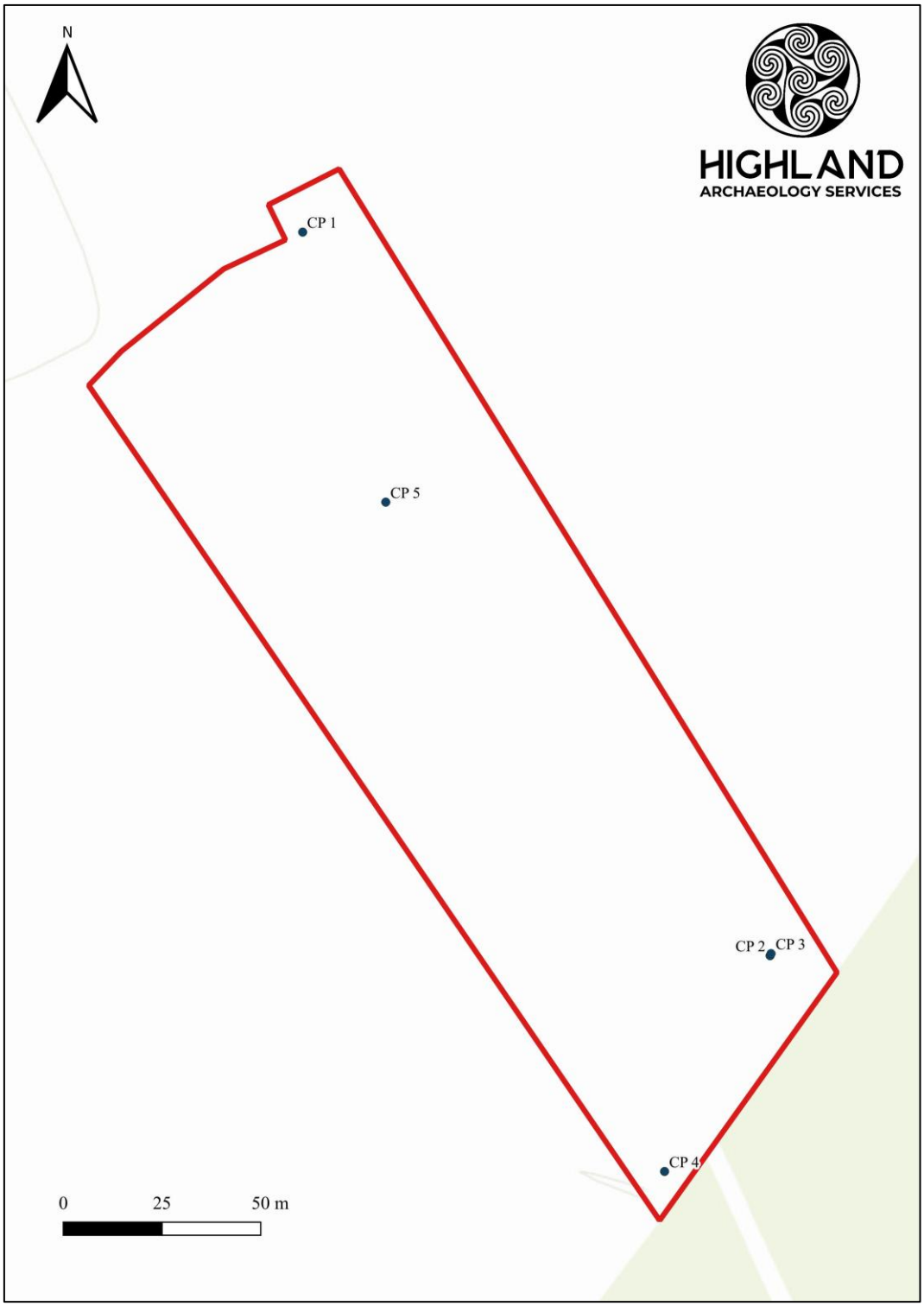
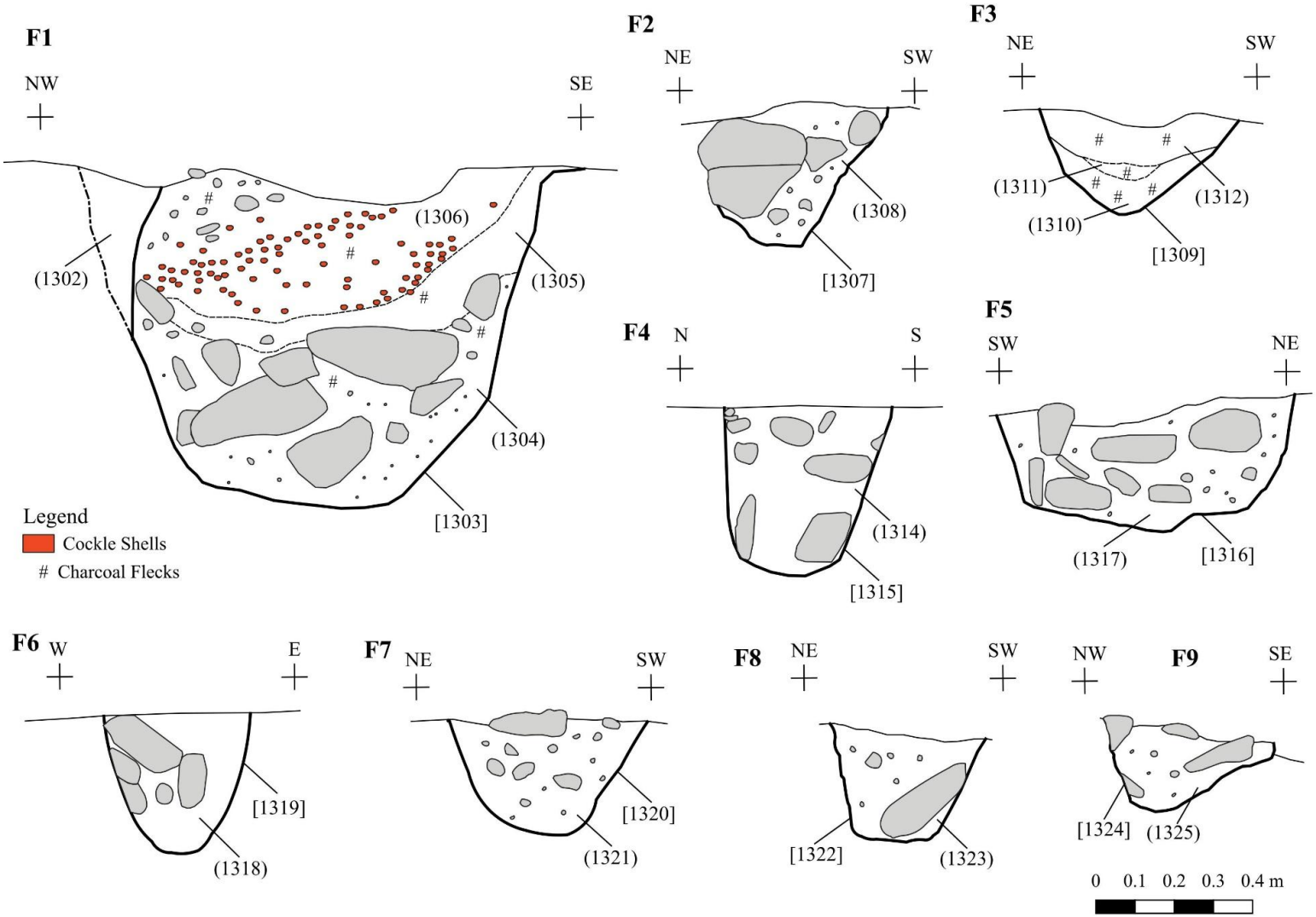
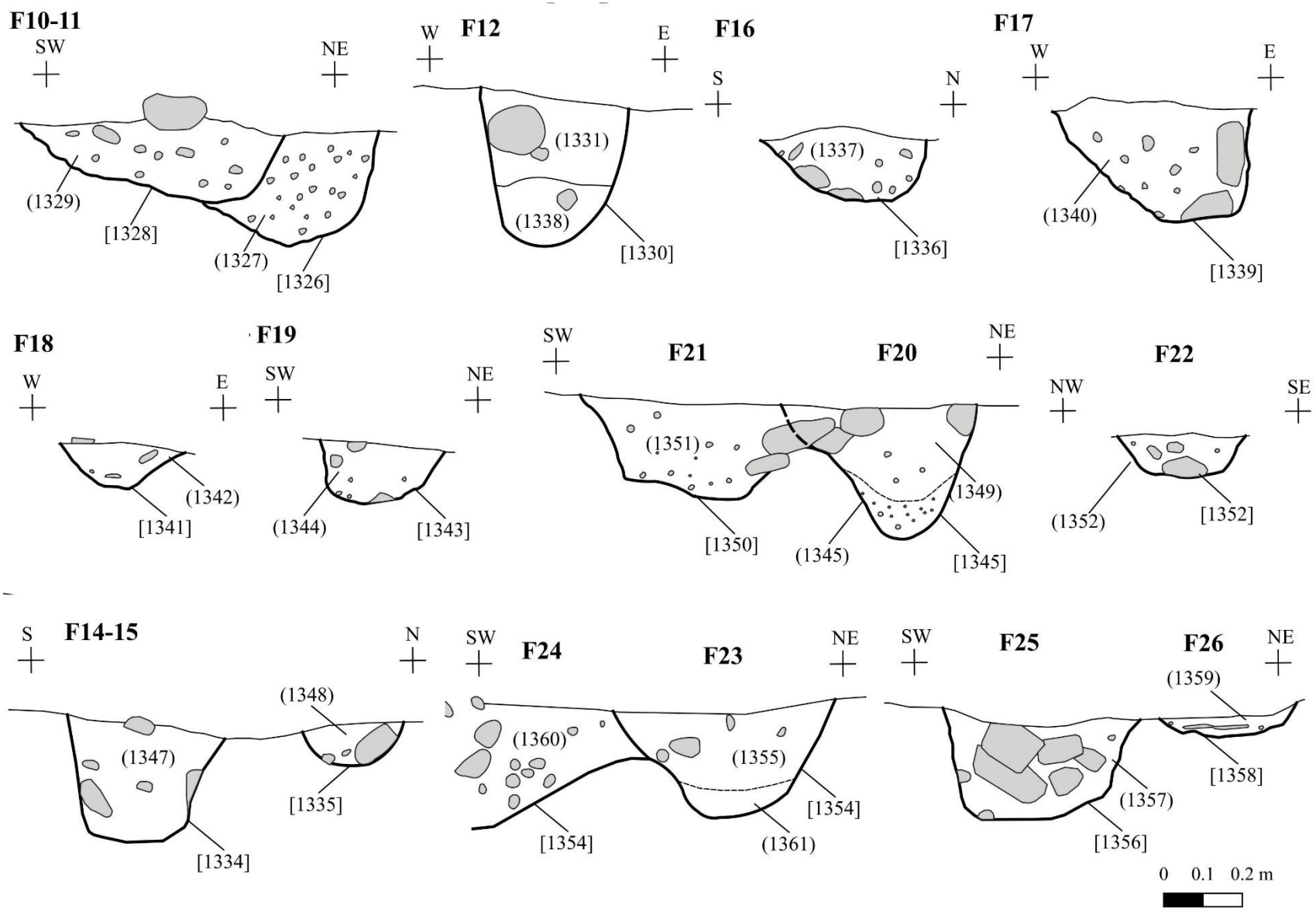
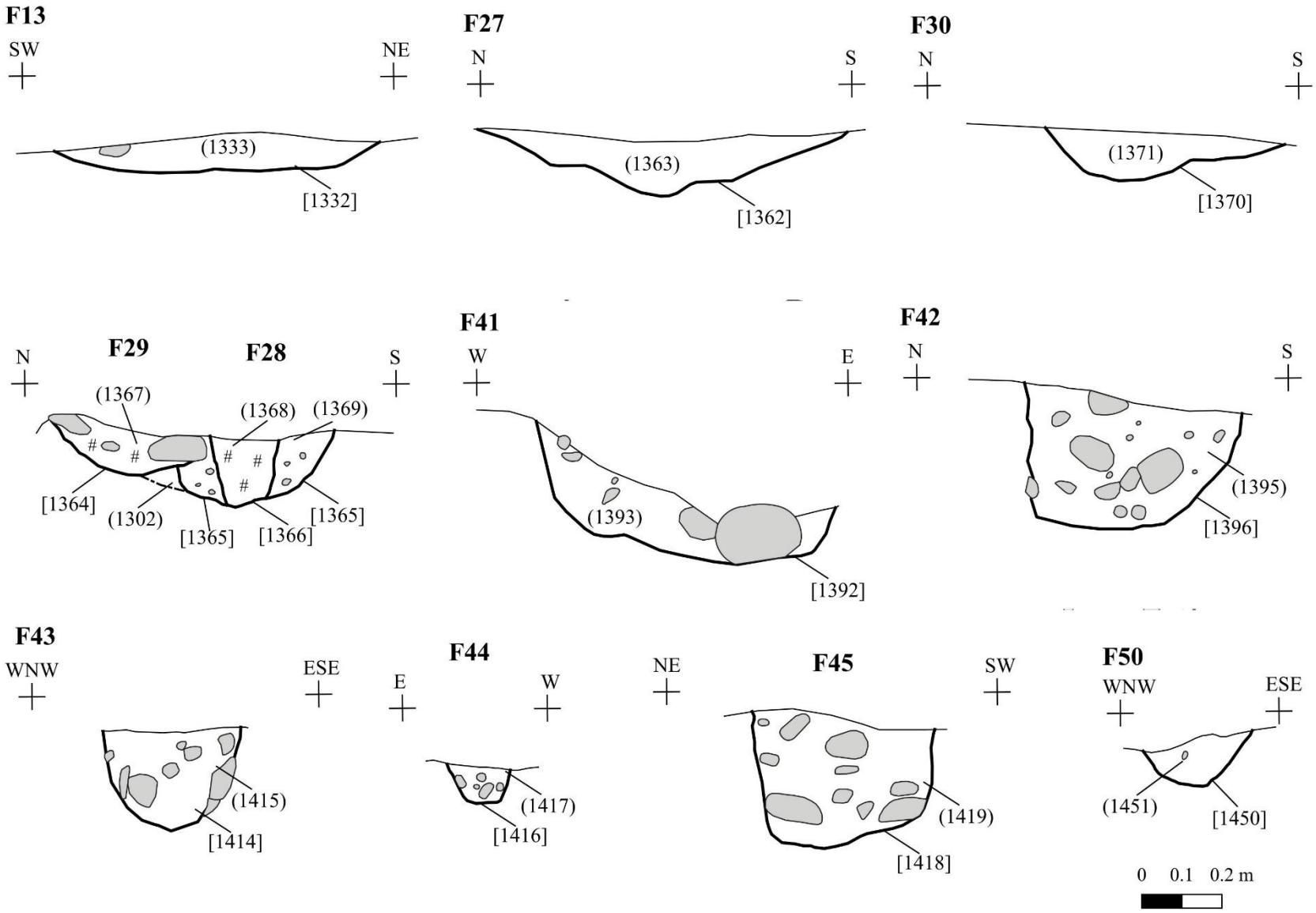


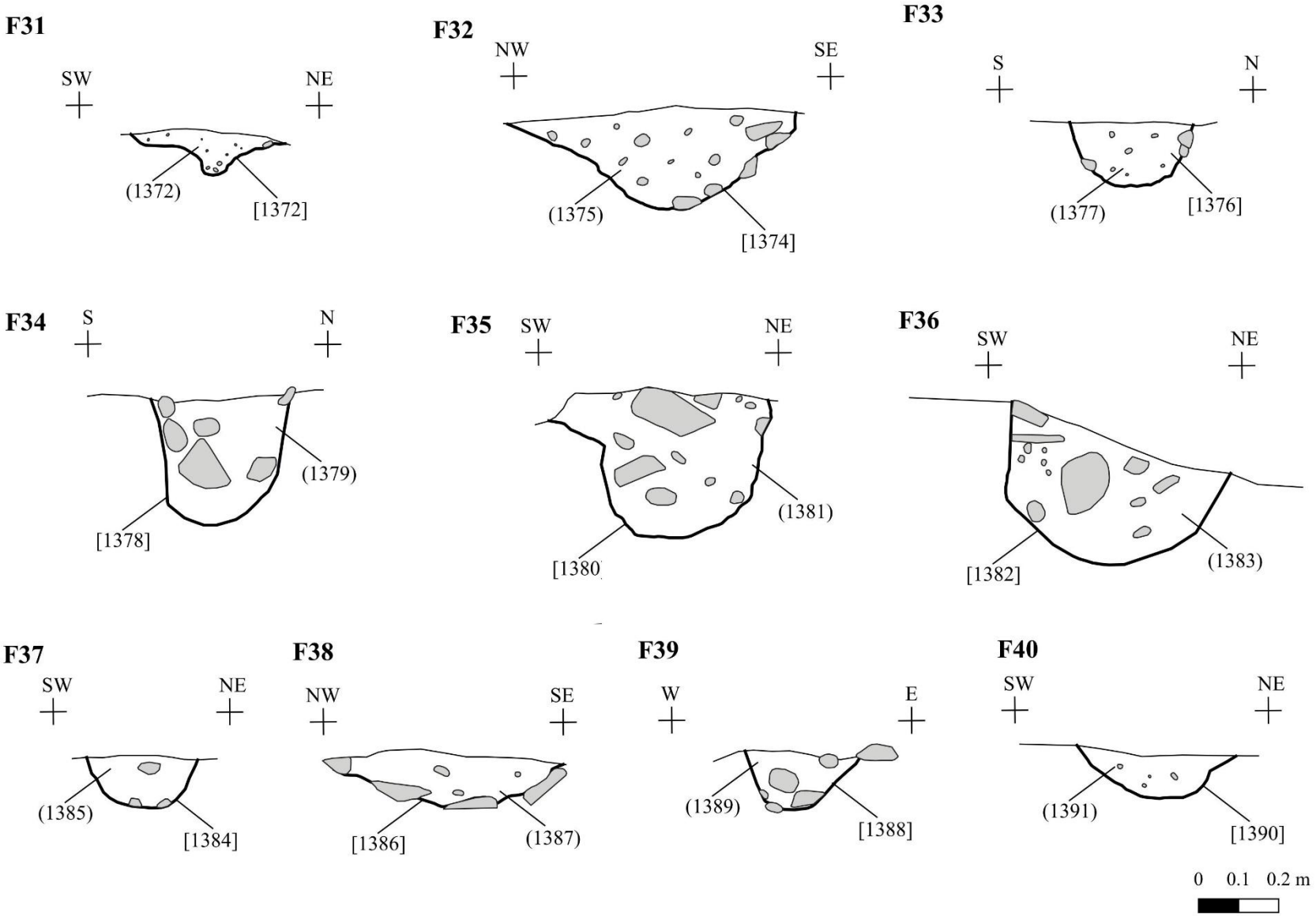
Figure 43: Camera Points within the development boundary.

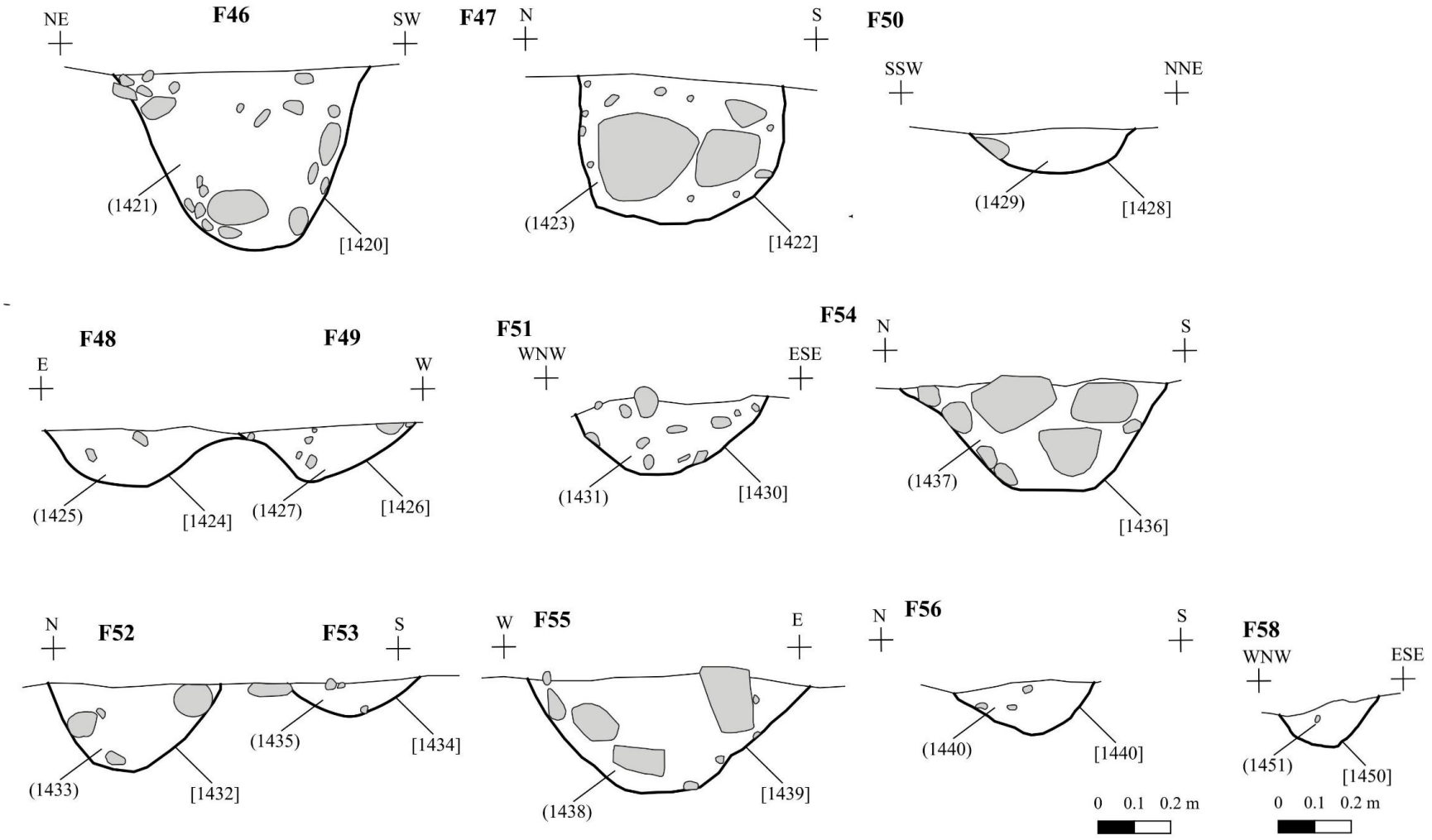
Appendix E: Section Drawings

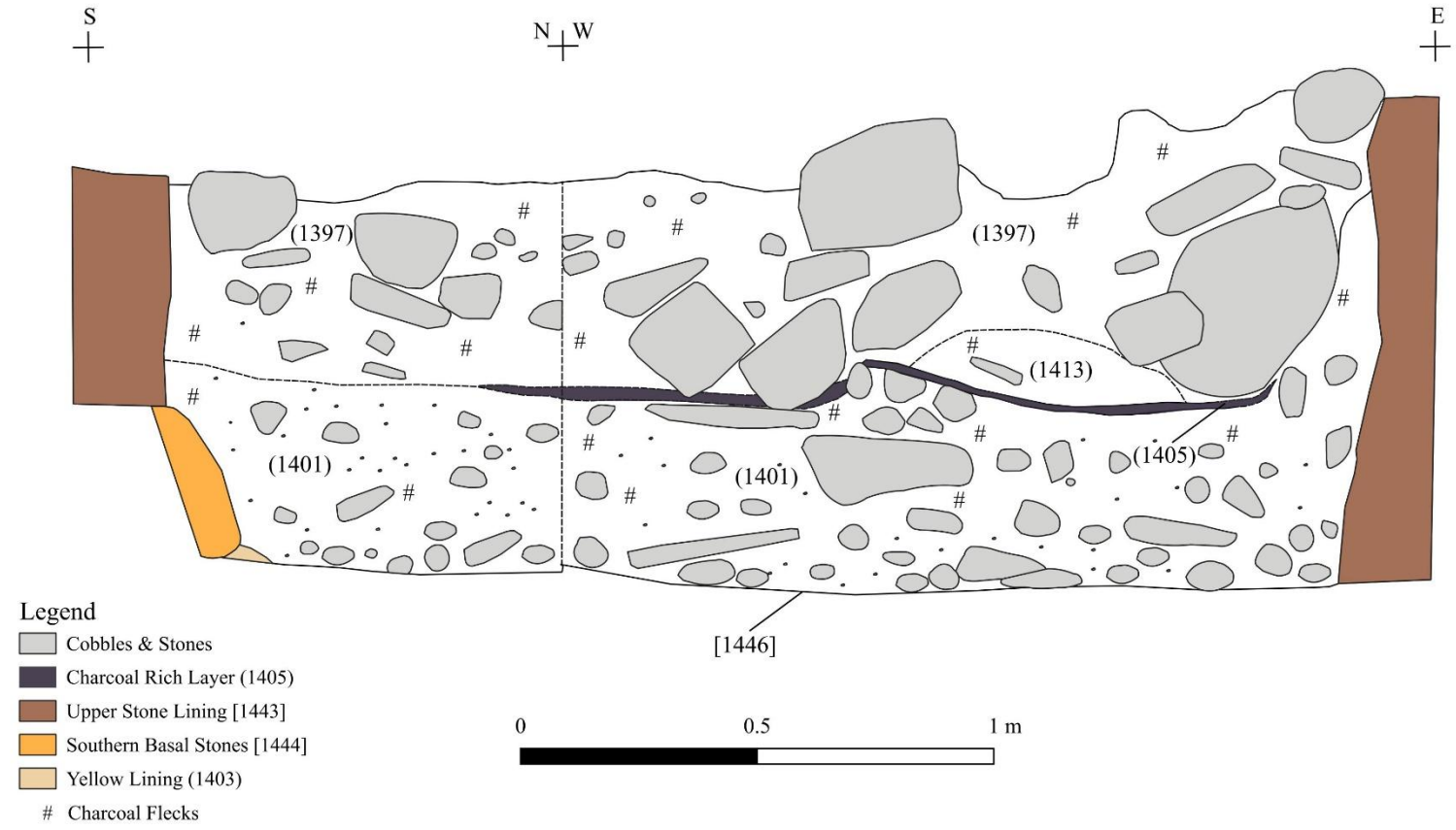


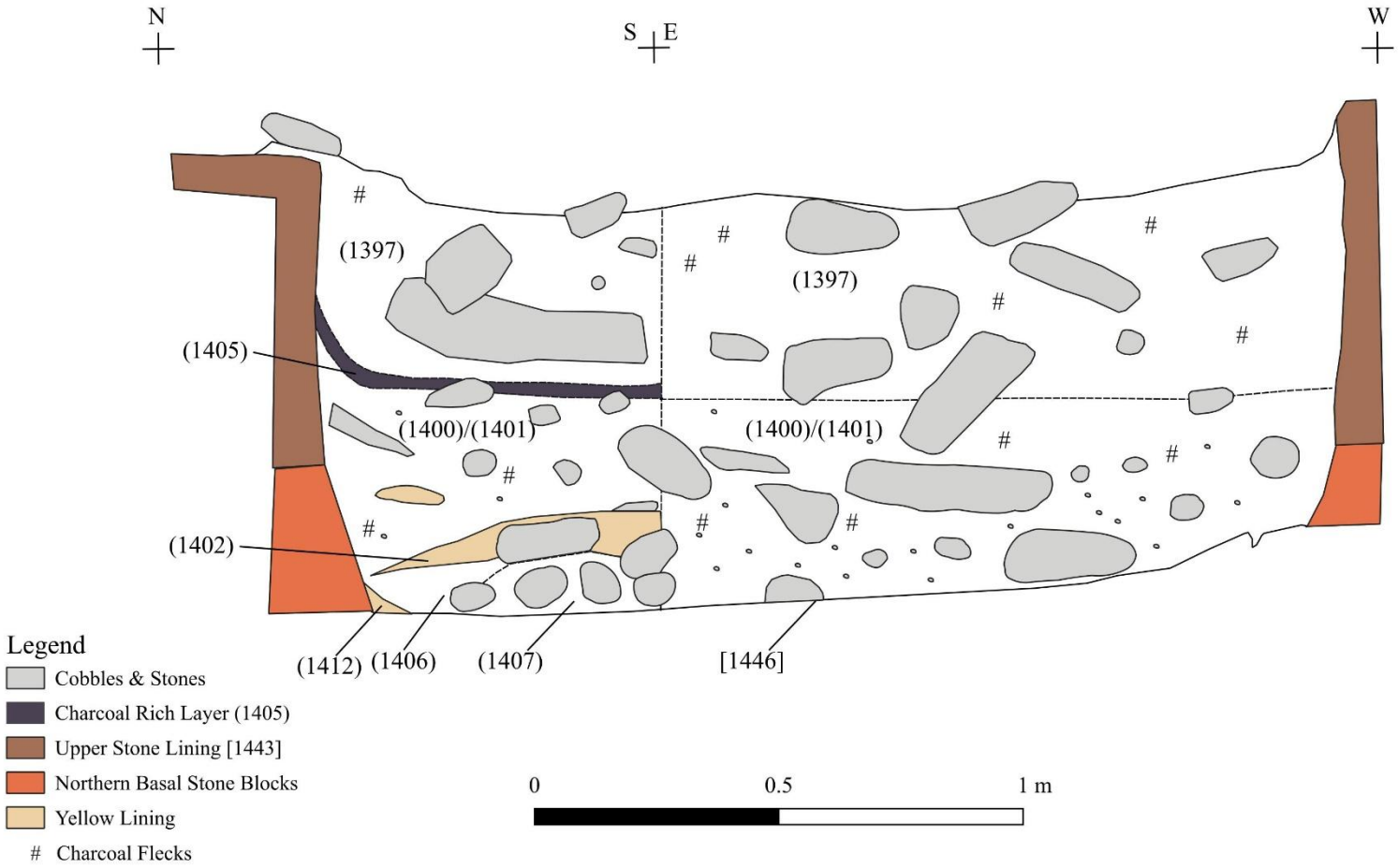

F10-11
SW
NE
(1329)
[1328]
(1327)
[1326]
W
F12
E
(1331)
(1338)
[1330]
F16
S
N
(1337)
[1336]
F17
W
E
(1340)
[1339]
F18
W
E
(1342)
[1341]
F19
SW
NE
(1344)
[1343]
SW
F21
F20
NE
(1351)
[1350]
(1345)
[1345]
(1349)
F22
NW
SE
(1352)
[1352]
S
F14-15
N
(1348)
(1347)
[1335]
[1334]
SW
F24
F23
NE
(1360)
(1355)
[1354]
[1354]
(1361)
SW
F25
F26
NE
(1359)
[1358]
(1357)
[1356]
0 0.1 0.2 m

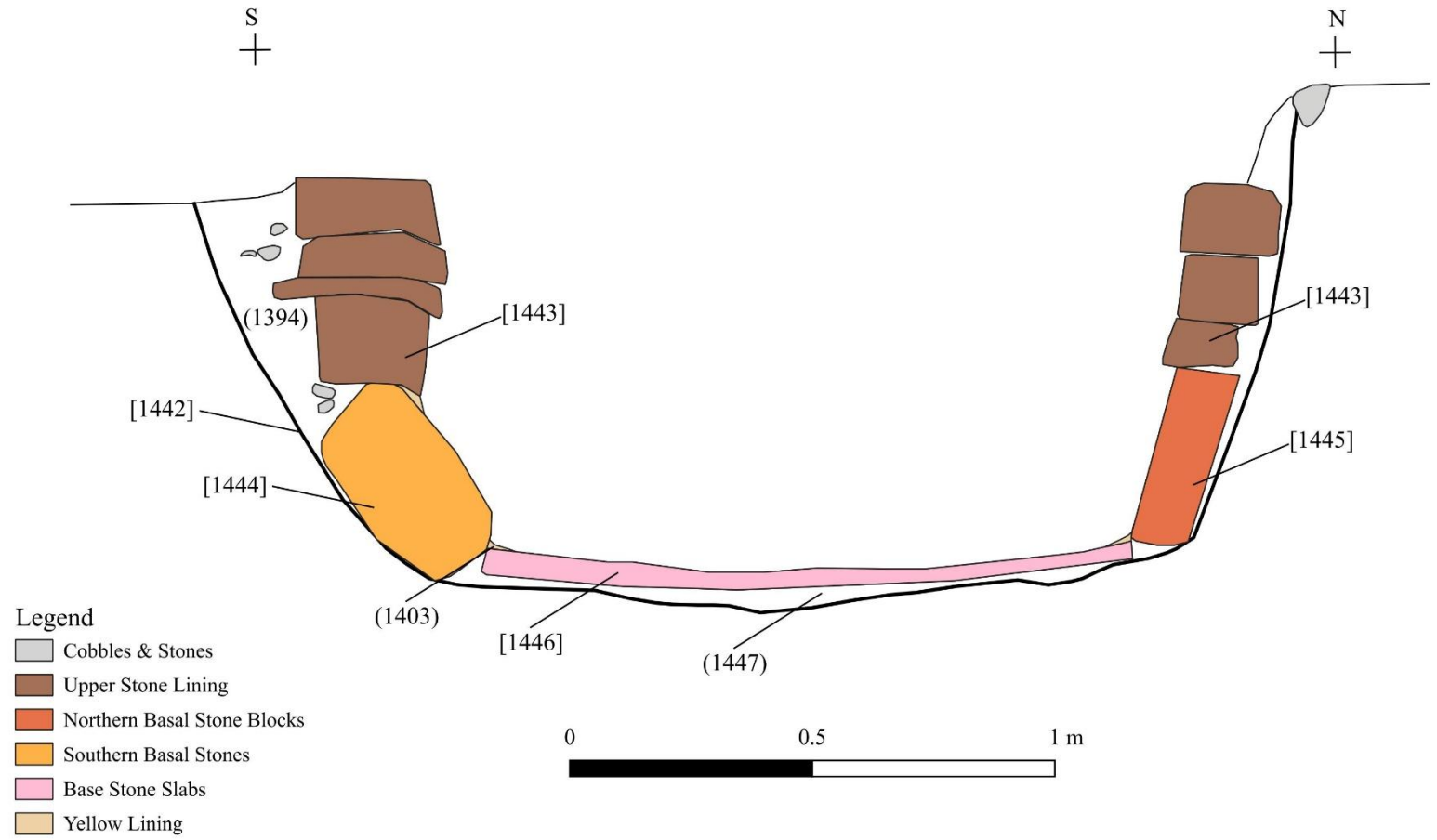

F13
SW
NE
(1333)
[1332]
F27
N
S
(1363)
[1362]
F30
N
S
(1371)
[1370]
F29
F28
N
S
(1367)
(1368)
(1369)
[1364]
(1302)
[1365]
[1366]
[1365]
F41
W
E
(1393)
[1392]
F42
N
S
(1395)
[1396]
F43
WNW
ESE
(1415)
[1414]
F44
E
W
(1417)
[1416]
NE
F45
SW
(1419)
[1418]
F50
WNW
ESE
(1451)
[1450]
0 0.1 0.2 m


F31
SW
NE
(1372)
[1372]
F32
NW
SE
(1375)
[1374]
F33
S
N
(1377)
[1376]
F34
S
N
(1379)
[1378]
F35
SW
NE
(1381)
[1380]
F36
SW
NE
[1382]
(1383)
F37
SW
NE
(1385)
[1384]
F38
NW
SE
[1386]
(1387)
F39
W
E
(1389)
[1388]
F40
SW
NE
(1391)
[1390]
0 0.1 0.2 m


F46
NE
SW
(1421)
[1420]
F47
N
S
(1423)
[1422]
F50
SSW
NNE
(1429)
[1428]
F48
F49
E
W
(1425)
[1424]
(1427)
[1426]
F51
WNW
ESE
(1431)
[1430]
F54
N
S
(1437)
[1436]
N
F52
F53
S
(1433)
[1432]
(1435)
[1434]
W
F55
E
(1438)
[1439]
N
F56
S
(1440)
[1440]
0 0.1 0.2 m
F58
WNW
ESE
(1451)
[1450]
0 0.1 0.2 m


S
N W
E
(1397)
(1397)
(1413)
(1401)
(1401)
(1405)
[1446]
0
0.5
1 m
Legend
Cobbles & Stones
Charcoal Rich Layer (1405)
Upper Stone Lining [1443]
Southern Basal Stones [1444]
Yellow Lining (1403)
Charcoal Flecks


N
S
E
W
(1397)
(1397)
(1405)
(1400)/(1401)
(1400)/(1401)
(1402)
(1412)
(1406)
(1407)
[1446]
Legend
Cobbles & Stones
Charcoal Rich Layer (1405)
Upper Stone Lining [1443]
Northern Basal Stone Blocks
Yellow Lining
Charcoal Flecks
0
0.5
1 m


S
N
(1394)
[1443]
[1442]
[1444]
[1443]
[1445]
(1403)
[1446]
(1447)
Legend
Cobbles & Stones
Upper Stone Lining
Northern Basal Stone Blocks
Southern Basal Stones
Base Stone Slabs
Yellow Lining
0
0.5
1 m