

**KINTAIL & WEST AFFRIC
ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY**

1997

in three volumes

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Undertaken by

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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH02602048 *Site name:* Alltan Nighean Alasdair
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN131 *Site type:* shielings
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Some 200m S of Loch a' Bhealaich on the S side of the Alltan Nighean Alisdair are the possible stone footings for a turf walled shieling c5m by c3m aligned WNW/ESE with stones protruding from the grass. A tiny stone walled structure c0.5m wide at the S widening to c1m wide at the N internally, with walls c0.6m wide and c0.2m high, is sited nearby to the W. About 7m to the E is a mound measuring c5m by c4m aligned more N/S. There are other mounds in the vicinity that may also once have been structures. These are too overgrown to be confirmed as 'real' features.

This is a small group of shielings. The feature to the W might have been used as a still site and perhaps even after the shieling was abandoned as it is the most prominent feature in the group.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN131A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG02752107 *Site name:* Loch a' Bhealaich
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN132 *Site type:* ?shieling, ?deer watcher's bothy?
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* grassy flush with rushes
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: To the W of the path recorded on the 1971 OS map and S of an unnamed burn are the turf capped footings c0.8m wide and c0.3m high of a structure c8m by c3m aligned N/S. Some 50m to the SE built against a large boulder c4-5m in diameter are the remains of a trapezoidal drystone structure c5m and c3m long by c4m wide. The irregular stone walls are up to 0.5m high and c0.7m wide.

The former structure was initially interpreted as a deer watcher's house as the grazing is not particularly good in this area. However no building was recorded here on the earlier OS maps. Nevertheless this structure is larger and more prominent than the shielings at Alltan Nighean Alasdair (KIN131).

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN132A-D

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97



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KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NG02152219

Site name: Loch Gaorsaic

NMR no:

Parish: Kintail

HC SMR no:

Local Authority: Highland: Lochalsh

NTS no: KIN133

Site type: ?shieling

Designations:

Importance: locally important

Other refs:

Vegetation: rush-covered grassy flush

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: An oval of stones c4m by c3m and c0.6m wide and c0.2m high defines the edge of a rush-covered slight knoll besides an unnamed burn. About 12m to the W is another group of stones, though these may be a natural flood deposit. This is likely to be a shieling site but it is very ill-defined.

Condition: Minor threat from flood damage

Interpretation: No

Management needs Monitor to prevent flood damage. The site should certainly be photographed in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN133A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG02302255 *Site name:* Loch Gaorsaic
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN134 *Site type:* ?shieling mounds
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* grassy flushes
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: There are 3 pronounced mounds c4m in diameter on the N side of this unnamed burn. These could not be positively identified as structures and may just be natural flood heaps. However they were interpreted during the site visit as possible shieling mounds.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: Minor threat from flood damage

Management needs Monitor to prevent flood damage. The site should certainly be photographed in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NG02452265 *Site name:* Loch Gaorsaic
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN135 *Site type:* boathouse
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: On the N shore of Loch Gaorsaic are the remains of a building c3.5m wide by c5m long with walls c0.6m wide. The doorway, fronting the loch, is 1.8m wide by c1.8m high. The walls appear to have been made of poured concrete. The roof slopes from N to S from c2.5m high to c1.75m high. Former timbers from this building have been burnt.

A boathouse not recorded on the 1971 or 1st and 2nd OS maps. It is considered locally to have been abandoned before 1871. The cement was presumably brought in and mixed with locally available sand and gravel to reduce weight.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

It may be appropriate to reroof this building but any proposals to do so should be discussed in advance of work being undertaken with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN135A-C

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH02302280 *Site name:* Loch Gaorsaic
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN136 *Site type:* structures, rigs

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: *Vegetation:* grassy flush

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: A group of 3 structures was noted here. The largest building is aligned NNE/SSW and measures c11m by c5m over stone walls c0.8m wide and surviving no more than c0.5m high. It is round-ended. Traces of mortar render survive in places externally. A secondary chamber c3m long is at its E end. About 20m to the SE and built against a large natural knoll is a drystone building c8m by c4m over walls c0.7m wide and up to 1m high. Some 30m to the SE of this is a third building measuring c8.5m by c5m. The walls of this building are ill-defined as 3 secondary structures c1-1.5m diameter with walls c0.6m wide and c1m high have built out of its robbed walls. In front of this building are the remains of a patch of rig cultivation 14m E by 10m N/S. The rig measures 2m in width.

The main structure was probably built as a shepherd's house. The mortar render suggests it was occupied to a relatively late date. However it was shown as unroofed by 1874. The patch of rig suggests the shepherd was attempting to grow crops, probably potatoes, at this altitude (c400mOD).

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* OS R&C Sheet 129 1874 & 1902

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN136A-D

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NG02712410 *Site name:* Gleann Gaorsaic west

NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail

HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh

NTS no: KIN137 *Site type:* structure

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: *Vegetation:* rushes, rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: This round-ended structure measuring c5m by c3m with turf-capped drystone walls c0.7m wide and up to 1m high survives largely intact, apart from its roof. It is aligned N/S. The collapsed material within the building suggests the roof has fallen in. There is no sign of collapse externally. In the S gable is a window c0.5m high by c0.3m wide.

This is one of the best preserved structures in the area. It is presumed to be bothy or byre, of unknown purpose and possibly built after sheep were cleared from this area.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN137A-D

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97



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KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NG03202350 *Site name:* Gleann Gaorsaic east

NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail

HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh

NTS no: KIN138 *Site type:* ?shieling, enclosure

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: *Vegetation:* grassy flush

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: On the S side of an unnamed burn there is a rectangular chamber c1m wide with walls c0.6m wide and c0.4m high which has been built against 2 large boulders. An irregular stone dyke c0.6m wide and c0.2m high forms an enclosure c1.1m long by c1-3m wide around this chamber. Though in a grassy flush potentially suitable for a shieling, no other buildings or structures were noted.

This was identified during the site visit as a probable shieling where the other buildings are overgrown or washed away. It is possible that this was the only structure at this site, in which case it is likely to be the remains of a still.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN138A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NG02752260 *Site name:* Loch Gaorsaic
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN139 *Site type:* ?shieling
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* grassy flush

Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: The remains of a possible L-shaped turf wall c0.3m high and c0.6m wide may mark the remains of a turf-walled structure c4m by c2m. Other similar mounds may also have once contained structures. However these are very ill-defined. A possible shieling site, but of uncertain extent.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN139A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG02502549 *Site name:* Abhainn Gaorsaic
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN140 *Site type:* ?still
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* moss, heather in rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: The largely obscured footings of a turf-walled structure survive above the S bank of the Abhainn Gaorsaic c100m W of the junction with the Allt Coire-lochain. The building is aligned E/W and is c4m by c2m over walls c0.4m wide and c0.2m high. This secluded location is not suitable for a shieling, though it might be a good position for a deer hide. Alternatively it was used as a still site.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN140A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH02552552 *Site name:* Abhainn Gaorsaic
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN141 *Site type:* fence & 'dyke'

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Occasional lengths of low stone dyke c0.15m wide and up to 0.3m high occur in places along the N bank of the Abhainn Gaorsaic. Initially interpreted as a remnant stone dyke, this is now seen as intermittent blocking at the base of a wire fence. This fence was still visible when the area was surveyed by the OS in 1971.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* OS Sheet NH02NW 1971

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Wordsworth, 10/9/97
1997/KIN141A-B



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH01952555 *Site name:* Falls of Glomach
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN142 *Site type:* shieling?
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* grassy flush
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Some 120m S of the Falls in an area prone to flooding are the probable remains of a collapsed round-ended drystone structure c4m by c2m over walls c0.6m wide and up to c0.3m high, aligned E/W. The structure is ill-defined. Even less well-defined 'structures' lie nearby. During the site visit this was interpreted as the remains of a shieling. However it could also be seen as the remains of a still site.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN142A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH01162675 *Site name:* Allt a' Ghloimaic
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN143 *Site type:* structure - longhouse, dyke
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: This drystone walled structure is aligned W/E near the path from Glen Elchaig to the Falls of Glomach. It is c11m by c3.5m over walls c0.6m wide and c0.4m high. There is a possible entrance in the north wall of this longhouse. There is a dyke some 20m downslope from the structure around its N hemisphere, which could not be seen around the upslope S arc. Another dyke appears to form a trapezoidal enclosure some 50m upslope from the structure.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1998/KIN143

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 15/8/98



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NH01222145 *Site name:* Bealach an Sgairne*NMR no:* *Parish:* Kintail*HC SMR no:* *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN144 *Site type:* platform, dyke*Designations:* *Importance:* locally important*Other refs:* *Vegetation:* rough grassland*Land use:* grazing by deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Just outwith the NTS Estate boundary and close to the head of the pass is a crude platform, c1.5m square, which has been constructed to the E of a huge boulder. Some sort of structure is recorded on the 1st edition OS map. The platform is enclosed by a low dyke c4m long that then runs S to the path. There is also a revetting stone feature that runs intermittently E/W beyond this site, as well as a low N/S dyke. The dyke lies 30m E of the ?platform and runs 10m S to the path before extending a further 20m before disappearing under a pile of scree.

On the basis of 1 rusted iron post the revetting wall would appear to be part of a now removed wire fence, not elsewhere recorded. It is similar to, though more substantial than, the dyke at Abhainn Gaorsaic (KIN141). If contemporary with this fence these features are probably late in the sequence here. Not being shown on the 1st or 2nd edition OS maps the fence must have been built after 1902. These features could have aided in the gathering/herding of sheep.

Condition: Stable*Interpretation:* No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

At some stage the rusty tins should be cleared from the site

Sources: *Bibliography:* OS R&C Sheet 128 1874*Photos:* Yes
1997/KIN144A-B*Surveyors/Dates:* J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NH004 214*Site name:* Allt Coire an Sgairne*NMR no:**Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN145*Site type:* path*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:* grassy flush*Land use:* grazing by sheep & deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description:

A richly verdant patch of grassland occurs in an otherwise undisturbed landscape. An examination of the 1st edition OS maps show this was the route of a former estate track, abandoned in favour of the route shown on the 1971 OS map, before the present path was built. The richer grassland has colonised the disturbed route of the former path.

Condition: Stable*Interpretation:* No*Management needs* Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

*Sources:**Bibliography:* OS R&C Sheet 129 1874*Photos:* Yes
1997/KIN145A-B*Surveyors/Dates:* J Wordsworth, 10/9/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG98722230 *Site name:* Allt Crioich a' Bhainne
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN146 *Site type:* shielings
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* grassy flush, rough grassland
Land use: grazing by sheep & deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Some 14m N of the path and 50m E of the dyke KIN147 is a grassy mound with some stones. This may represent a structure c5m by c4m aligned E/W. Another possible structure at least 3m in diameter lies c25m to the N in a bracken-clad area. About 30m to the SE of the path are the remains of a drystone footing c0.6m wide and c0.15m high, measuring c3m by c2m, and aligned N/S.

These structures are likely to be the remains of a shielings.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN146A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG98672225 *Site name:* Allt Crioich a' Bhainne*NMR no:* *Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:* *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN147 *Site type:* dyke*Designations:* *Importance:* locally important*Other refs:* *Vegetation:* rough grassland*Land use:* grazing by sheep/deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description: A boulder and turf dyke curves sinuously N from cliffs towards the Allt Choinneachain. It is spread to c1.2m wide and survives up to 0.5m high. The stretch S of the path is shown on the 1971 OS map but not the portion to the N which is less well preserved, being constructed more of turf/earth than stone. No wall was shown on the 1st or 2nd edition OS maps.

It could be that this is the boundary dyke for KIN148 or the shieling at KIN146.

Condition: Stable*Interpretation:* No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

*Sources:**Bibliography:**Photos:* Yes
1997/KIN147A-B*Surveyors/Dates:* J Wordsworth, 10/9/97



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KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NG98352228 *Site name:* Gob na Roinne
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN148 *Site type:* ?shieling/deer watcher's bothy, dyke
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* bog, rough grassland
Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Some 20m N of the path where the land narrows towards the Allt Choinneachain are the stone footings of a structure measuring c7m by c2.5m internally across walls c 0.8m wide and c0.3m high. The measurements are uncertain because the structure is largely swamped by bog. A possible yard c10m square lies to the S of the structure.

The siting of this structure at a narrow neck of land close to the path suggests it was used by a deer watcher or keeper to protect the deer. If so, the building is likely to be late 19th century in date, though there is no record of a building here on the 2nd edition OS map.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN148A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG98032215 *Site name:* Abhainn Chonaig
NMR no: *Parish:* Kintail
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland : Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN149 *Site type:* dyke
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* bracken, grassy flush
Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: bracken management; forestry proposal

Site description: A stone dyke, spread to c1.4m wide and no more than 0.5m high, follows a sinuous course Nwards and is cut by the path. It becomes increasingly constructed of turf as it crosses flatter ground towards the Abhainn Chonaig. It may be a boundary dyke associated with KIN148.

Condition: Minor threat from bracken, future threat from forestry

Interpretation: No

Management needs It might be appropriate to control the bracken by spraying with an approved chemical every 5 years or so. Whatever the decision, the site should be photographed in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

The proposed area for forestry should be redrawn to at least 10m E of this dyke so that it is protected from the proposed forestry works.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN149A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG971 237 *Site name:* Abhainn Chonaig
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland :Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN150 *Site type:* enclosure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* improved grassland
Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years; forestry proposal

Site description: The remains of a drystone dyke spread to c1.1m wide and c0.4m high encloses a piece of flat ground to the S of the path. The E end of this enclosure, which is c200m by c70m in total, is shown on the 1971 OS map. It is not shown on the 1st or 2nd edition OS maps. The grassland within this enclosure appears to have been ploughed/fertilised within the half century.

The stone dyke around this field was probably built after sheep were introduced at the beginning of the 19th century. It appears to have gone rapidly out of use as it was not shown on the 1st or 2nd edition OS maps. It has possibly been partially destroyed by flooding.

Condition: Future threat from forestry

Interpretation: No

Management needs An unplanted area at least 10m either side of this dyke should be left in the proposed area for planting. This unplanted stretch should be regularly weeded so that there is no amage from tree roots or regeneration.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN150

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 10/9/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96922145 *Site name:* Abhainn Chonaig
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland : Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN151 *Site type:* structure

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: *Vegetation:* heather, rough grassland

Land use: grazing by sheep/deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years; forestry proposal

Site description: The remains of a turf walled structure lie directly to the N of the path

Condition: Future threat from forestry

Interpretation: No

Management needs An unplanted area at least 15m wide around this feature should be left in the proposed area for planting. This unplanted stretch should be regularly weeded so that there is no damage from tree roots or regeneration.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN151

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 17/3/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96862067 *Site name:* Morvichmor
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN152 *Site type:* ?roundhouse
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by sheep/cattle
Management: grazing management

Site description: On a slight knoll projecting N is a circle of boulders c7m in diameter. Only a single 'line' is evident protruding to 0.2m high. This has been interpreted as a possible roundhouse with most of the walling now robbed out.

Condition: Minor threats from overgrazing

Interpretation: No

Management needs Stock are over-trampling the ground and causing damage to the area, so an improved grazing regime could be negotiated.

The site should certainly be photographed in the spring at least every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN152A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 22/4/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96952064 *Site name:* Morvichmor
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN153 *Site type:* dyke
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland, rushes, bracken

Land use: grazing by sheep/cattle
Management: bracken management

Site description: A turf & stone dyke nearly 1m wide and surviving up to 0.5m high sits on the S side of an unnamed burn before crossing to the N as a turf dyke to curve N to the river Croe. The N section is largely obscured by rushes & bracken. It is shown on the 1971 OS survey but not on the 1st or 2nd edition OS maps. A drystone structure with angular hearting (ie professionally built) abuts this to form a chamber c3m by c2m . This chamber is made of coursed masonry in contrast to the large vertical boulders of the dyke. The walls of this secondary feature are only 0.3m high and c0.8m wide.

This boundary may have originally been associated with the settlement of Morvachmor which is recorded on Roy's survey of c1750. The drystone dyke part of it is more recent and may be contemporary with the sheepfold KIN154.

Condition: Minor threat from bracken

Interpretation: No

Management needs The bracken should be sprayed with an approved chemical on a regular basis.

Photo in the spring every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Roy's survey c1750 slide

Photos: Yes
1997/KINA-C

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 22/4/97



KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NG96982065

Site name: Morvichmor

NMR no:

Parish: Glenshiel

HC SMR no:

Local Authority: Highland: Lochalsh

NTS no: KIN154

Site type: sheepfold

Designations:

Importance: locally important

Other refs:

Vegetation: rough grassland

Land use: grazing by sheep/cattle

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: The sheepfold recorded here was not extant before 1902, though an area of ?arable ground is shown in this location on the 2nd edition OS map.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN154

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 22/4/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96722085 *Site name:* Morvichmor
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN155 *Site type:* structure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland, moss & rushes

Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: A badly robbed structure c7m by c2.5m aligned E/W lies 40m W of the track, with walls c0.7m wide and c0.15m high. It is possible that this is a structure associated with Morvachmor, the settlement recorded in Roy's survey of c1750.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Roy's survey c1750 slide

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN155

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 22/4/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96732078 *Site name:* Morvichmor
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN156 *Site type:* structure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* bracken, rough grassland, moss & rushes
Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: bracken management

Site description: Sited across a slight knoll (ie the sides appear to slope) is a rectangular structure c6m by c2.5m, with walls c0.7m wide and c0.2m high, aligned N/S. It is possible that this is a structure associated with Morvachmor, the settlement recorded in Roy's survey of c1750.

Condition: Minor threat from bracken

Interpretation: No

Management needs The bracken should be sprayed with an approved chemical on a regular basis.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Roy's survey c1750 slide

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN156

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 22/4/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96822075 *Site name:* Morvichmor
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN157 *Site type:* roundhouse
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland, rushes
Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: On a slight knoll to the W of the path a line of upright boulders forms a circle some 8-9m in diameter. It seems likely that this is another roundhouse - see KIN152.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN157

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 22/4/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG97122059*Site name:* Morvichmor*NMR no:**Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN158*Site type:* peat stack?*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:* rough grassland, heather & bog myrtle*Land use:* grazing by sheep/deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Two parallel lines of stones define an area c5-7m long by 1.5m wide. It lies in an area of boggy ground. It has been interpreted as a stack base for peats.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN158

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 22/4/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG96902071*Site name:* Morvichmor*NMR no:**Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN159*Site type:* enclosure*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:* rough grassland, rushes*Land use:* grazing by sheep/deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description:

Some 90m WNW of the sheepfank KIN154 is an enclosure/?structure formed of large upright boulders. It measures c6m broad at the E and c3m broad at the W. About 6m in length survives but it was originally longer as there have been peat cuttings at the E end.

This could be the remains of a building but at c6m wide on the E is probably too broad for this. It was probably an animal enclosure dating to before the introduction of sheep.

Condition: Stable*Interpretation:* No*Management needs* Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

*Sources:**Bibliography:**Photos:* Yes
1997/KIN159*Surveyors/Dates:* J Wordsworth, 22/4/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96702120 *Site name:* Inchnacroe
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN160 *Site type:* structures, enclosure

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland, rushes

Land use: grazing by sheep/deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: The slight remains of at least 4 structures lie in rush-infested grassland. The structures and their surrounding enclosure are ill-defined but include one structure c7m by c3m over slight founds c0.8m wide and c0.15m high. The enclosure within which these structures are sited is a trapezoid c18m long in each of its dimensions.

It seems unlikely that this is the main settlement of Inchnacroa as noted on the Roy survey of 1750. It is more likely that this is a cottars settlement on the floodplain of the rivers Croe and Chonaig.

Condition: Minor threat from rushes

Interpretation: No

Management needs The site needs careful protection to prevent further damage. Control of the rushes by strimming might be appropriate but only after detailed survey has located all the house sites.

The site should certainly be photographed in the spring at least every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 17/3/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96822124 *Site name:* Inchnacroe
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN161 *Site type:* structure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* Rushes, rough grassland

Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: A drystone structure now measuring c5m by c9m stands here with walls up to 0.75m high and 0.6m thick at the top. It was formerly roofed in corrugated iron. The E end has vanished and it may have been 5m longer originally. It is now covered with modern building materials, suggesting it is to be reconstructed. It was shown roofed on the 1st and 2nd edition OS surveys. It was presumably used as a shed or barn by the 19th century farmer at Inchnacroe (KIN164).

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs At some stage the corrugated iron and other rubbish should be cleared away from this site.

The site should certainly be photographed in the spring at least every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: OS R&C Sheet 128 1874 & 1902

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN161

Surveyors/Dates: J Wordsworth, 17/3/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG96882140*Site name:* Inchnacroe*NMR no:**Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN162*Site type:* sheepfold*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:* rough grassland*Land use:* grazing by sheep/deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description: A sheepfold was shown here in 1874 but it had disappeared by 1902. The present sheepfold is built over this.

Condition: n/a*Interpretation:* No

Management needs The site should certainly be photographed in the spring at least every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

*Sources:**Bibliography:* OS R&C Sheet 128 1874 & 1902*Photos:* Yes
1997/KIN162*Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 17/3/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG96932137*Site name:* Inchnacroe*NMR no:**Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN163*Site type:* structure*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:* rough grassland, trees, rushes*Land use:* grazing by sheep/deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description: This structure was shown as roofed on the 1874 OS map. It is aligned WSW/ENE and measures c17m long and c4.5m wide over walls spread to c1m and c0.7m high. It has been internally divided into two areas at 11m and in the E area a central drain crosses S/N, The W area has an entrance centrally placed in the N side.

Condition: Future threat from windthrow of trees

Interpretation: No

Management needs The site should certainly be photographed in the spring at least every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist. The trees should be assessed and possibly removed as their root system will be damaging this site.

Sources:

Bibliography: OS R&C Sheet 128 1874

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN163

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 17/3/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG97002129 *Site name:* Innis a' Chrotha
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN164 *Site type:* structure & enclosure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: This was shown as roofed in 1874 but was unroofed by 1902. It is the main farmstead of Innis a Chroa. The drystone structure is aligned WNW-ESE and measures c10m by c4.5m over walls spread to c0.8m and still standing up to c0.6m high. There is an extension to the ESE end of the structure which measures c6m by c4m over walls spread to c0.8m and standing c 0.5m high. Abutting the NE side of the structure is an enclosure with maximum dimensions c12m defined by a low turf covered dyke. Overlooking this farmstead, sited on a knoll c30m to the SE, is a small turf covered subrectangular structure aligned E-W and measuring c8m by c4m over ?turf walls spread to c1m and at most 0.3m high.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No, although the settlement in this vicinity is noted on the Roy survey of c1750 as Inchcroa.

Management needs The site should certainly be photographed in the spring at least every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: OS R&C Sheet 128 1874 & 1902
Roy survey c1750 slide

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN164
1998/KIN164

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 17/3/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG97152125*Site name:* Innisa'Chrotha*NMR no:**Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN165*Site type:* peat stack, peat cuttings*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:* bog, heather*Land use:* grazing by sheep/deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description: A peat stack c3m by 2m is situated in the heather moorland near extensive cuttings across the hillside.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs The site should certainly be photographed in the spring at least every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 17/3/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG971 214*Site name:* Innis a' Chrotha*NMR no:* NG92SE005*Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Lochalsh: Highland*NTS no:* KIN166*Site type:* roundhouses, dykes*Designations:**Importance:* regionally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:* heather moorland, bracken*Land use:* grazing by sheep/deer*Management:* bracken management; forestry proposal; research

Site description:

3 roundhouses were recorded here in 1974 by the OS Field Investigators. The remains of boulder walls, presumed to be the remains of field walls are visible through the peat.

"The three hut circles are: 'A' measures c7.5m in diameter between wall centres with an entrance in the W. 'B' is a circular platform c9.5m in diameter with traces of walling round the edge. The E half is now occupied by a later building c4.5m by c2.5m. 'C' is c5.7m in diameter within a wall c1.1m thick and an entrance in the W. Immediately on the N side of the entrance built against the outer face is what appears to be an annex c2.5m in diameter. About 30m in front of the hut circle is a ruinous wall of uncertain period."

Condition:

major threat from forestry proposal; minor threat from bracken and deep heather

Interpretation:

Possibly. Following research interpretation could look at the development of Innis a' Crotha from prehistoric times through to the present day.

Management needs

This prehistoric settlement area should be excluded from the proposed forestry enclosure. The bracken infested areas should be sprayed on a regular basis so that the features are not damaged any further. ?The heather should be burnt?

The area would also benefit from an EDM survey and inclusion within a study of the development of Innis a' Crotha.

In any case it should be photographed in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: NMRS*Bibliography:**Photos:* Yes
1997/KIN166A-F*Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 17/3/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96902113 *Site name:* Inchnacroe
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN167 *Site type:* settlement
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland, rushes
Land use: buildings
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: The settlement at Inchnacroe has moved down the hill from its predecessor Innis a' Crotha at some time during the 20th century. Various 'new' buildings have been erected, at NG96652105 and NG97252085. The building marked on the 2nd edition OS map at NG96952124 is still in situ but it has presumably been rebuilt or remodelled. There are the remains of a structure at NG96942117 some c4m square over walls c0.6m wide and c0.1m high aligned W/E which is also marked on the 2nd edition OS map.

Condition: n/a

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years to maintain record of change by tenants/owners.

Sources: *Bibliography:* OS R&C Sheet 128 1902

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 17/3/97
1997/KIN167

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG96872132*Site name:* Inchnacroe*NMR no:**Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN168*Site type:* roofed building*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:* rough grassland*Land use:* building; grazing by sheep/deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description: This corrugated iron building is set on a concrete floor. It is c8m long by c4m wide with a possible extension c 1.5m long at the NE end.

Condition: Stable*Interpretation:* No*Management needs* Photo in the spring once every 5 years to maintain record of change by tenants/owners.

*Sources:**Bibliography:* OS R&C Sheet 128 1874 & 1902*Photos:* Yes
1997/KIN168*Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 17/3/97



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KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NG98351335 *Site name:* Eilean a' Chuilinn
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN170 *Site type:* sheepfold

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by sheep/deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: The interior of this sheepfold has a level platform c8m by c3m that during the site visit was interpreted as a structure. The sheepfold survives in good condition and retains creeps in its N & E walls. The S wall appears to have been removed since 1902, unless the structure was completely rebuilt.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* OS R&C Sheet 132 1874 & 1902

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Wordsworth, 8/3/97
1997/KIN170

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG99101322 *Site name:* Droachaid Beul-ath Cheapain
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN171 *Site type:* old military road and bridge
Designations: *Importance:* regionally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: visitor management

Site description: The old military road has survived N of the present road, as has the bridge that was built across the river Shiel.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: Possibly, bearing in mind that it is possible to park cars easily in this area.

Management needs Advantage is often taken of the draw-in space to camp overnight and use the area as a carpark. This should be monitored from a public health perspective.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* OS R&C Sheet 132 1874 & 1902
Taylor 1976 p156

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 15/2/98
1997/KIN171



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG96891448 *Site name:* Alltan na Ba Duinne*NMR no:* NG91SE003 *Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:* *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN172 *Site type:* structures*Designations:* *Importance:* locally important*Other refs:* *Vegetation:* bracken, rough grassland*Land use:* grazing by deer/sheep*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Here are 2 round-ended drystone structures aligned roughly ENE/WSW with entrances through the WSW gable. They are similar in size, measuring c 6.5m long and c3m wide over walls c0.9m wide and up to 0.9m high. The structure to the SE has been subsequently subdivided to create a smaller structure with at its WSW end. A possible third structure lies to the W and is also apparently a round-ended drystone structure. Most of this structure has been eroded by the burn, so that only a corner c1m wide is visible. Along the edges of the Allt na Ba Duinne the remnants of stone dykes or banks can be seen. It is not clear if these were built torevet the banks of the burn or to control stock. Only one building is shown unroofed on the 1st and 2nd edition OS surveys, but two are shown on the 1971 OS map. These are presumably stores or sheds connected with Achnagart Farm.

Condition: Minor threat from bracken*Interpretation:* No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos then management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.
If agreed the bracken should be sprayed with an approved chemical on a regular basis to control it.

Sources: *Bibliography:* OS R&C Sheet 131 1874 & 1902*Photos:* Yes
1997/KIN172A-B*Surveyors/Dates:* J Wordsworth & J Harden 8/3/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG96601485 *Site name:* Allt Achadh nan Gart
NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh
NTS no: KIN173 *Site type:* structure, rigs
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: *Vegetation:* improved grassland, rushes
Land use: grazing by sheep/deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Lying to the E of Cnoc an Fhuar-thuill and the burn Allt Achadh nan Gart on a natural terrace are the remains of a rig system covering an area c90m by c35m. The remains of a turf dyke can be seen on the E side running in a NW direction until it disappears near the burn. In the centre of the E side of the rigs a stone dyke c0.5m high and c0.7m wide runs to the E up the hill. Further to the S beyond the visible rigs a sinuous turf & stone dyke c0.2-0.3m high and c0.3m wide can be traced. On the SW edge of the visible rigs are the remains of a round-ended drystone structure c6m by c3m over walls spread to c1m wide and c0.7m high. It is in very poor condition and may consist of 2 linked smaller structures. A circular store? c1m diameter lies immediately to the S of this. This area is presumably part of Achnagart. It may date to after the sheep were introduced but is more likely to have formed part of the joint township of Achnagart and therefore to have been constructed and abandoned by the early 19th century. It is the only significant area of rig surviving at Achnagart.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN173A-D

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 8/3/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NG95851638 *Site name:* Achadh nan Seileach

NMR no: *Parish:* Glenshiel

HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh

NTS no: KIN174 *Site type:* structure

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: *Vegetation:* rough grassland, rushes

Land use: grazing by sheep

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Just E of the river Shiel and on the N edge of an area of scree/erosion are the remains of a rectangular structure. It is aligned NW-SE, and measures c4.5m by c3.2m over walls spread to c0.8m thick and c0.2m high.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography:

Photos: Yes
1997/KIN174

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden & J Wordsworth 8/3/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NG96081675*Site name:**NMR no:**Parish:* Glenshiel*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Lochalsh*NTS no:* KIN175*Site type:* charcoal site*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:**Land use:* grazing by sheep/deer*Management:*

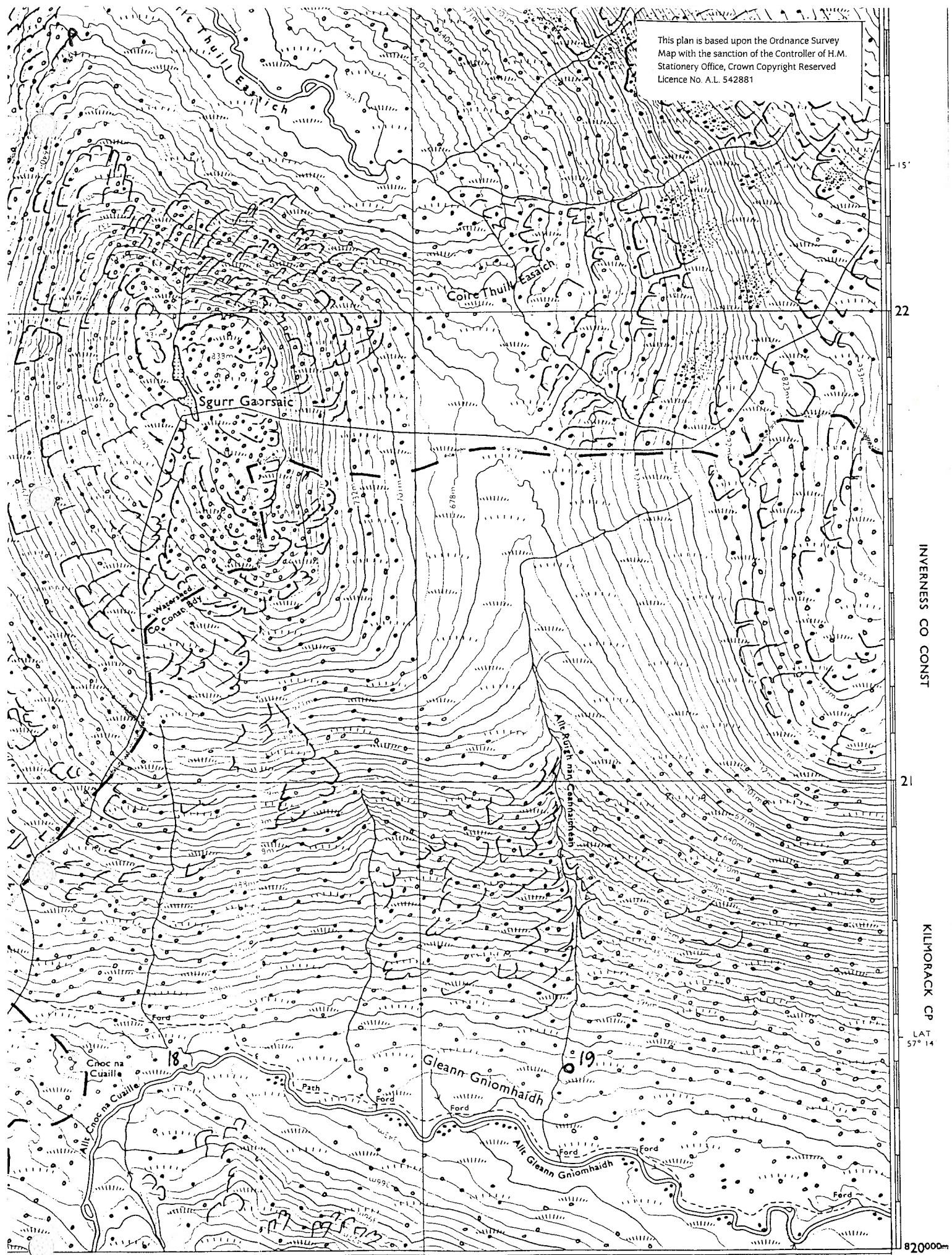
Site description:

A small unmarked burn has exposed a deposit of charcoal now buried under a layer of turf and silts. The ground slopes fairly steeply at this point. Only a small patch of charcoal was exposed but it does not appear to be a natural deposit. Whether this was connected with woodland clearance, distilling or some other activity cannot be established. Its location suggests it is not from some domestic or even campers fire as the slope is too steep and wet for this. This may be of environmental interest for establishing woodland clearance or may just be a chance accumulation.

*Condition:**Interpretation:**Management needs*

*Sources:**Bibliography:**Photos:* Yes*Surveyors/Dates:* J Wordsworth, 3/4/97

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INVERNESS CO CONST

KILMORACK CP

LAT 57° 14'

82000m

20500m

INVERNESS-SHIRE

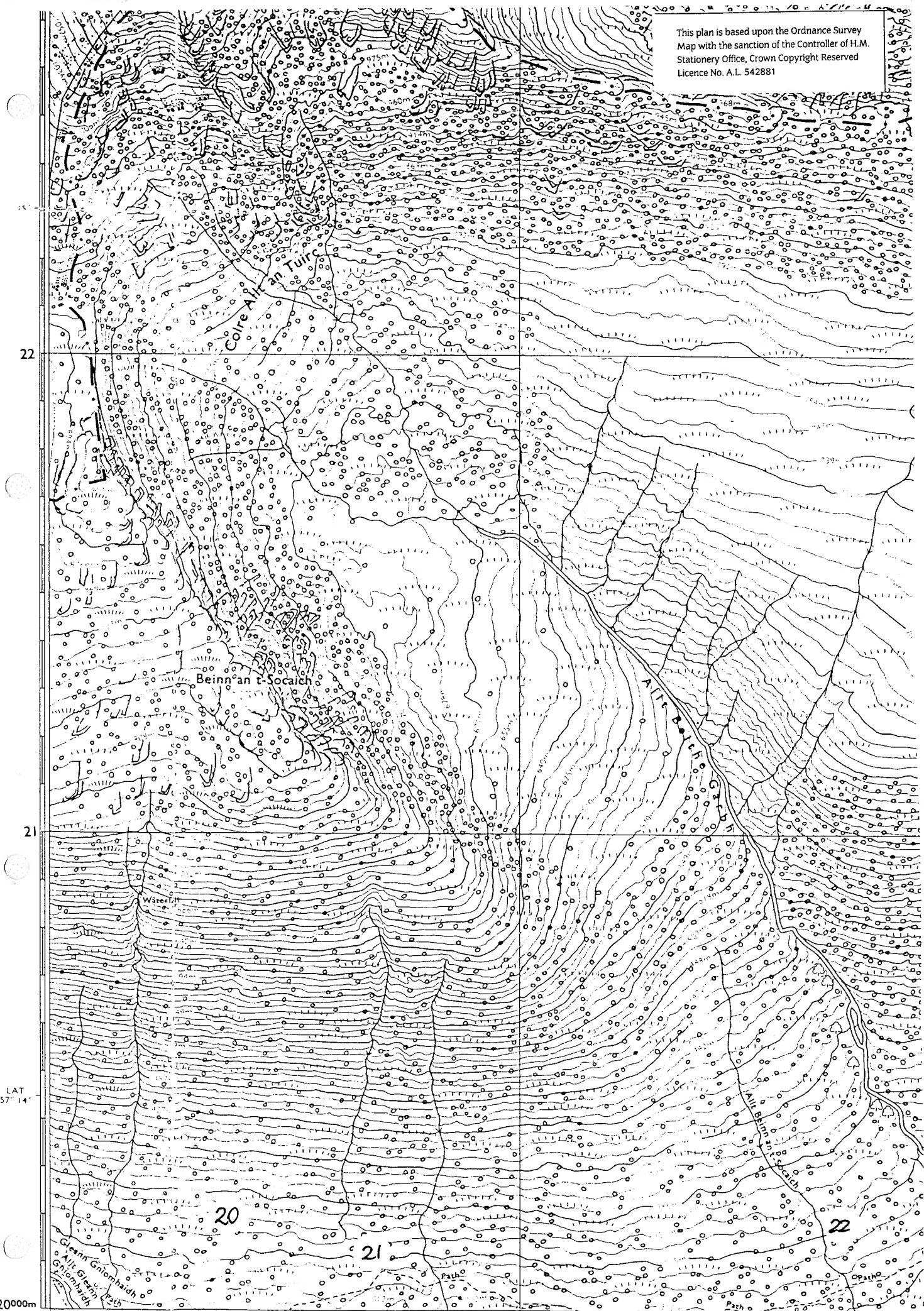
04 GLENAFFRIC FOREST

AIRD DISTRICT

LONG 5° 14' W

NH023W

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LAT
57° 14'

82000m

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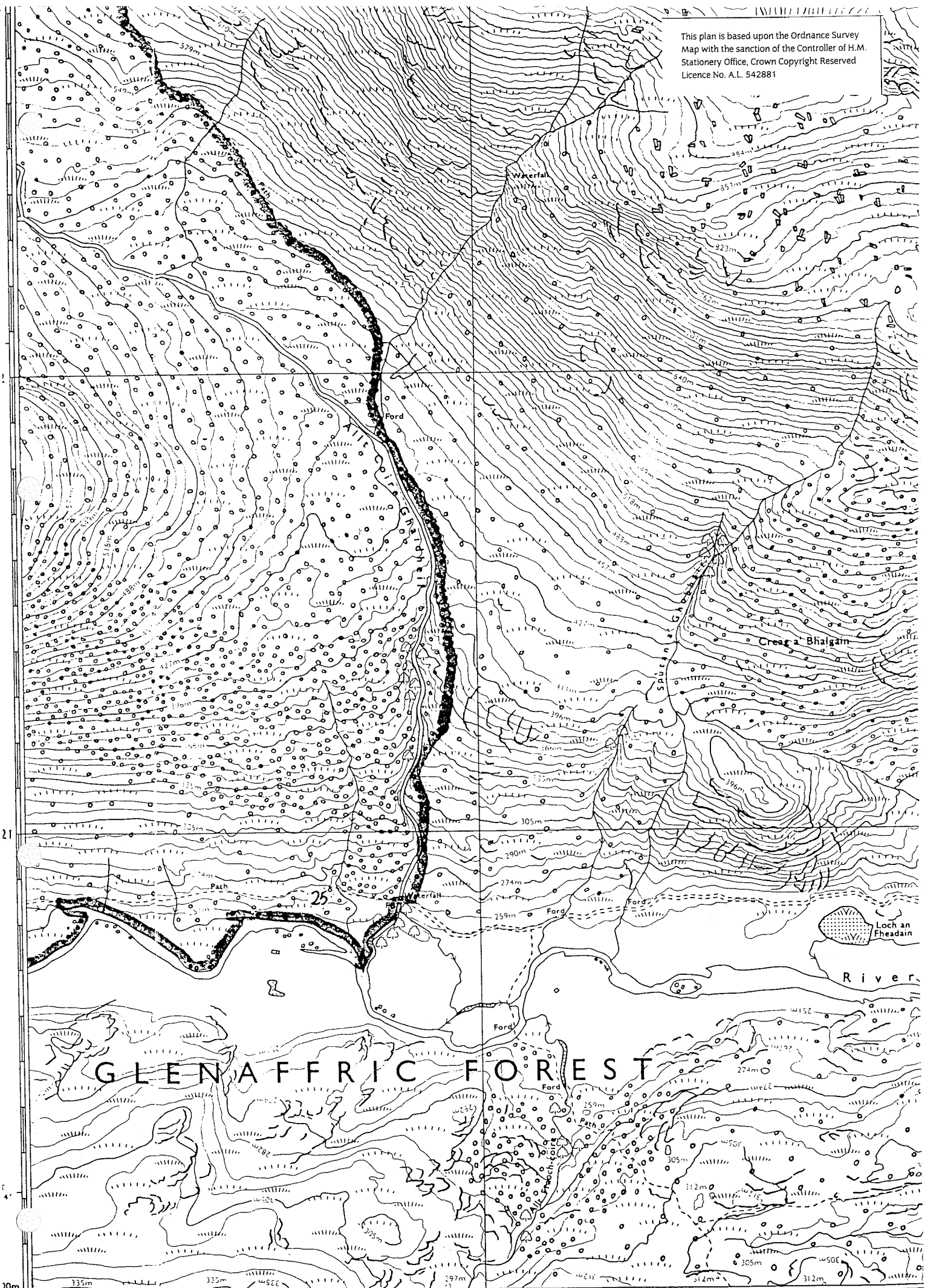
LONG
5° 13' W

06

INVERNESS-SHIRE

NH 02 06

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GLENAFFRIC FOREST

LONG 5° 08' W

NH 12 SW

07' INVER

210000

11

07'

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Coire-an-t-Siosalaich

ALL OF NW

INVERNESS-SHIRE

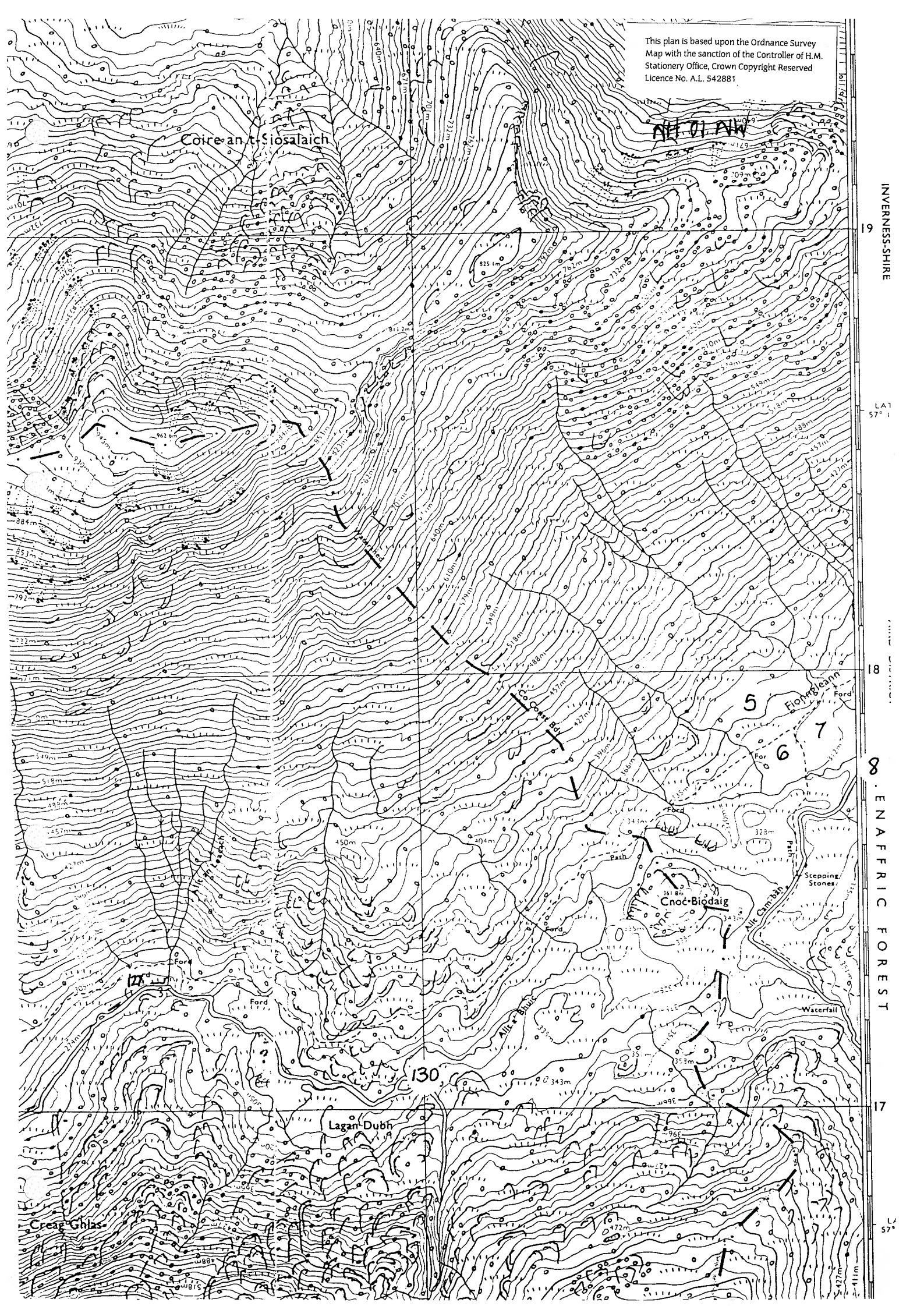
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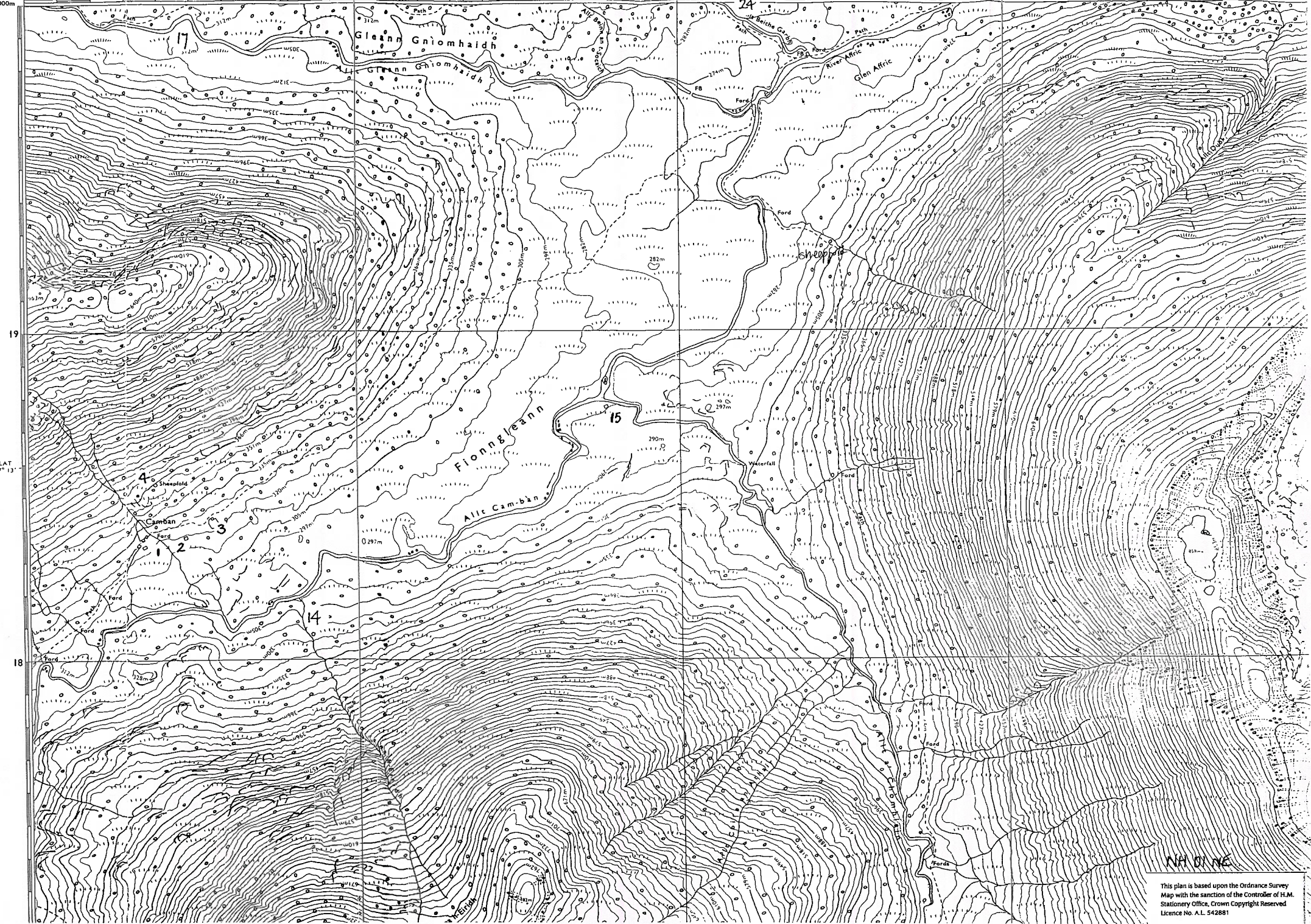
8

8 ENAFFRIC FOREST

17

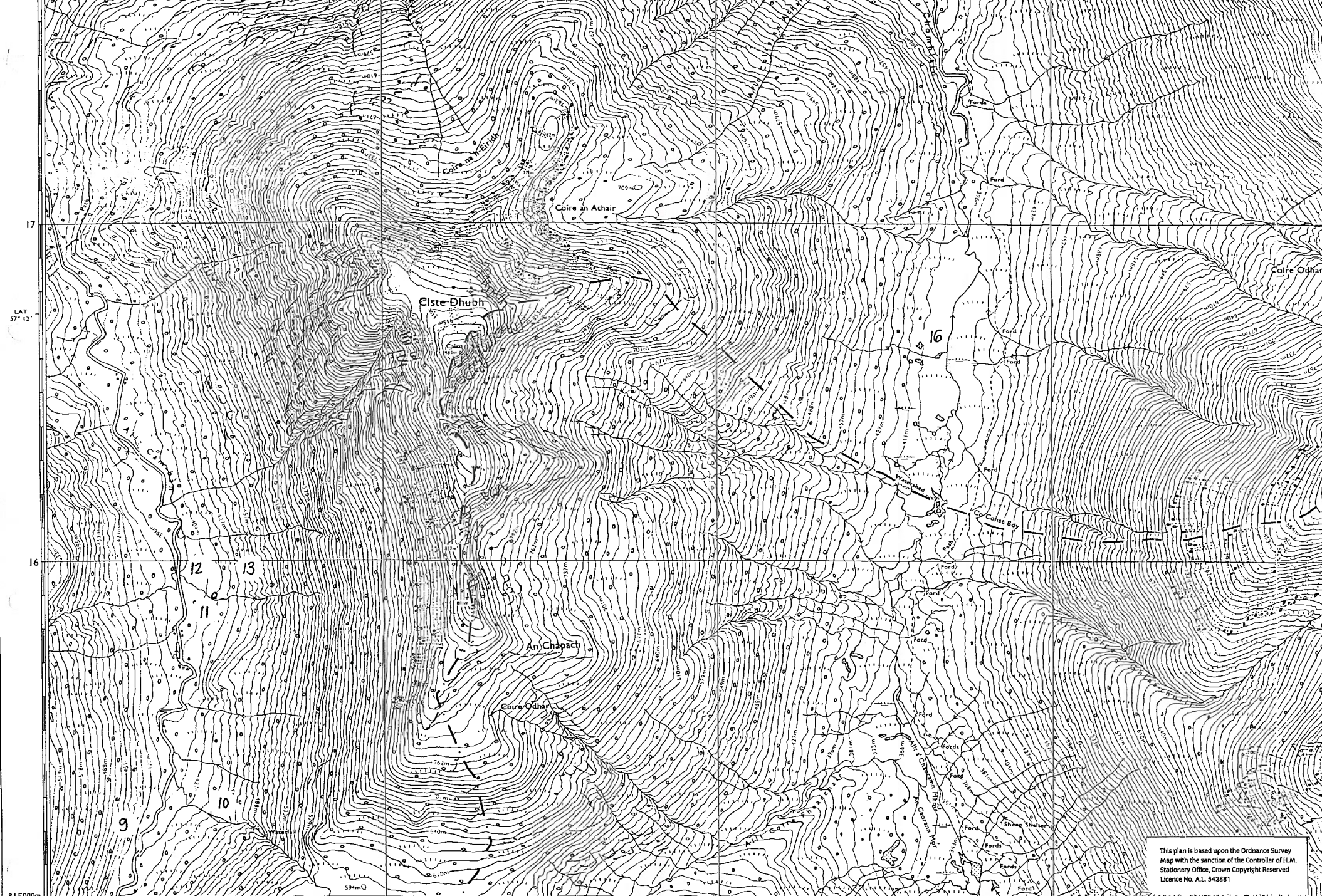
LA 57°





LAT 57° 13'

NH 01 NE
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LAT
57° 12'

16

815000m

205000m

LONG
5° 13' W

Bealach a' Choinich 06

12' ROSS AND CROMARTY

07

11' SOUTH WEST DISTRICT

08

10' GLENSHIEL CP NHOINE

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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH05481837 *Site name:* Camban east
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF002 *Site type:* structure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: Wordsworth 28f *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years; research; forestry sch

Site description: To the E of the named settlement of Camban are the remains of a drystone structure c10.5m by c4m over walls c0.7m wide and c0.3m high and aligned W/E. The E end of the structure has been altered with the construction of a pen c2m by c5m. This structure is roofed on the 1874 OS map.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: Possibly, following a detailed survey and research into the establishment of settlement this far up Glen Affric.

Management needs This area would benefit from further research, both documentary and a full EDM survey, to elucidate the development of the settlement and enable interpretation.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995
OS Inv Sheet 132 1874 & 1902

Photos: No *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NH05571843*Site name:* Camban east*NMR no:**Parish:* Kilmorack*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness*NTS no:* WAFF003*Site type:* structure, enclosure*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:* Wordsworth 28f*Vegetation:* rough grassland*Land use:* grazing by deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years; research; forestry sch

Site description: The remains of a structure c5m wide and at least c8m long with mortared walls c0.7m wide and up to 1m high is aligned cSW/NE. There is an entrance in its NW wall c0.9m wide and another in its SE wall c0.6m wide. There is also a window opening in the SE wall. This structure lies on the N edge of an enclosure defined by a drystone dyke spread to c1m wide and c0.3m high. This 'extension' to the Camban settlement is unnamed on the 1st edition OS map.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: Possibly, following a detailed survey and research into the establishment of settlement this far up Glen Affric.

Management needs This area would benefit from further research, both documentary and a full EDM survey, to elucidate the development of the settlement and enable interpretation.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Wordsworth, 1995
OS Inv Sheet 132 1874 & 1902

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NH05391854

Site name: Camban north

NMR no:

Parish: Kilmorack

HC SMR no:

Local Authority: Highland: Inverness

NTS no: WAFF004

Site type: sheepfold

Designations:

Importance: locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 28j

Vegetation: rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years; research; forestry sch

Site description:

This circular sheepfold is similar to others in West Affric (NB those in Glenlichd and Glenshiel tend to be square). It is c8m in diameter and survives up to 1m high with walls c0.6m wide. There is a possible entrance in the N. This sheepfold is not noted on the 1st edition OS map.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation:

Possibly, following a detailed survey and research into the establishment of settlement this far up Glen Affric.

Management needs

This area would benefit from further research, both documentary and a full EDM survey, to elucidate the development of the settlement and enable interpretation.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NH048 179 *Site name:* Fionngleann west
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF005 *Site type:* dyke, structure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: Wordsworth 27 *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years; forestry proposal

Site description: An 'L' shaped length of turf and drystone dyke is aligned E/W for c27m and then S/N for a further c50m, the dyke being spread to c1m wide and c0.3m high. At the bend there appears to be an integral structure c2m by 1.5m internally, with an entrance in its S side.

Condition: Future threat from forestry proposal

Interpretation: No

Management needs CHECK FORESTRY PROPOSAL

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NH04851784 *Site name:* Fionngleann west
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF006 *Site type:* structure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: Wordsworth 25 *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: drystone dyke management

Site description: A round-ended drystone structure is sited S of the path and is c7m by c3m over walls c0.7m wide and c0.5m high. It is aligned SW/NE. This is likely to be a shieling bothy, possibly one built and maintained by the herdspeople from Kintail, who are said to have rented these grazings from the Chisholm before the 20th century.

Condition: Minor threat from stone robbing

Interpretation: No

Management needs It seems that some of the stones from this structure have been used to patch the path - this should be avoided in the future and it may be appropriate to reinstate the obviously robbed part. If this work is undertaken the advice of the NTS archaeologist should be sought in advance of commencing.

Whatever the decision, the structure should be photographed in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH04891785 *Site name:* Fionngleann west
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF007 *Site type:* structure

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 26 *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: A round-ended drystone structure is sited S of the path and is c7m by c3m over walls c0.7m wide and c0.6m high. It is aligned SW/NE. A trench is still visible around the N and W sides of the structure - presumably cut to control flooding.

This is also likely to be a shieling bothy (see WAFF006), possibly one built and maintained by the herdspeople from Kintail, who are said to have rented these grazings from the Chisholm before the 20th century.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH4961772 *Site name:* Fionngleann west
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF008 *Site type:* shieling?
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: Wordsworth 24 *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: This is a small drystone structure c3-4m long and c2m wide over walls c0.55m wide and c0.1m high. It is presumably part of the shieling structures associated with WAFF006 and WAFF007?

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH05501525 *Site name:* Allt Camban
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF010 *Site type:* shieling store?

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 17 *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: This small circular drystone structure is c1.4m in diameter and built of large stones up to 0.5m wide and 0.6m high. A round-ended shovel with its wooden handle still partly survive in this structure! there is a possible entrance to the S, but if so it has been blocked with smaller stones. It is possible that it is also a 'store' associated with a shieling.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NH05501590 *Site name:* Allt Camban
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF011 *Site type:* sheepfold
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: Wordsworth 18 *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: This circular sheepfold is similar to others in West Affric (NB those in Glenlichd and Glenshiel tend to be square). It is c8m in diameter and survives up to 1.3m high with walls c0.6m wide. There is a possible entrance in the E which is c0.65m wide which was probably originally capped by a lintel now collapsed c1.3m by 0.25m by 0.06m. This sheepfold is not noted on the 1st edition OS map.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NH15511595*Site name:* Allt Camban*NMR no:**Parish:* Kilmorack*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness*NTS no:* WAFF012*Site type:* shieling?*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:* Wordsworth 19*Vegetation:* rough grassland*Land use:* grazing by deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years

Site description: A drystone structure c5m by c3m with walls c0.6m wide and c0.3m high is aligned cN/S. The walls appear to have been robbed, possibly for the construction of the sheepfold. It is possibly a shieling bothy of WAFF006 or WAFF008.

Condition: Stable*Interpretation:* No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

*Sources:**Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995*Photos:* No*Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH15561595 *Site name:* Allt Camban
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF013 *Site type:* shieling?

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 20 *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: A circular drystone structure c5m internal diameter with walls c0.7m wide and c0.5m high is situated E of WAFF012. The entrance is probably in the E. It may be an unusually shaped shieling.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NH05881807 *Site name:* Allt Coire na h-Eirdidh
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF014 *Site type:* sheepfold, dyke, shieling?

Designations:

Importance: locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 21-23

Vegetation: rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years; forestry proposal

Site description:

This circular sheepfold is similar to others in West Affric (NB those in Glenlichd and Glenshiel tend to be square). It is c8m in diameter and survives up to 1.3m high with a turf capping and its wall is c0.75m wide at the base and c0.5m wide at the top. This sheepfold is not noted on the 1st edition OS map.

Some 20m S of the sheepfold is a 4m length of dyke c0.55m wide and c0.55m high abutting a large boulder.

Some 45m NNW of the sheepfold are several large stones and a slight change in the grassy vegetation over an area c3m by c2m. This may be the remains of a shieling.

Condition: Future threat from forestry proposal

Interpretation: No

Management needs CHECK FORESTRY PROPOSAL

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NH06781877

Site name: Allt a' Chomhlain

NMR no:

Parish: Kilmorack

HC SMR no:

Local Authority: Highland: Inverness

NTS no: WAFF015

Site type: sheepfold

Designations:

Importance: locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 29

Vegetation: rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years; forestry proposal

Site description: This rectangular structure is noted on the 1st edition OS map.

Condition: Future threat from forestry proposal

Interpretation: No

Management needs CHECK FORESTRY PROPOSAL

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Wordsworth, 1995
OS Inv Sheet 132 1874 & 1902

Photos: No

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 9/10/97

KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NH06651565 *Site name:* Allt a' Chomhlain
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF016 *Site type:* ?shieling 'store'

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 30 *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: This small drystone structure is c1.2m by c0.8m with walls c0.45m wide and up to 0.7m high. It may be a 'store' associated with a shieling.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 9/10/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH05471988 *Site name:* Gleann Gniomhaidh

NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack

HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness

NTS no: WAFF017 *Site type:* structure

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 15 *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: The remains of an L shaped structure are situated down the slope of a slight N facing knoll. Its internal measurements are c2m wide and c5m long E/W and c7m long N/S over walls spread to c1m wide and c0.5m high. There is no walling across the N end of the long side of the structure and the W-end of the short length of the structure is round-ended.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 10/10/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH03382036 *Site name:* Cnoc na Cuaille
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF018 *Site type:* still?
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: Wordsworth 14 *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: monitor once every 5 years: forestry proposal

Site description: This small drystone structure is c4m by c2m over walls c0.5m wide and c0.7m high. It may be a still site.

Condition: Future threat from forestry proposal

Interpretation: No

Management needs CHECK FORESTRY PROPOSAL

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: Yes
1997/WAFF018

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 10/10/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH04322039 *Site name:* Gleann Gniomhaidh

NMR no: NH02SW001 *Parish:* Kilmorack

HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness

NTS no: WAFF019 *Site type:* sheepfold

Designations:

Importance: locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 13

Vegetation: rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: burn management

Site description:

This circular sheepfold is similar to others in West Affric (NB those in Glenlichd and Glenshiel tend to be square). It is c14m in diameter and survives up to 0.9m high, although the upper 0.4m of the wall is not built in the same manner as that below. Its wall is c0.7m wide and there is an entrance in the S, possibly c7m wide. This sheepfold is noted on the 1st edition OS map.

Condition: Minor threat from natural erosion

Interpretation: No

Management needs

The burn on the W side is threatening the integrity of the sheepfold and it may be decided to repair the structure. If so the proposals should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist in advance of any work being carried out.

Whatever is decided the site should be photographed in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources:

Bibliography: Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: Yes
1997/WAFF019A-B

Surveyors/Dates: J Harden, 10/10/97

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NH05502030 *Site name:* Gleann Gniomhaidh*NMR no:* *Parish:* Kilmorack*HC SMR no:* *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness*NTS no:* WAFF020 *Site type:* structure, dyke*Designations:* *Importance:* locally important*Other refs:* Wordsworth 11-12 *Vegetation:* rough grassland*Land use:* grazing by deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years: forestry proposal

Site description: A sinuous drystone dyke runs down the hillside N/S for c70m on the E side of small unmarked burn. There is a slight turn to the W at its S end, but it is not continuous to the burn and therefore an enclosure is not created. The dyke is spread to up to 1m wide and up to 0.65m high. Just W of this dyke is a round-ended drystone structure aligned E/W and measuring c7m by c3m over walls c0.7m wide and c0.1m high. There is a possible entrance centrally in the S wall which is c0.6m wide. This structure is similar to WAFF006.

Condition: Future threat from forestry proposal*Interpretation:* No*Management needs* CHECK FORESTRY PROPOSAL

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995*Photos:* Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 10/10/97
1997/WAFF020A-B

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH05722010 *Site name:* Gleann Gniomhaidh

NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack

HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness

NTS no: WAFF021 *Site type:* structure

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 10 *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years: forestry proposal

Site description: A drystone round-ended structure aligned W/E is situated on a knoll just above the path. It is c9m by c3m over walls c).75m wide and c0.4m high. It is similar to the structure noted in WAFF020. A short stretch of dyke aligned N/S is c0.7m wide and c0.5m high. It has been built over the structure and down the hill to the path - ie for a distance of c20m.

Condition: Future threat from forestry proposal

Interpretation: No

Management needs CHECK FORESTRY PROPOSAL

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: No *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 10/10/97



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KINTAIL data

1997 onwards

OS grid: NH06752020 *Site name:* Allt Beinn an t-Socaich

NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack

HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness

NTS no: WAFF022 *Site type:* shieling 'store'?

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 9 *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years: forestry proposal

Site description: A small circular drystone feature 2m in diameter with the stones defining it being c0.3m wide and c0.1m high lies in a grassy flush. This may be a 'store' for a shieling similar to WAFF009.

Condition: Future threat from forestry proposal

Interpretation: No

Management needs CHECK FORESTRY PROPOSAL

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 10/10/97
1997/WAFF022A-B

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH06882028 *Site name:* Allt Beithe Grabh
NMR no: NH02SE003 *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF023 *Site type:* structure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: Wordsworth 8 *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: tree management

Site description: This drystone structure is aligned W/E and measures c8m by c3m over walls c0.7m wide and c0.5m high. The structure has rounded corners and there is a distinct batter to the walls.

Condition: Minor threat from new forestry

Interpretation: No

Management needs The trees that have been planted within this structure and to a 20m extent around the structure should be removed as soon as possible. Regular monitoring of the site will be necessary to remove any naturally regenerating trees from the 50m diameter 'clearing'.

The site should also be photographed in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995
OS Inv Sheet 132 1874 & 1902

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 10/10/97
1997/WAFF023



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH07181997 *Site name:* Gleann Gniomhaidh
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF024 *Site type:* enclosure, structure
Designations: *Importance:* locally important
Other refs: Wordsworth 7 *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer
Management: burn management

Site description: An enclosure has been cut through by an unnamed burn, with most of the enclosure being to the E of the burn and N of the Allt Gleann Gniomhaidh. The enclosure dyke spread to c0.9m wide and c0.4m high originally marked off an area at least 70m long W/E. At the SE part is a drystone structure aligned NW/SE and measuring c4.5m by c2.5m over walls c0.55m wide and c0.6m high. There is an entrance in the NE wall c0.6m wide.

Condition: Minor threat from natural erosion

Interpretation: No

Management needs The burn on the W side is threatening the integrity of the enclosure and it may be decided to repair the dyke. If so the proposals should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist in advance of any work being carried out.

Whatever is decided the site should be photographed in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 10/10/97
1997/WAFF024A-B

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH09852080 *Site name:* Glen Affric
NMR no: NH02SE002 *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF026 *Site type:* structures

Designations: *Importance:* regionally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 2 *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years: research

Site description: A group of at least 3 structures are situated N of the track. These structures were plotted by Wordsworth in 1995. One is c 10.5m by c4.5m over walls of indeterminant width but c0.1m high. The second is noted as a long, low grassy mound, c11m long and c4-3m wide. The third is between 9 and 11m long and c4m wide over walls of indeterminant width but c0.1m high. There are two other grassy mounds in the vicinity which could relate to structures, or may be natural.

This is interpreted as a small farmstead of turf-walled buildings and if so is of considerable importance - turf-walled structures are only rarely identified and recorded.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No - too fragile

Management needs This site would benefit from an EDM survey and possibly further archaeological work - it is potentially of great interest if it is indeed a farmstead of turf-walled buildings.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995
OS Inv Sheet132 1874

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 1/11/97



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KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH09262083 *Site name:* Glen Affric
NMR no: *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF027 *Site type:* structures

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: Wordsworth 3 *Vegetation:* rough grassland

Land use: grazing by deer

Management: monitor once every 5 years

Site description: Two drystone structures are sited at the break of slope between the hillside and the floodplain. They are aligned WSW/ENE. They are both c9m by c4.5m over walls c0.7m wide and up to 0.8m high, and the walls have a distinct batter to them. There are entrances in the S walls - in both cases c 2.5m from the E gable and c0.9m wide. The structure to the W is the better surviving and within the long walls and c0.75m from the E gable is a possible cruck slot. Looking at the way in which the walls have collapsed it seems likely that there were originally another two cruck slots - making a set of 3 couples.

Condition: Stable

Interpretation: No

Management needs Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 1/11/97
1997/WAFF027

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NH090 207*Site name:* Glen Affric*NMR no:**Parish:* Kilmorack*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness*NTS no:* WAFF028*Site type:* structures, enclosure*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:* Wordsworth 4-5*Vegetation:* rough grassland*Land use:* grazing by deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years: forestry proposal

Site description:

To the W of an unnamed burn there is a round-ended drystone structure aligned WSW/ENE which is c9m by c4m over walls c0.75m wide and c0.4m high. There is an entrance midway along the S wall c0.7m wide. Some 7m to the S is another structure of almost identical proportions although the walls are barely showing through the grass.

To the E of the burn to the WNW of the structures is an oval enclosure aligned NE/SW c7m by c5m with its dyke c0.8m wide and c0.3m high.

Condition: Minor threat from new forestry*Interpretation:* No*Management needs* CHECK FORESTRY PROPOSAL

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

*Sources:**Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995*Photos:* Yes
1997/WAFF028A-B*Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 1/11/97



KINTAIL data**1997 onwards**

OS grid: NH07932023 *Site name:* Alltbeithe
NMR no: NH02SE001 *Parish:* Kilmorack
HC SMR no: *Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness
NTS no: WAFF029 *Site type:* settlement

Designations: *Importance:* locally important

Other refs: also NMRS
NH02SE004 &
005
Wordsworth 6 *Vegetation:* rough grassland
Land use: grazing by deer

Management: visitor management; research

Site description: The settlement of Alltbeithe is noted in the 1841 census and is marked on the 1st edition OS map. It consisted 5 roofed and 2 unroofed buildings the majority of which are sited W of the burn and are within an enclosure that is crosses the burn. Two of the buildings recorded in 1874 appear to be extant or remodelled. The others have either been destroyed or lie in ruins.

Condition: Minor threat from visitors to Alltbeithe YH

Interpretation: Possibly, if research is undertaken to elucidate the development of the settlement at Alltbeithe.

Management needs This area would benefit from an EDM survey and further research so that adequate management plans can be instituted, bearing in mind the number of walkers that pass through the area every year.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

Sources: *Bibliography:* Wordsworth, 1995
Allan 1995

Photos: Yes *Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 1/11/97
1997/WAFF029

KINTAIL data**1997 onwards***OS grid:* NH07932014*Site name:* Alltbeithe*NMR no:**Parish:* Kilmorack*HC SMR no:**Local Authority:* Highland: Inverness*NTS no:* WAFF030*Site type:* structure*Designations:**Importance:* locally important*Other refs:**Vegetation:* rough grassland*Land use:* grazing by deer*Management:* monitor once every 5 years; research

Site description: S of the main settlement at Alltbeithe there is a structure marked on the 1st edition OS map.*Condition:* Stable*Interpretation:* Possibly, if research is undertaken to elucidate the development of the settlement at Alltbeithe.*Management needs* This area would benefit from an EDM survey and further research so that adequate management plans can be instituted, bearing in mind the number of walkers that pass through the area every year.

Photo in the spring once every 5 years - if change is noted between photos the management needs should be discussed with the NTS archaeologist.

*Sources:**Bibliography:* OS Inv Sheet 132 1874*Photos:* Yes
1997/WAFF030*Surveyors/Dates:* J Harden, 1/11/97

APPENDIX C**FILM AND NEGATIVE NUMBER CONCORDANCE WITH SITE NUMBERS****KINTAIL**

<i>FILM</i>	<i>NEGATIVES</i>	<i>PRINTS OF SITE Nos</i>	<i>GENERAL NEGATIVES</i>
1	7-8	4	
	9-10	65	
	11-14	64B-C	
	15-16	67	17-18
	19-20	69	
	21-22	104	23-24
	25-26	70	
	27-29	71A-C	
	30-31	72	
	32-33	108	
	34-35	73	
	36-37	77	
	2	2-3	8
4		9	
5-7		7A-C	
8-10		10	
11-12		14	
13		15	
14-20 & 28-31		1	
16-17		1 & 16 too	
22-27		169	
32		15	
33		54	
34		52	
35		92	
36		53	37
3	3	161	
	4	163	
	5	151	
	6	166	
	7	150	
	8-12	166	13
	14 & 24	96	
	15-16	99	
	17	66	
	18-20	100	
	21	101	
	22	102	
	23	102	
	25	95	

KINTAIL & WEST AFFRIC ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY 1997

<i>FILM</i>	<i>NEGATIVES</i>	<i>PRINTS OF SITE Nos</i>	<i>GENERAL NEGATIVES</i>
4	1-6&15-17	21	
	7&9	22	
	8	23	
	10	24	11-12
	13	26	
	14	174	
	18	19	
	22	169	
5	9-11	40 & 43	
	12-13	2	
	14	42	
	15-16	41	
	17	39	
	18-20	38	21
	22&27	31	
	23-24	175	
	25-26	34	
	28&30	29&31	
	29	29&33	
	31-32	36	
	33	36 36	
	34	37 (but too fuzzy to be of use)	
	35	30	
36	27		
6	5-6	83	1-4
	7-8 & 13-14	79	
	9-10	78	
	11-12	77	
	15-16	80	
	17-20	81	
	21-22	82	
	23-24&29-30	84A-B	
	25-26	85	
	27-28	86	
	31-32	87	
	33-34	89	
	35-36	124	
	37	125	
7	9A/10	49	
	10A-12A	50A-B	
	13A&16A	91	
	14A-15A	92	17A/18
	18A&22A	44	
	19A/20	46	20A/21
	21A/22	45	23A/24
	24A/25	2	25A-26A
	27A-28A	2	29A-31A

KINTAIL & WEST AFFRIC ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY 1997

<i>FILM</i>	<i>NEGATIVES</i>	<i>PRINTS OF SITE Nos</i>	<i>GENERAL NEGATIVES</i>
8	1	54	
	2	56	
	3-4	152	
	5-7	153 → 154	
	8&16	157 158	
	9	99	
	10-11&15	61	
	12	62	
	13-14	63	
	17	159	
	18	158 157	
	19	155-156	
	21-22	57	
9	1	137	
	2-3	141	
	4-5	140	6-7
	8-9	142	
	10-11	138	
	12-13	to 136	
	14-15	139	16-17
	18-21	132	
	22-23	131	24-29
	30-31	147	
	32-33	146	34-37
10	1-2	104	
	3-4	70&106	
	5-6	71&108	
	7-8	109	
	9-10	111	
	11-12	110	
	13-14	114	
	15-16	75	
	17-20	113-114	
	21-22	116	
	23-24	117	
	25-30	119	
	31-32	121	
	33-34	118	
35-36	115	37	
11	1	125	
	2-3	128	
	4-5	126	
	6-7	127	
	8-9	81	
	10-11	123	
	12-13	124	
	14-15	121	
	16-17	122	
18-19	119		

KINTAIL & WEST AFFRIC ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY 1997

<i>FILM</i>	<i>NEGATIVES</i>	<i>PRINTS OF SITE Nos</i>	<i>GENERAL NEGATIVES</i>
11 cont	20-21	149	
	22-23	148	
	24-25	145	
	26-27	144	
	28-29	133	
	30-32	134	
	33-34	136	
	35-37	137	
12	0A&2A-4A	20	
	1A	18	
	5A	17	
	6A-9A	173	
	10A-16A	172	
	17A&19A & 22A-23A	169	18A
	20A-21A	170	
	24A	21	
13	4A	167	3A & 5A
	6A	168	
	7A	162	
	8A	163	
	9A	166	
	10A	96	
	11A-19A & 27A-29A	99	
	20A & 23A	101	
	21A-22A	103	
	24A-25A	101	26A
	36-37	016	30-35
14	1-2	112	
	3-4	111	
	5-6	108	
	26-28	93	22-25
	29-30	60	
	31-32	48	
	33-34	169	
	35-36	171	
15	3-4	47	2
	5-6	51	
	7-8	58	
	9-12	164	
	13-14	61	15
	16-17	154	
	18&21	159	
	19-20	157	22
	23-26	55	
	27-28	59	
	29-31	143	32-34
	35-36	74	

WEST AFFRIC

<i>FILM</i>	<i>NEGATIVES</i>	<i>PRINTS OF SITE Nos</i>	<i>GENERAL NEGATIVES</i>
16	4A-5A	27	
	6A	28	
	7A-8A	29-30	
	9A-10A	24	
	11A	23	
	12A-13A	22	
	14A	21	
	15A-17A	20	18A
	19A-20A	19	
	21A	18	
17	4	26	
	5	27	
	6	28	7-8
